

# AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION

Click on the applicable bookmark to selected the required model year.

# AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION

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### WARNING REGARDING SERVICING OF SUPPLEMENTAL RESTRAINT SYSTEM (SRS) EQUIPPED VEHICLES

#### WARNING!

- (1) Improper service or maintenance of any component of the SRS, or any SRS-related component, can lead to personal injury or death to service personnel (from inadvertent firing of the air bag) or to driver and passenger (from rendering the SRS inoperative).
- (2) Service or maintenance of any SRS component or SRS-related component must be performed only at an authorized MITSUBISHI dealer.
- (3) MITSUBISHI dealer personnel must thoroughly review this manual, and especially its GROUP 52B - Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) before beginning any service or maintenance of any component of the SRS or any SRS-related component.

#### NOTE

The SRS includes the following components: SRS-ECU, SRS warning lamp, air bag module, clock spring, and interconnecting wiring. Other SRS-related components (that may have to be removed/installed in connection with SRS service or maintenance) are indicated in the table of contents by an asterisk (\*).

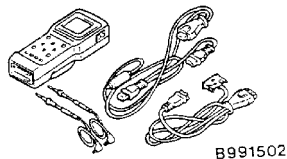
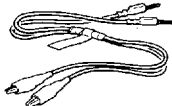
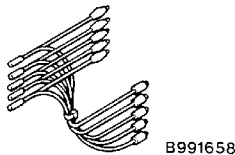
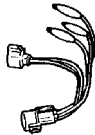
## SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS

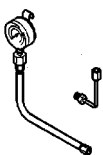
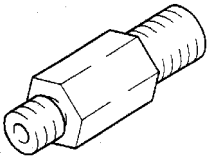
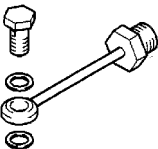
Item		Standard value
A/T fluid temperature sensor resistance k $\Omega$	At 0°C	16.7 - 20.5
	At 20°C	7.3 - 8.9
	At 40°C	3.4 - 4.2
	At 60°C	1.9 - 2.2
	At 80°C	1.0 - 1.2
	At 100°C	0.57 - 0.69
Damper clutch control (DCC) solenoid valve coil resistance (at 20°C) $\Omega$		2.7 - 3.4
Low & reverse (LR) solenoid valve coil resistance (at 20°C) $\Omega$		2.7 - 3.4
Second (2ND) solenoid valve coil resistance (at 20°C) $\Omega$		2.7 - 3.4
Underdrive solenoid valve (UD solenoid valve) coil resistance (at 20°C) $\Omega$		2.7 - 3.4
Overdrive solenoid valve (OD solenoid valve) coil resistance (at 20°C) $\Omega$		2.7 - 3.4
Resistance of reduction (RED) solenoid valve coil at (20°C) $\Omega$		2.7 - 3.4
Stall speed r/min	6G7	2,200 - 2,700
	4M4	2,400 - 2,900
Line pressure adjustment value kPa		1,010 - 1,050

## LUBRICANTS

Item	Brand	Quantity L
Transmission fluid	DIA QUEEN ATF SP II M, ATF SP III or equivalent	9.3
Transfer oil	Hypoid gear oil SAE 75W-90 or 75W-85W conforming to API GL-4	2.8

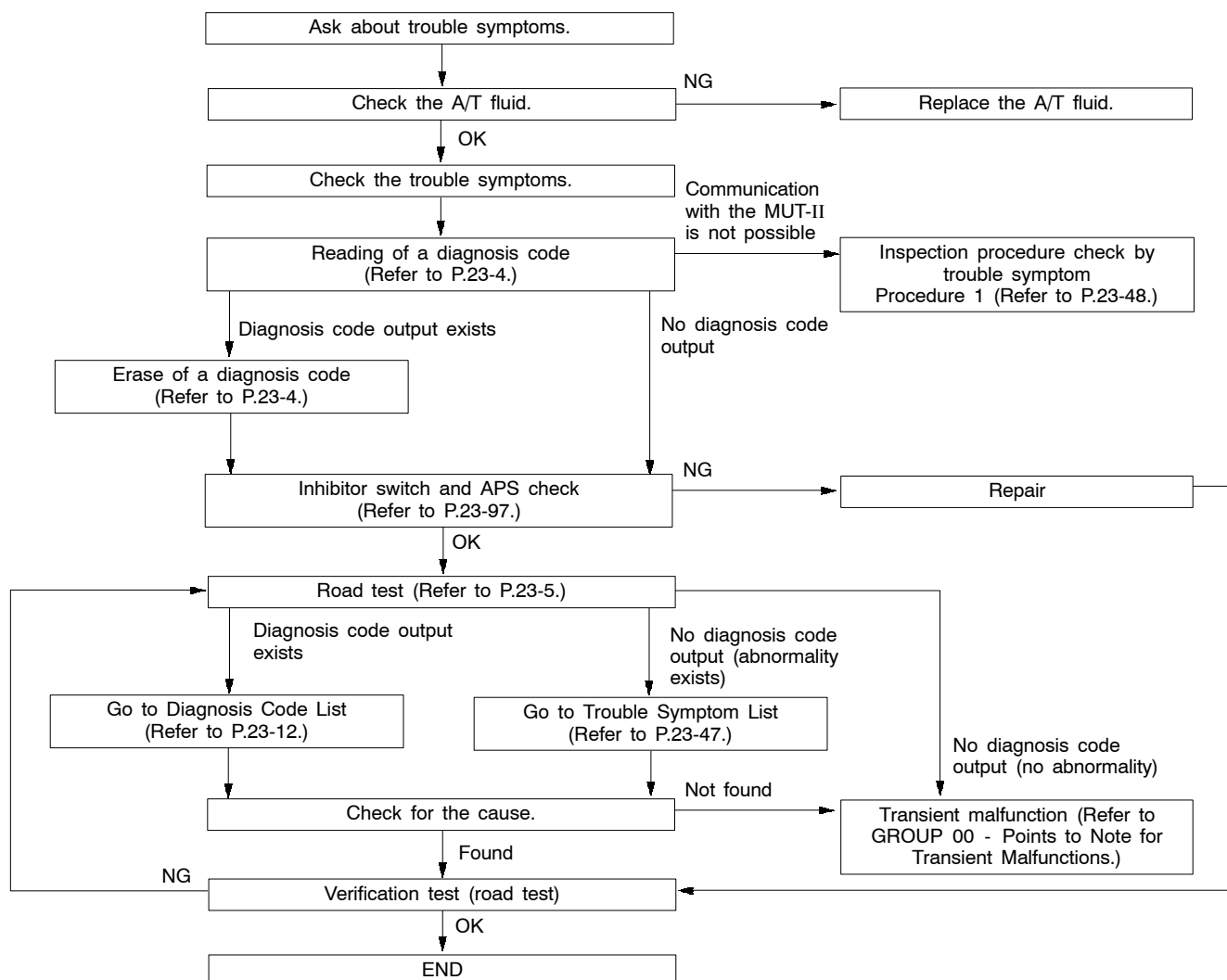
## SPECIAL TOOLS

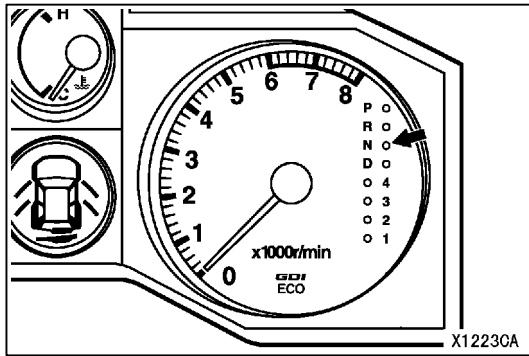
Tools	No.	Name	Application
 B991502	MB991502	MUT-II Sub assembly	Diagnosis code checking
	MB991529	Diagnosis code checking harness	
 B991658	MB991658	Test harness	Voltage measurement of APS
	MD998478	Test harness (3P, triangle)	Voltage measurement of crank angle sensor

Tools	No.	Name	Application
	MD998330 (including MD998331)	Oil pressure gauge (2,942 kPa)	Hydraulic pressure measurement
	MD998332	Adapter	
	MD998900	Adapter	

## TROUBLESHOOTING <A/T>

### BASIC FLOW OF PROBLEM DIAGNOSIS





## DIAGNOSIS FUNCTION

### N RANGE LAMP

If there is a problem with any of the following items which are related to the A/T system, the N range lamp will flash at a rate of approximately 1 Hz.

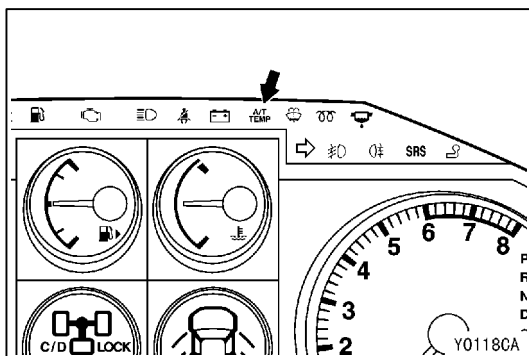
If the N range lamp is flashing at a rate of approximately 1 Hz, check the diagnosis output.

- N range lamp flashing item

Input shaft speed sensor system
Output shaft sensor system
Solenoid valve system
Non-synchronization at various shift ranges
A/T control relay system

## READING DIAGNOSIS CODES

Use the MUT-II or the warning lamp (N range indicator lamp) to take a reading of the diagnosis codes. (Refer to GROUP 00 - How to Use Troubleshooting/Inspection Procedures.)



## A/T FLUID TEMPERATURE WARNING LAMP

### Caution

If the N range lamp illuminates, this serves as an A/T fluid temperature warning. Stop the vehicle in a safe place and let the engine run at idle until the N range lamp switches off.

## ROAD TEST

No.	Pre-test/operation conditions	Test/operation	Judgment value	Check item	Diagnosis code No.	Inspection procedure if there is an abnormality
1	Ignition switch: OFF	Ignition switch (1) ON	Data List No. 54 (1) 10 - 12 V	A/T control relay	54	A/T control relay system
2	Ignition switch: ON Engine: Stop Selector lever position: P	Selector lever position (1) P (2) R (3) N (4) D	Data List No. 61 (1) P (2) R (3) N (4) D	Inhibitor switch	-	Inhibitor switch system
		Selector lever operation (1) D (1st) (2) Sports mode selected (1st) (3) Lever moved to upshift position and held (2nd) (4) Lever moved to downshift position and held (1st)	Data List No.67 No.68 No.69 (1) OFF OFF OFF (2) ON OFF OFF (3) ON ON OFF (4) ON OFF ON  Shift indicator lamp (1) D and 1 illuminate (2) Only 1 illuminates (3) Only 2 illuminates (4) Only 1 illuminates	Select switch Upshift switch Downshift switch	-	Sports mode switch system
		Accelerator pedal (1) Fully closed (2) Depressed (3) Fully opened	Data List No. 11 (1) 985 - 1,085 mV (2) Gradually increases from (1) (3) 4,000 mV or more	APS	11 12 14	APS system
			Data list No.25 (1) OFF (2) ON	Wide open throttle switch	25	Wide open throttle switch system
2	Ignition switch: ON Engine: Stop Selector lever position: P	Brake pedal (1) Depressed (2) Released	Data List No. 26 (1) ON (2) OFF	Stop lamp switch	26	Stop lamp switch system
		Transfer shift lever position (1) Except for 4LLc (2) 4LLc	Data List No. 75 (1) OFF (2) ON	4LLc switch	-	4LLc switch system

No.	Pre-test/operation conditions	Test/operation	Judgment value	Check item	Diagnosis code No.	Inspection procedure if there is an abnormality
3	Ignition switch: START Engine: Stopped	Starting test at P or N position	Starting should be possible	Starting possible/not possible	-	Starting not possible
4	Driving after engine has warmed up	Drive for 15 minutes or more until the A/T fluid temperature rises to 70 - 80°C.	Data list No.15 Gradually rises to 70 - 80°C	A/T fluid temperature sensor	15	A/T fluid temperature sensor system
5	Engine: Idling Selector lever position: N	Brake pedal (re-test) (1) Depressed (2) Released	Data List No. 26 (1) ON (2) OFF	Stop lamp switch	26	Stop lamp switch system
		A/C switch (1) ON (2) OFF	Data List No. 65 (1) ON (2) OFF	Dual pressure switch	-	Dual pressure switch system
		Accelerator pedal (1) Fully closed (2) Apply	Data List No. 21 (1) The engine speed displayed on the tachometer is identical to the engine speed displayed on MUT-II. (2) Gradually increases from (1)	Crank angle sensor <6G7>  Engine speed sensor <4M4>	21	Crank angle sensor system <6G7>  Engine speed sensor system <4M4>
		Selector lever position (1) N to D (2) N to R	Data List No.73 <6G7> No.76 <4M4> (2) Data changes.	Communication with engine-ECU	51	Serial communication system
					-	Engine stalls during shifting
						N-to-D shocks, large time lag
						N-to-R shocks, large time lag
						N-to-D, N-to-R shocks, large time lag
		Driving not possible			-	Does not move forward
					-	Does not reverse
					-	Does not move (forward or reverse)

No.	Pre-test/operation conditions	Test/operation	Judgment value	Check item	Diagnosis code No.	Inspection procedure if there is an abnormality
6	Selector lever position: Sports mode (Must be done on a level and straight road.)	Selector lever position and engine (1) Idling in 1st (Vehicle stopped) (2) Driving at a constant speed of 10 km/h in 1st (3) Driving at a constant speed of 30 km/h in 2nd (4) Driving at a constant speed of 50 km/h in 3rd (5) Driving at a constant speed of 50 km/h in 4th (6) Driving at a constant speed of 70 km/h in 5th  (Each condition should be maintained for 10 seconds or more)	Data List No. 63 (2) 1st (3) 2nd (4) 3rd (5) 4th (6) 5th	Shift condition	-	-
			Data List No. 31 (2) 0% (3) 100% (4) 100% (5) 100% (6) 100%	Low & reverse solenoid valve (LR solenoid valve)	31	LR solenoid valve system
			Data List No. 32 (2) 0% (3) 0% (4) 0% (5) 0% (6) 100%	Underdrive solenoid valve (UD solenoid valve)	32	UD solenoid valve system
			Data List No. 33 (2) 100% (3) 0% (4) 100% (5) 100% (6) 0%	Second solenoid valve (2ND solenoid valve)	33	2nd solenoid valve system
			Data List No. 34 (2) 100% (5) 0% (3) 100% (6) 0% (4) 0%	Overdrive solenoid valve (OD solenoid valve)	34	OD solenoid valve system
			Data List No. 35 (2) 0% (5) 100% (3) 0% (6) 100% (4) 0%	Reduction solenoid valve (RED solenoid valve)	35	RED solenoid valve system
			Data List No. 29 (1) 0 km/h (5) 50 km/h	Vehicle speed sensor	-	Vehicle speed sensor system
			Data List No. 22 (5) 1,300 - 1,600 r/min	Input shaft speed sensor	22	Input shaft speed sensor system
			Data List No. 23 (5) 1,300 - 1,600 r/min	Output shaft speed sensor	23	Output shaft sensor system
		Selector lever position and engine (1) Driving at 30 km/h in 2 range, then fully close the accelerator. (2) Driving at a constant speed of 50 km/h in 4th	Data List No. 36 (1) 70% - 90% to 0% (2) 70% - 90%	Damper clutch control solenoid valve (DCC solenoid valve)	36 52	DCC solenoid valve system
			Data List No. 52 (1) -300 - -100 r/min or 100 - 300 r/min (2) -10 - 10 r/min			



No.	Pre-test/operation conditions	Test/operation	Judgment value	Check item	Diagnosis code No.	Inspection procedure if there is an abnormality
7	Suspends the INVECS-II function using MUT-II Selector level position:D (Must be done on a level and straight road.)	Use the MUT-II to monitor data list Nos. 11, 23 and 63. (1) Accelerate to 5th gear at an APS output of 1.5 V (opening angle 30%). (2) Slowly decelerate and stop. (3) Accelerate to 5th gear at an APS output of 2.5 V (opening angle 50%). (4) At 60 km/h in 5th, select Sports mode and shift down to 4th. (5) At 40 km/h in 4th, select Sports mode and shift down to 3rd. (6) At 20 km/h in 3rd, shift down to 2nd. (7) At 20 km/h in 2nd, shift down to 1st.	For (1), (2) and (3), the output shaft speed (vehicle speed) should be identical, and there should be no abnormal shocks. For (4), (5) and (6), downshifting should occur immediately after the operation is carried out.	Problem during shifting	-	Shocks, engine racing
				Incorrect shift points	-	All points
					-	Some points
				No shifting	-	No diagnosis codes
					22	Input shaft speed sensor system
					23	Output shaft sensor system
				No shifting from 1st to 2nd, or no shifting from 2nd to 1st	31	LR solenoid valve system
					33	2nd solenoid valve system
					41	1st without completion of shifting
					42	2nd without completion of shifting
				No shifting from 2nd to 3rd, or no shifting from 3rd to 2nd	33	2nd solenoid valve system
					34	OD solenoid valve system
					42	2nd without completion of shifting
					43	3rd without completion of shifting
				No shifting from 3rd to 4th, or no shifting from 4th to 3rd	31	LR solenoid valve system
					35	RED solenoid valve system
					43	3rd without completion of shifting
					44	4th without completion of shifting
				No shifting from 4th to 5th, or no shifting from 5th to 4th	32	UD solenoid valve system
					33	2nd solenoid valve system
					44	4th without completion of shifting
					45	5th without completion of shifting

No.	Pre-test/operation conditions	Test/operation	Judgment value	Check item	Diagnosis code No.	Inspection procedure if there is an abnormality
8	Selector lever position: N	Use the MUT-II to monitor data list Nos. 22 and 23. (1) Select R and drive at 10 km/h.	The ration of data list No. 22 and No. 23 should be the same as the transmission ratio when reversing.	No shifting	22	Input shaft speed sensor system
					23	Output shaft sensor system
					46	Reverse without completion of shifting

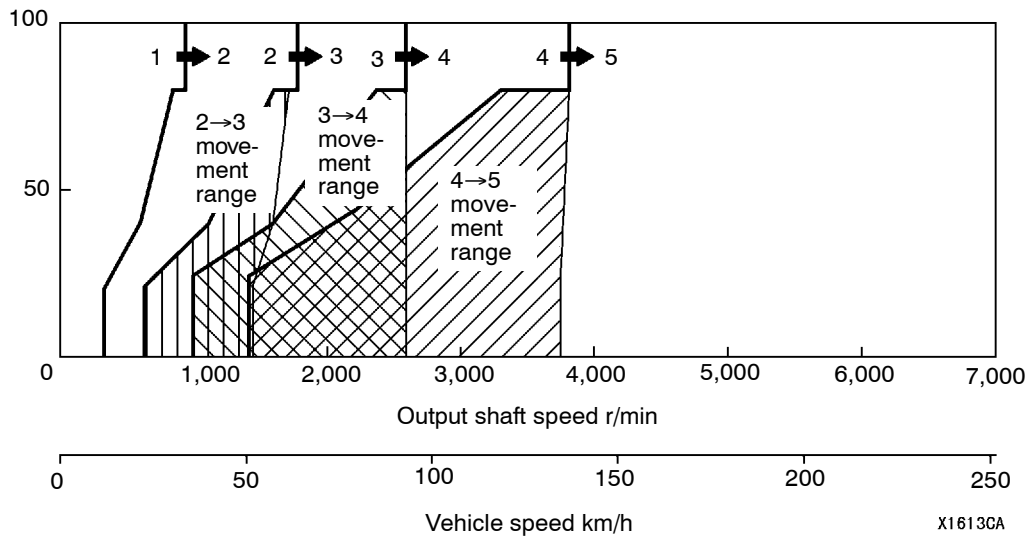
## SHIFT PATTERN

<4M4>

### Upshift pattern

Throttle opening %

Thick line: Standard shift pattern

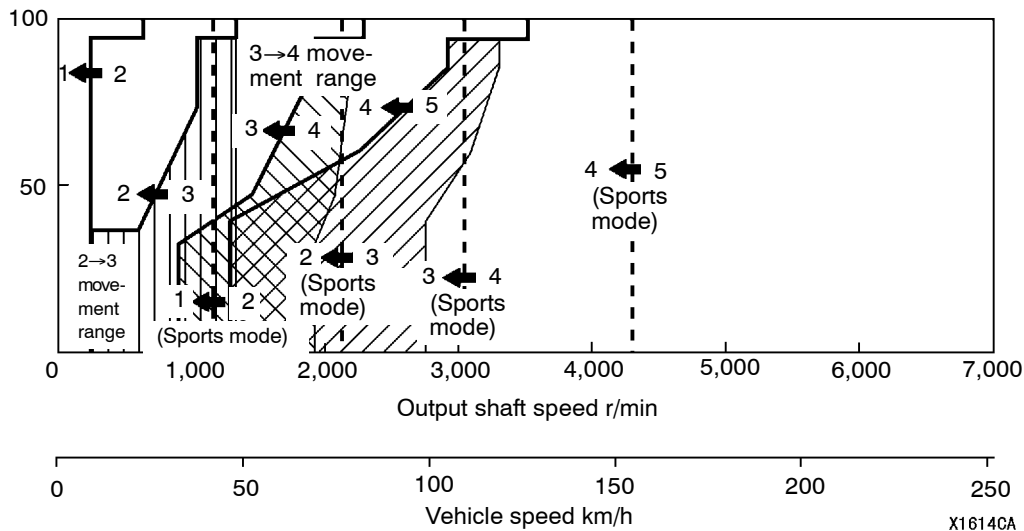


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**Downshift pattern**

Throttle opening %

Thick line: Standard shift pattern

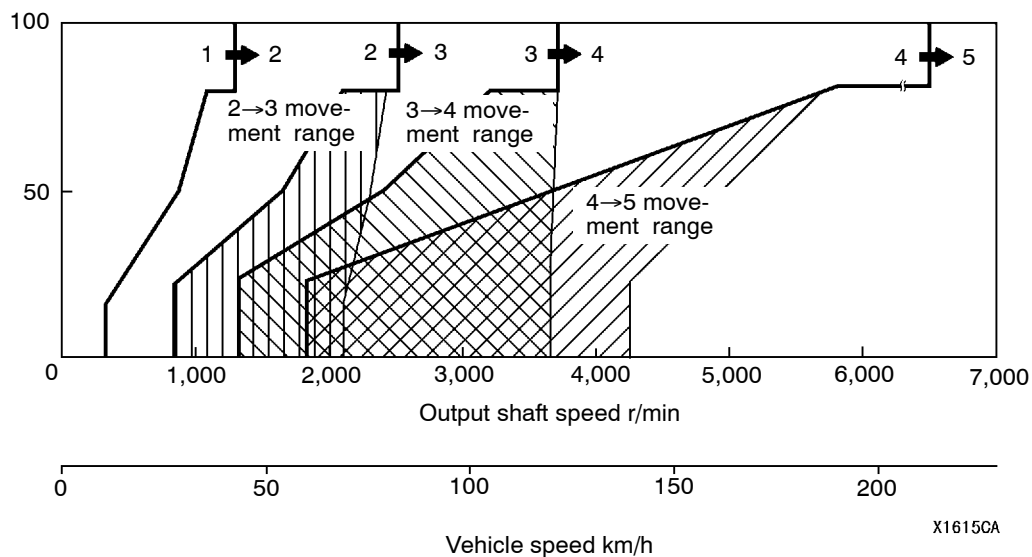


&lt;6G7&gt;

**Upshift pattern**

Throttle opening %

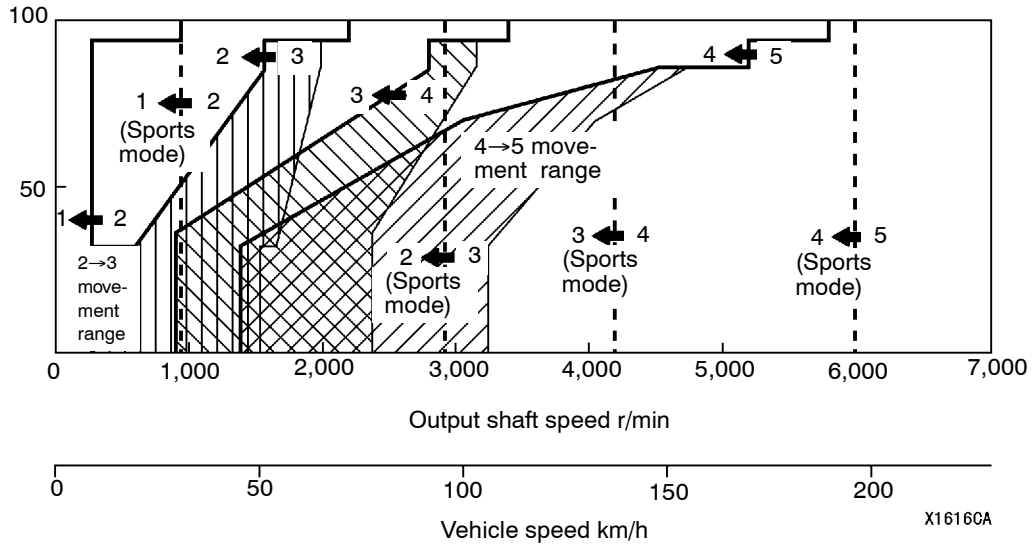
Thick line: Standard shift pattern



## Downshift pattern

Throttle opening %

Thick line: Standard shift pattern

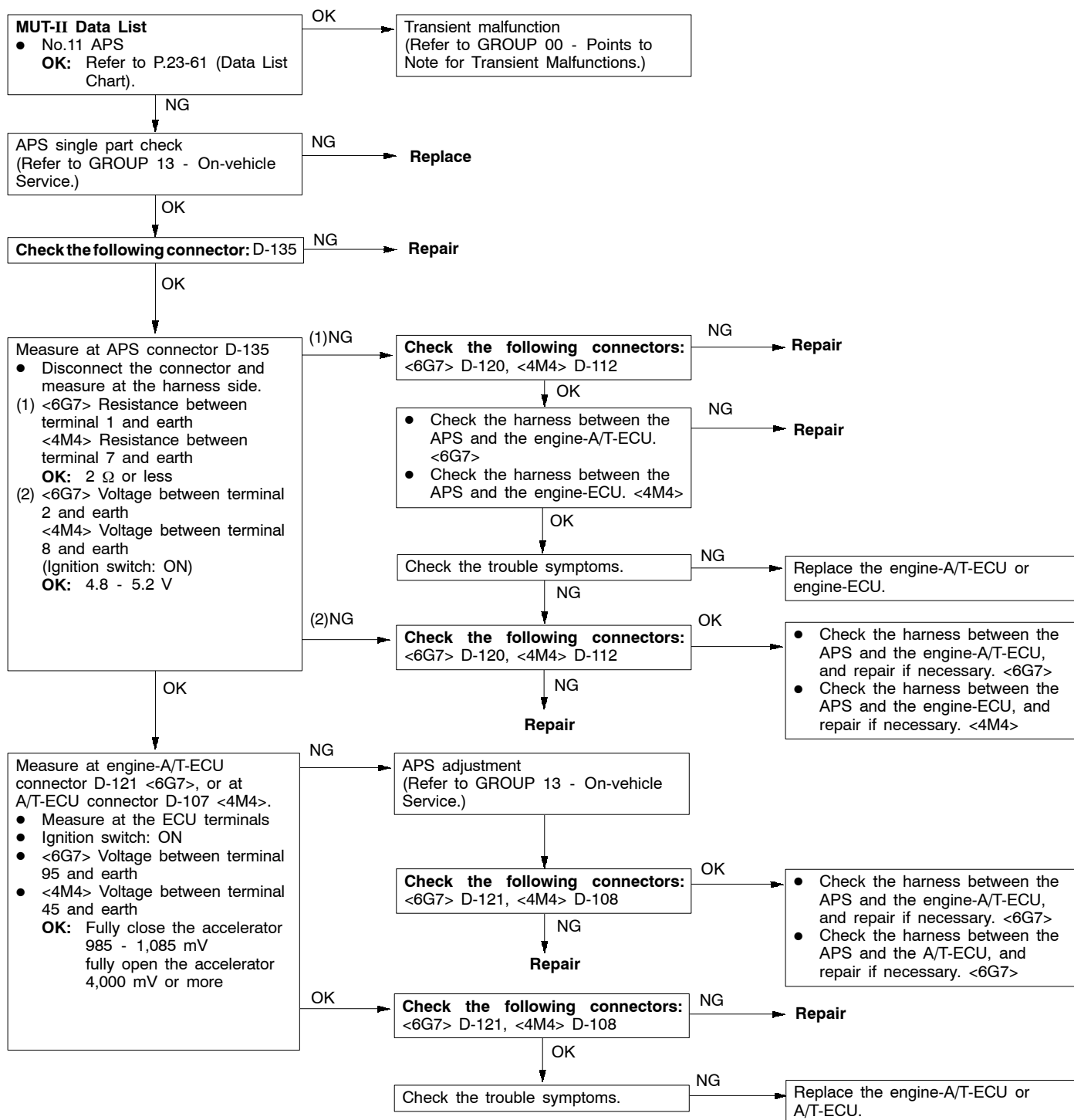


## CHART CLASSIFIED BY DIAGNOSIS CODE

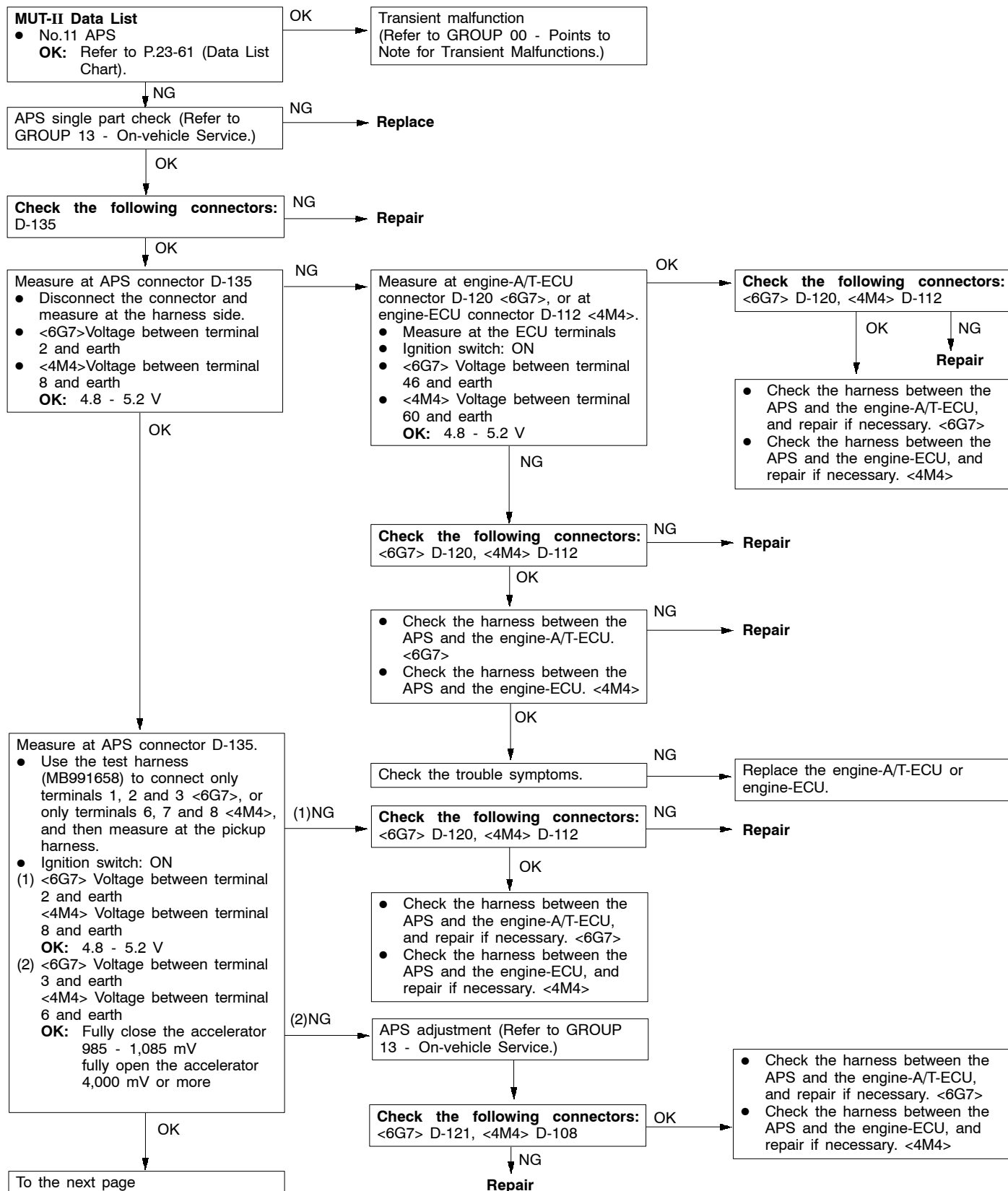
Diagnosis code	Diagnosis item		Reference page
11	Accelerator pedal position sensor (APS) system	Short-circuit	23-13
12		Open circuit	23-14
14		Incorrect sensor adjustment	23-15
15	A/T fluid temperature sensor system	Open circuit	23-17
21	Crank angle sensor system <6G7> or engine speed sensor system <4M4>	Open circuit	23-18
22	Input shaft speed sensor system	Short-circuit/Open circuit	23-20
23	Output shaft speed sensor system	Short-circuit/Open circuit	23-22
25	Wide open throttle switch system	Short-circuit/Open circuit	23-24
26	Stop lamp switch system	Short-circuit	23-25
31	LR solenoid valve system	Short-circuit/Open circuit	23-26
32	UD solenoid valve system	Short-circuit/Open circuit	23-27
33	2nd solenoid valve system	Short-circuit/Open circuit	23-28
34	OD solenoid valve system	Short-circuit/Open circuit	23-29
35	RED solenoid valve system	Short-circuit/Open circuit	23-30
36	DCC solenoid valve system	Short-circuit/Open circuit	23-31
41	1st without completion of shifting		23-32
42	2nd without completion of shifting		23-34
43	3rd without completion of shifting		23-36
44	4th without completion of shifting		23-38
45	5th without completion of shifting		23-40
46	Reverse without completion of shifting		23-42
51	Problem communicating with engine-ECU		23-43
52	Damper clutch control system	System malfunction	23-44
54	A/T control relay system	Short-circuit to earth/Open circuit	23-45
56	N range lamp system	Short-circuit to earth	23-46

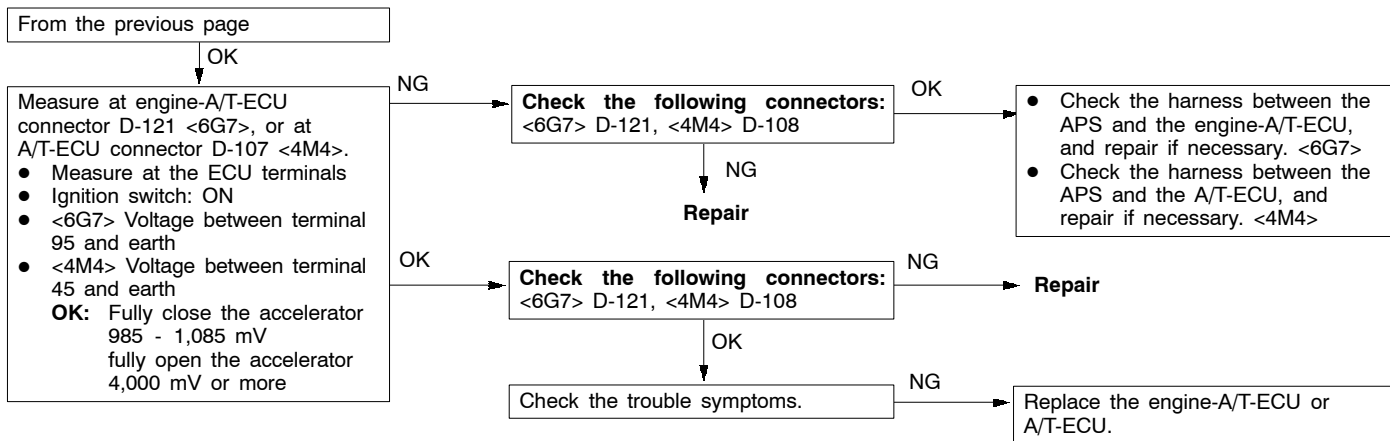
## INSPECTION PROCEDURES CLASSIFIED BY DIAGNOSIS CODE

Code No. 11 Accelerator pedal position sensor (APS) short-circuit system	Probable cause
If the APS output during idling is 4.8 V or higher, it is judged that there is excessive output, and code No. 11 is output.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of APS</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

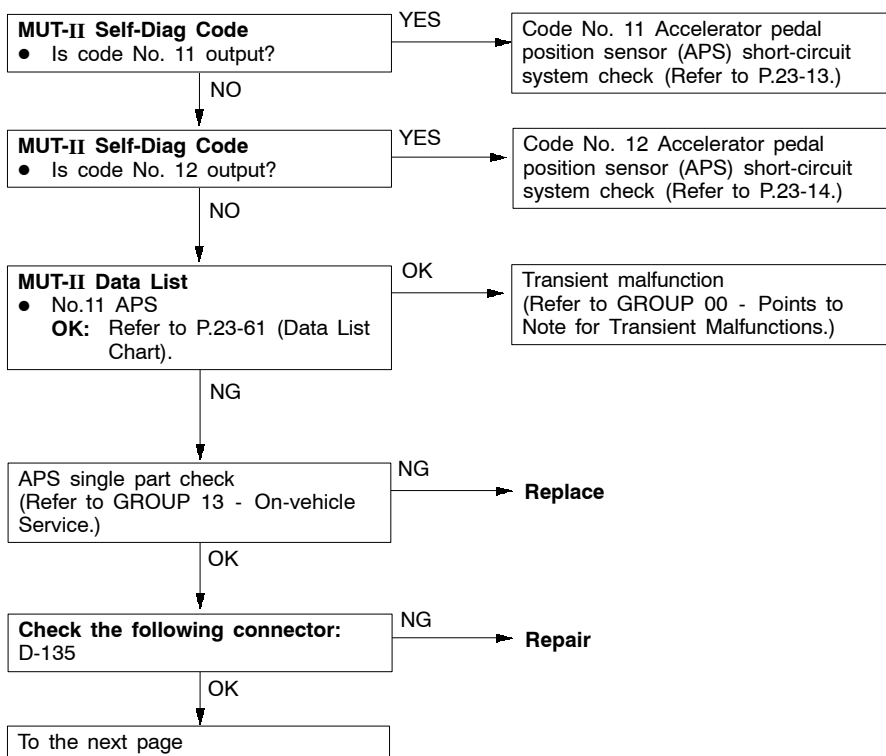


Code No. 12 Accelerator pedal position sensor (APS) open circuit system	Probable cause
When the APS output is 0.2 V or less while the engine is idling, it is judged that output is too low and code No. 12 is output.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of APS</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

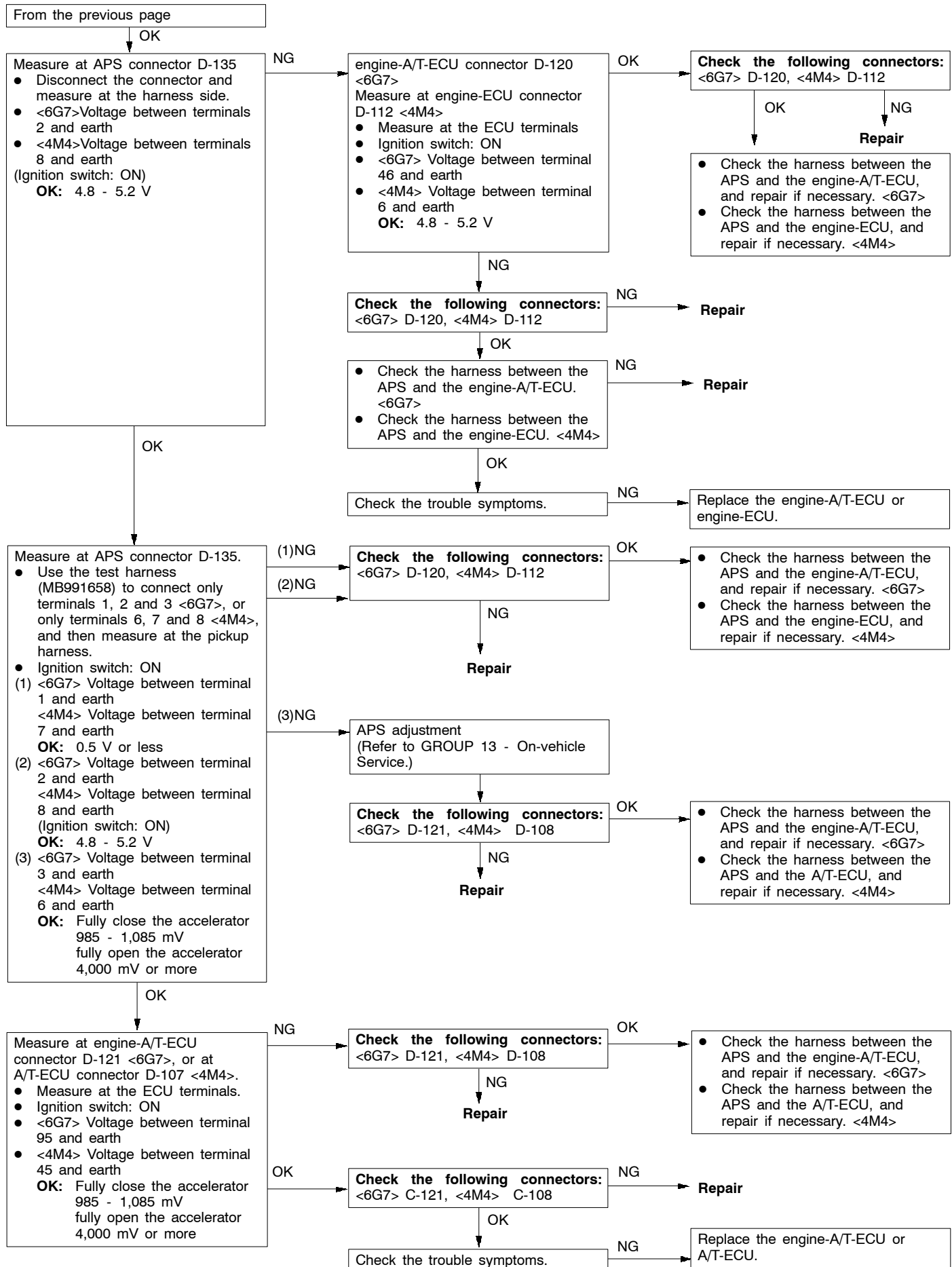




Code No. 14 Accelerator pedal position sensor (APS) incorrect adjustment system	Probable cause
<p>If the APS output is 0.2 V or less or 1.2 V or higher while the engine is idling, it is judged that the APS is incorrectly adjusted, and code No. 14 is output.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of APS</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

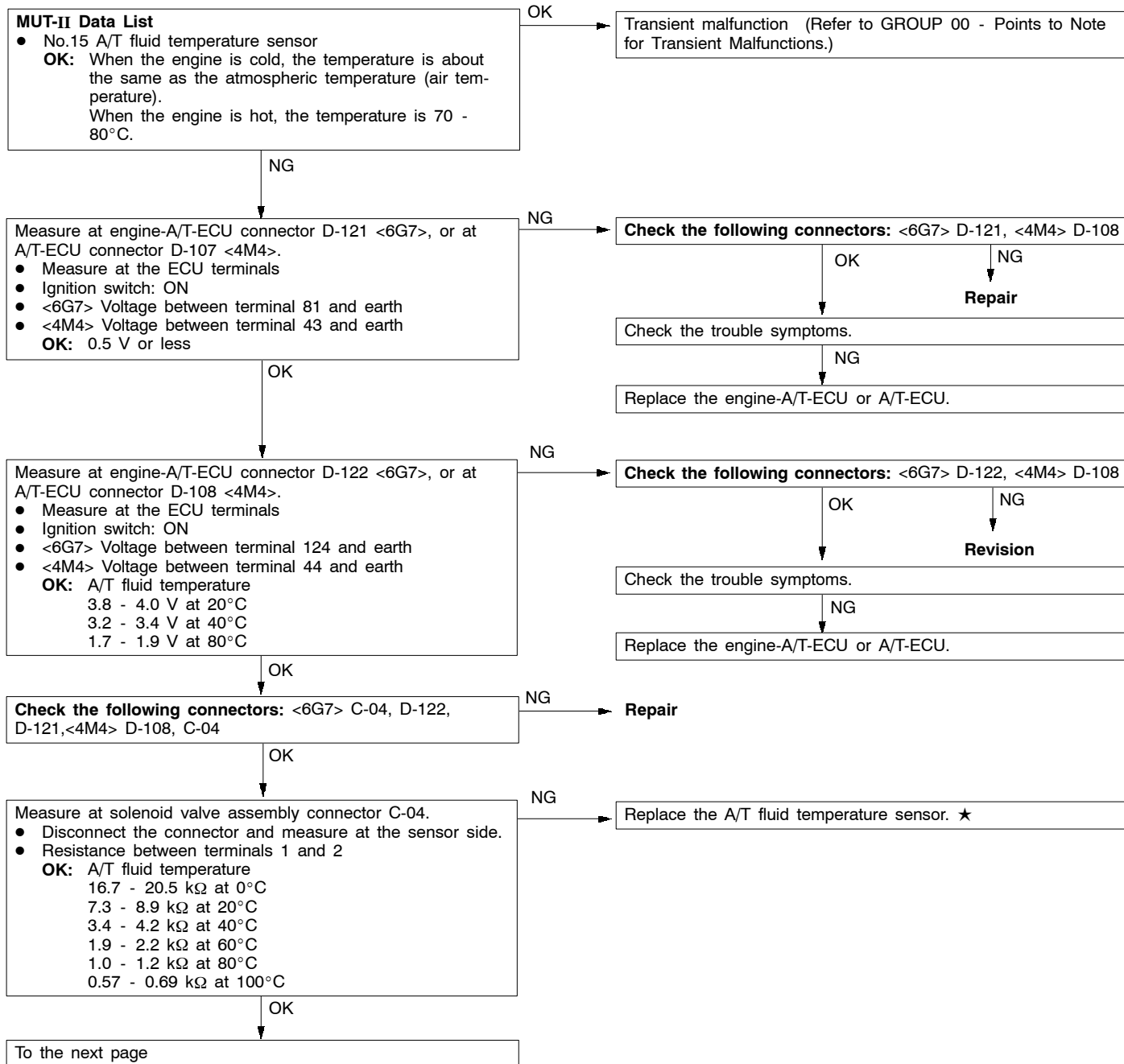


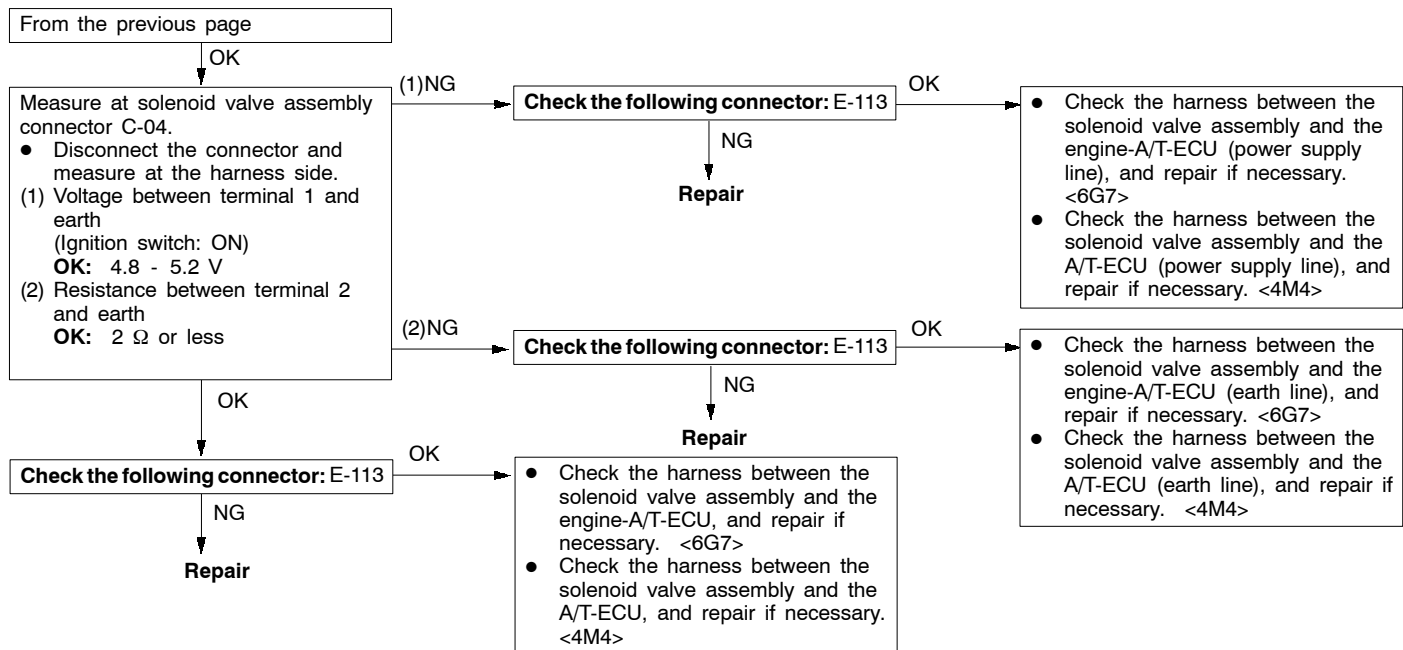




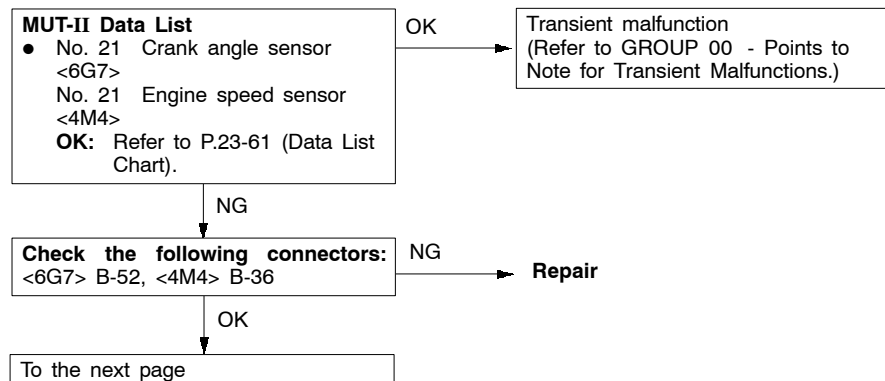
Code No. 15 A/T fluid temperature sensor system	Probable cause
If the A/T fluid temperature sensor output is 4.5 V or higher even after driving for 10 minutes or more (fluid temperature does not rise), it is judged that there is an open circuit in the A/T fluid temperature sensor and code No. 15 is output.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of A/T fluid temperature sensor</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

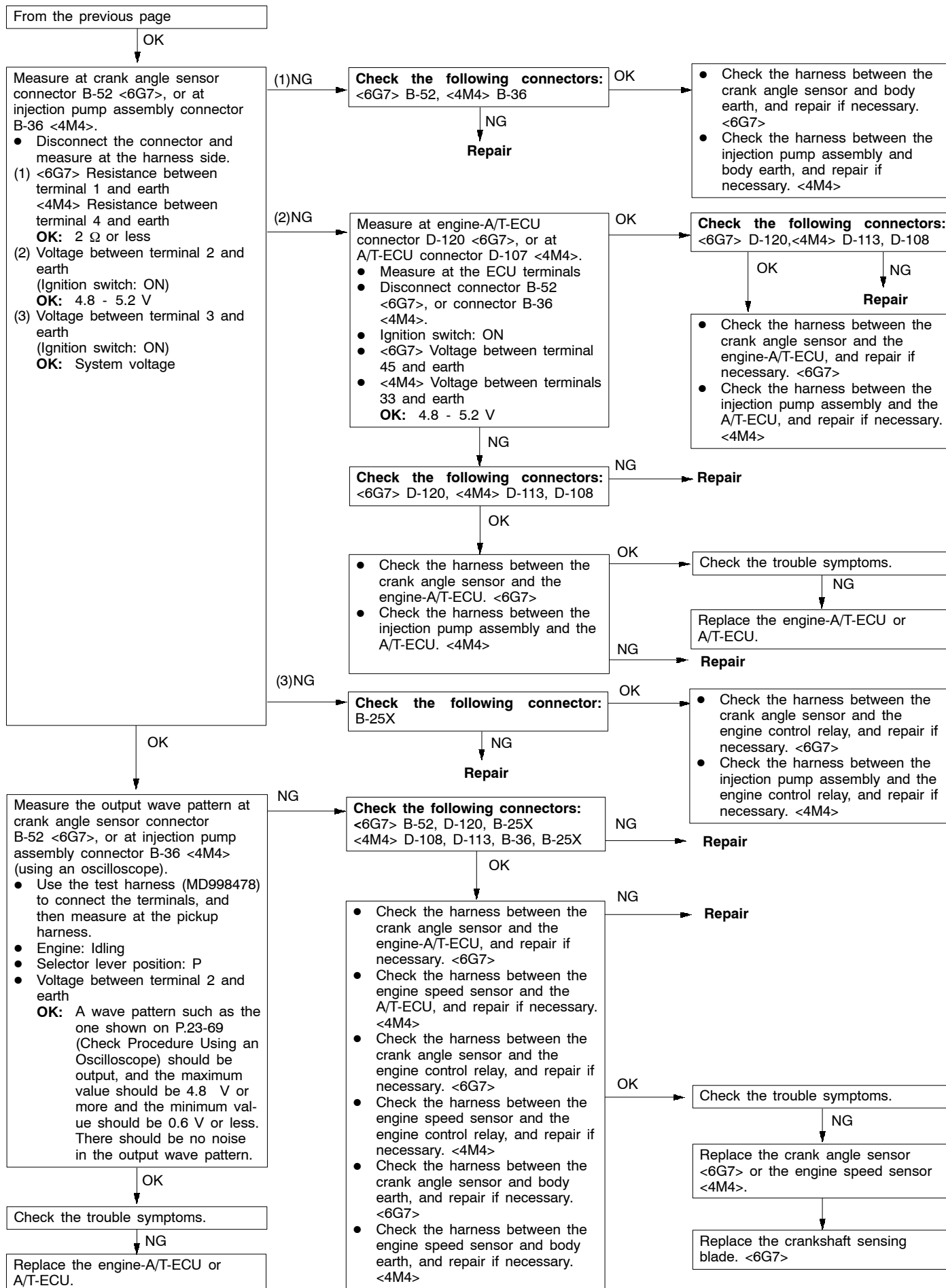
★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.





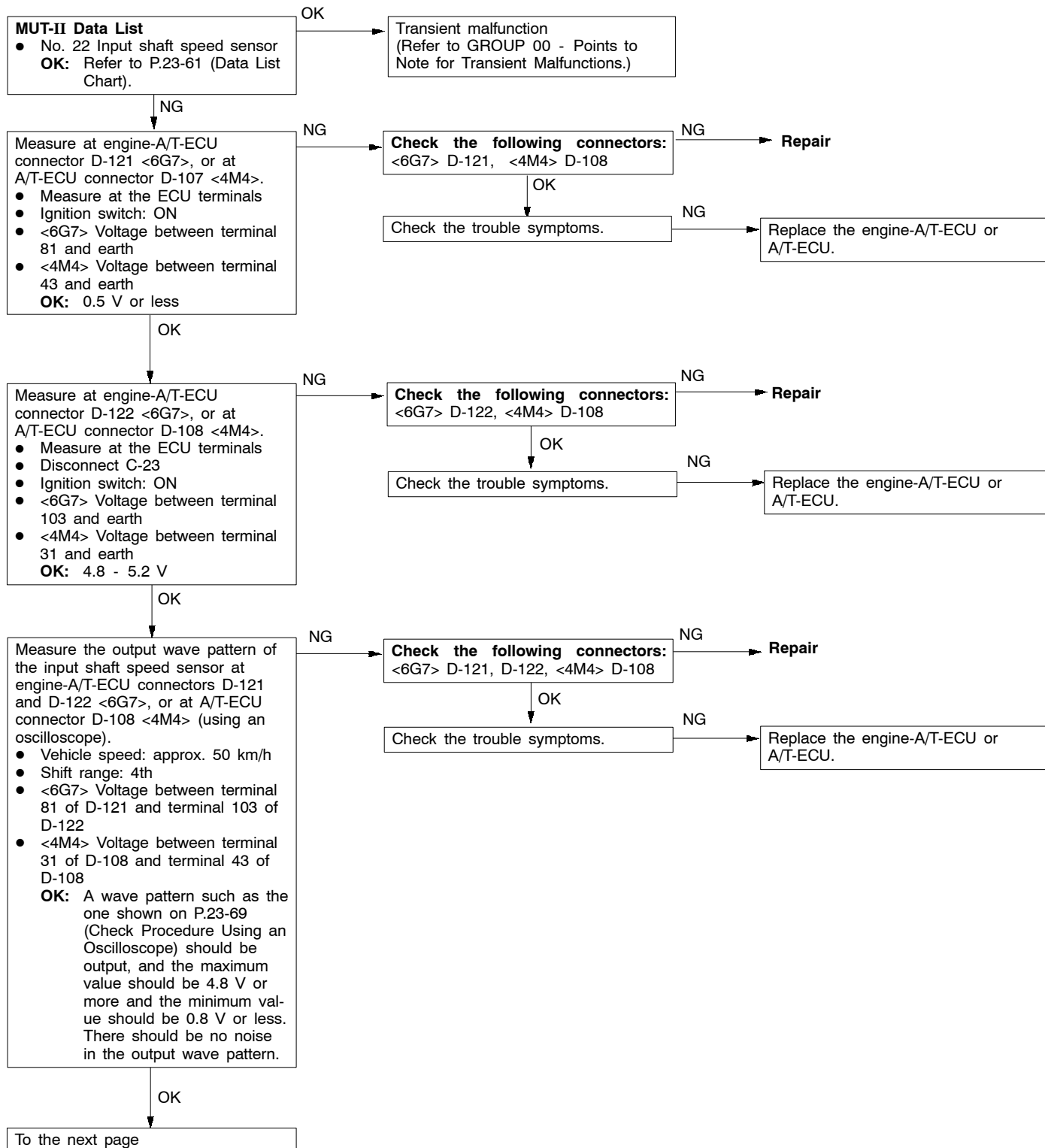
Code No. 21 Crank angle sensor <6G7> or engine speed sensor <4M4> system	Probable cause
If no output pulse from the crank angle sensor or engine speed sensor is detected for 5 seconds or more when the vehicle speed is 25 km/h or more, it is judged that there is an open circuit in the crank angle sensor or an open circuit in the engine speed sensor, and code No. 21 is output.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Malfunction of crankshaft sensing blade &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>Malfunction of crank angle sensor &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>Malfunction of engine speed sensor &lt;4M4&gt;</li> <li>Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

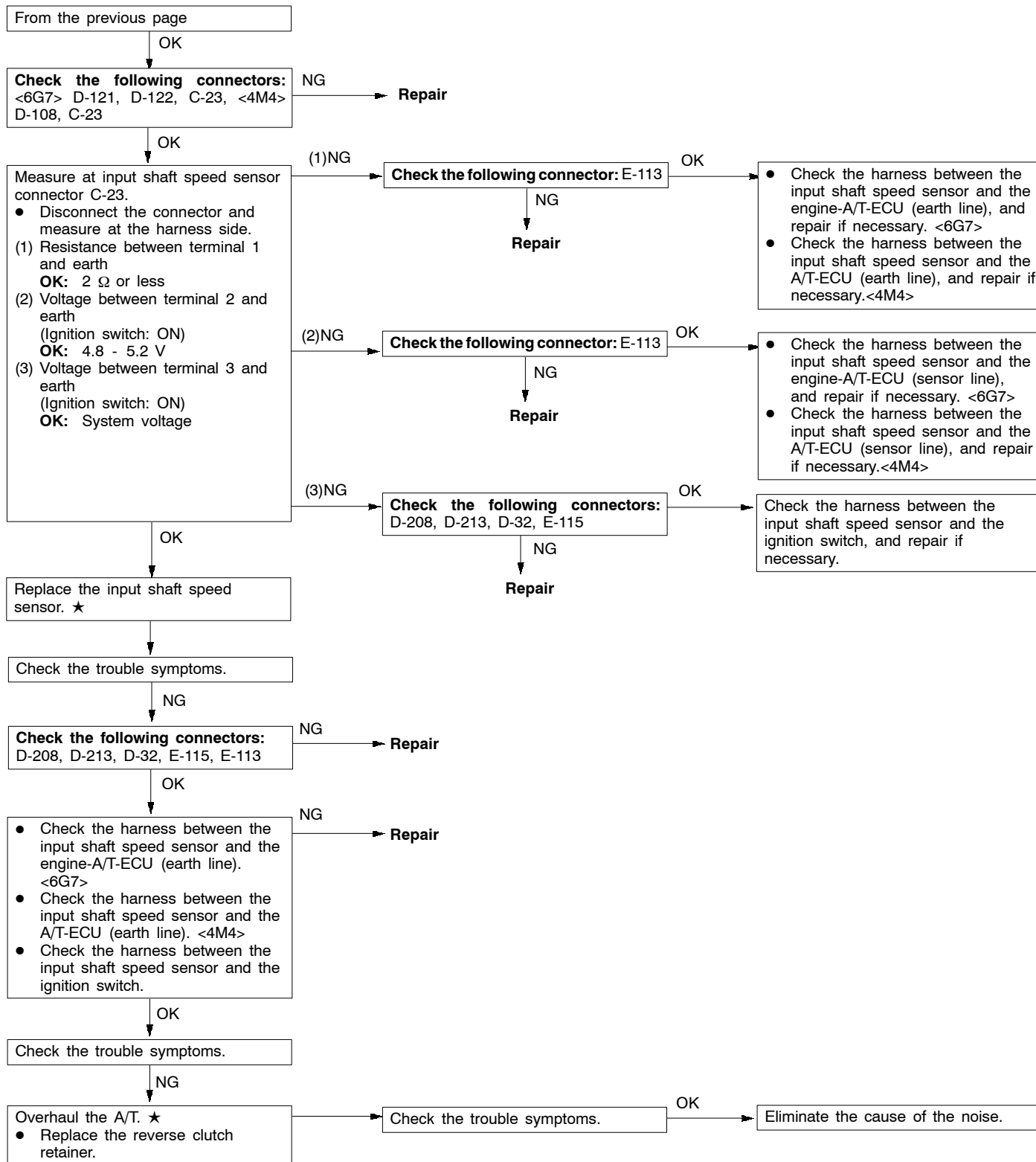




Code No. 22 Input shaft speed sensor system	Probable cause
<p>If no output pulse from the input shaft speed sensor is detected for 1 second or more while the vehicle is driving at 30 km/h or more in 4th, it is judged that there is a short-circuit or open circuit in the input shaft speed sensor, and code No. 22 is output.</p> <p>If code No. 22 is output 4 times, the transmission is locked at 3rd gear (D) or 2nd gear (downshift operation in Sports mode) as a fail-safe measure, and the N range indicator lamp flashes at 1 Hz.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of input shaft speed sensor</li> <li>• Malfunction of reverse clutch retainer</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

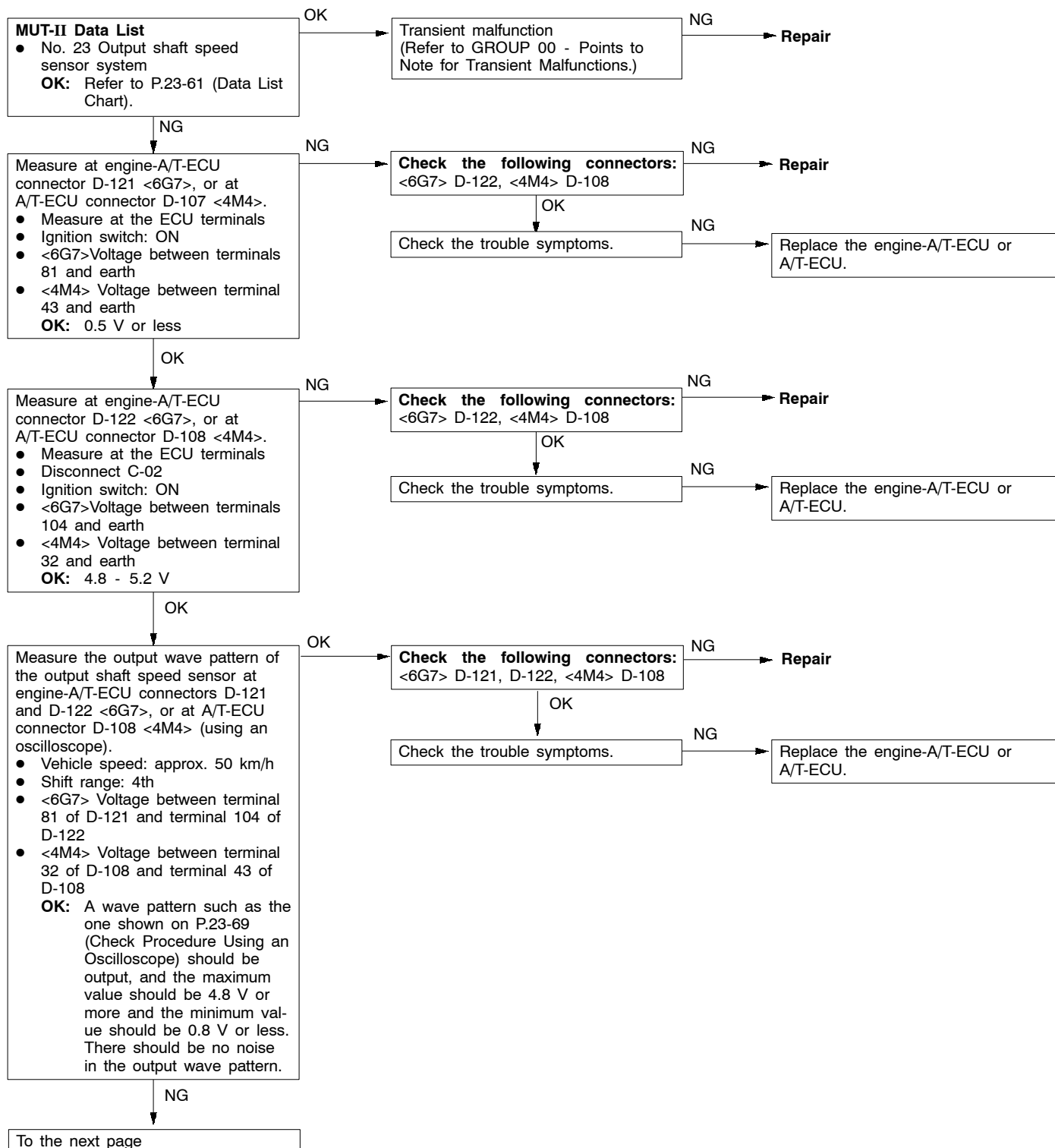
★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.

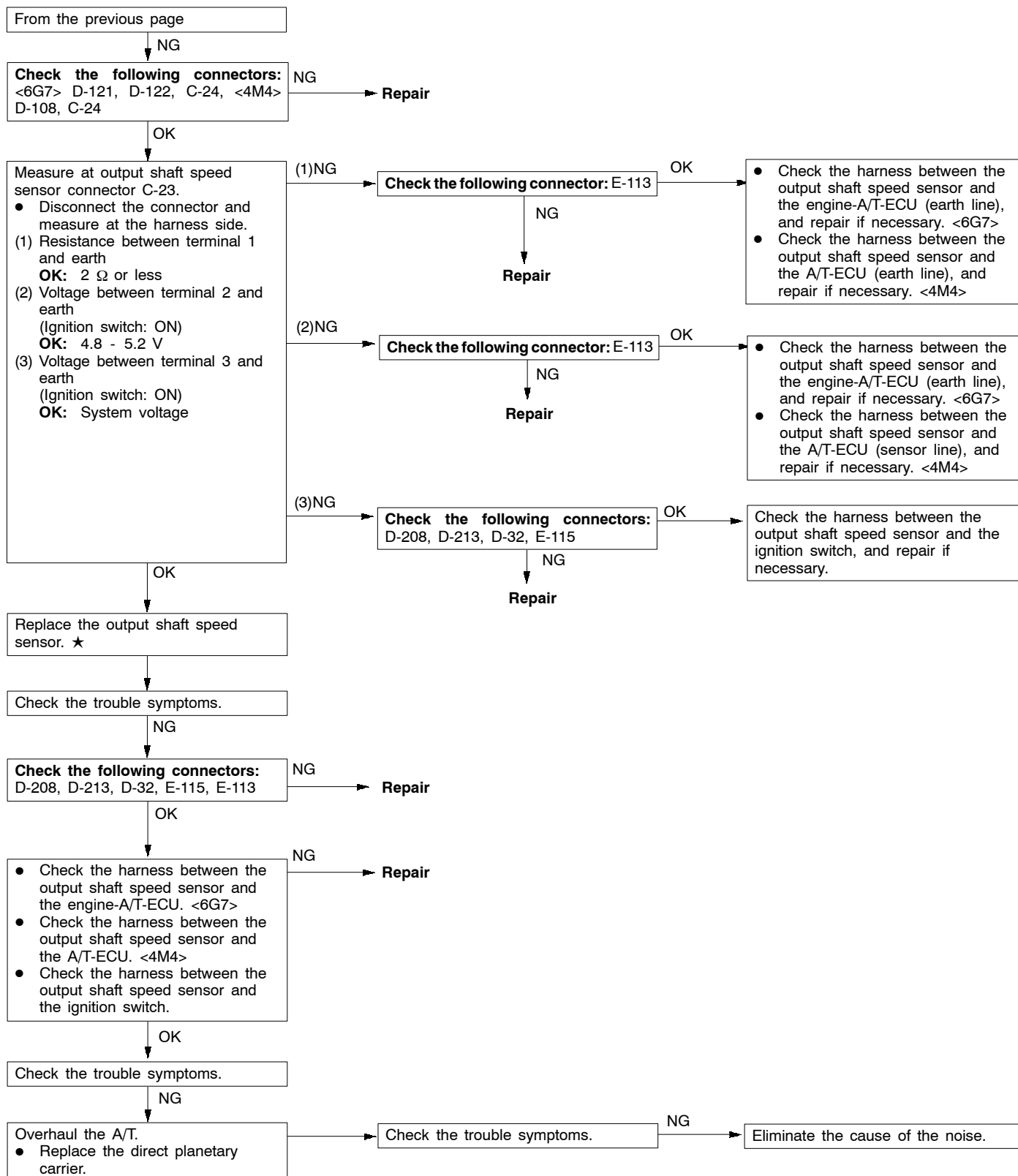




Code No. 23 Output shaft speed sensor system	Probable cause
<p>If the output from the output shaft speed sensor is 50% or less continuously for 1 second or more while the vehicle is driving at 30 km/h or more in 4th, it is judged that there is a short-circuit or open circuit in the output shaft speed sensor, and code No. 23 is output.</p> <p>If code No. 23 is output 4 times, the transmission is locked at 3rd gear (D) or 2nd gear (downshift operation in Sports mode) as a fail-safe measure, and the N range indicator lamp flashes at 1 Hz.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of output shaft speed sensor</li> <li>• Malfunction of direct planetary carrier</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

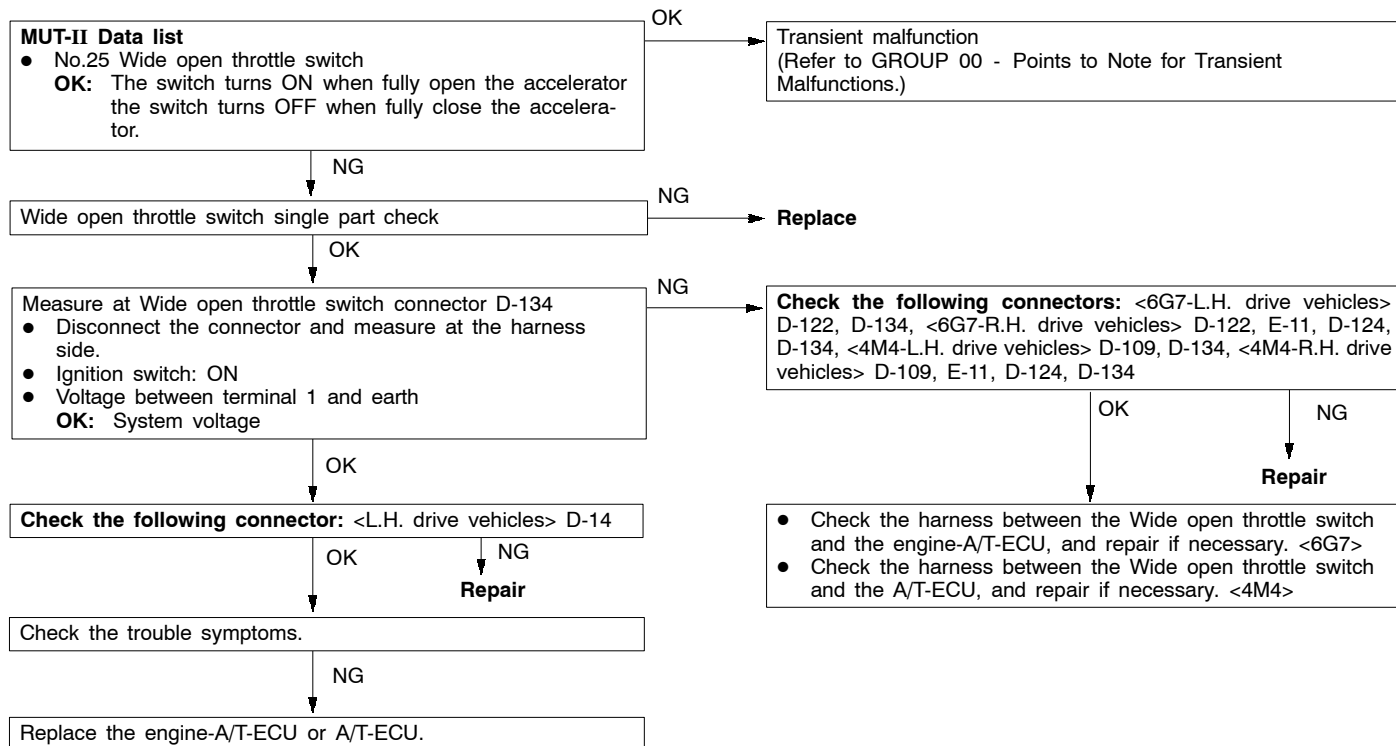
★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



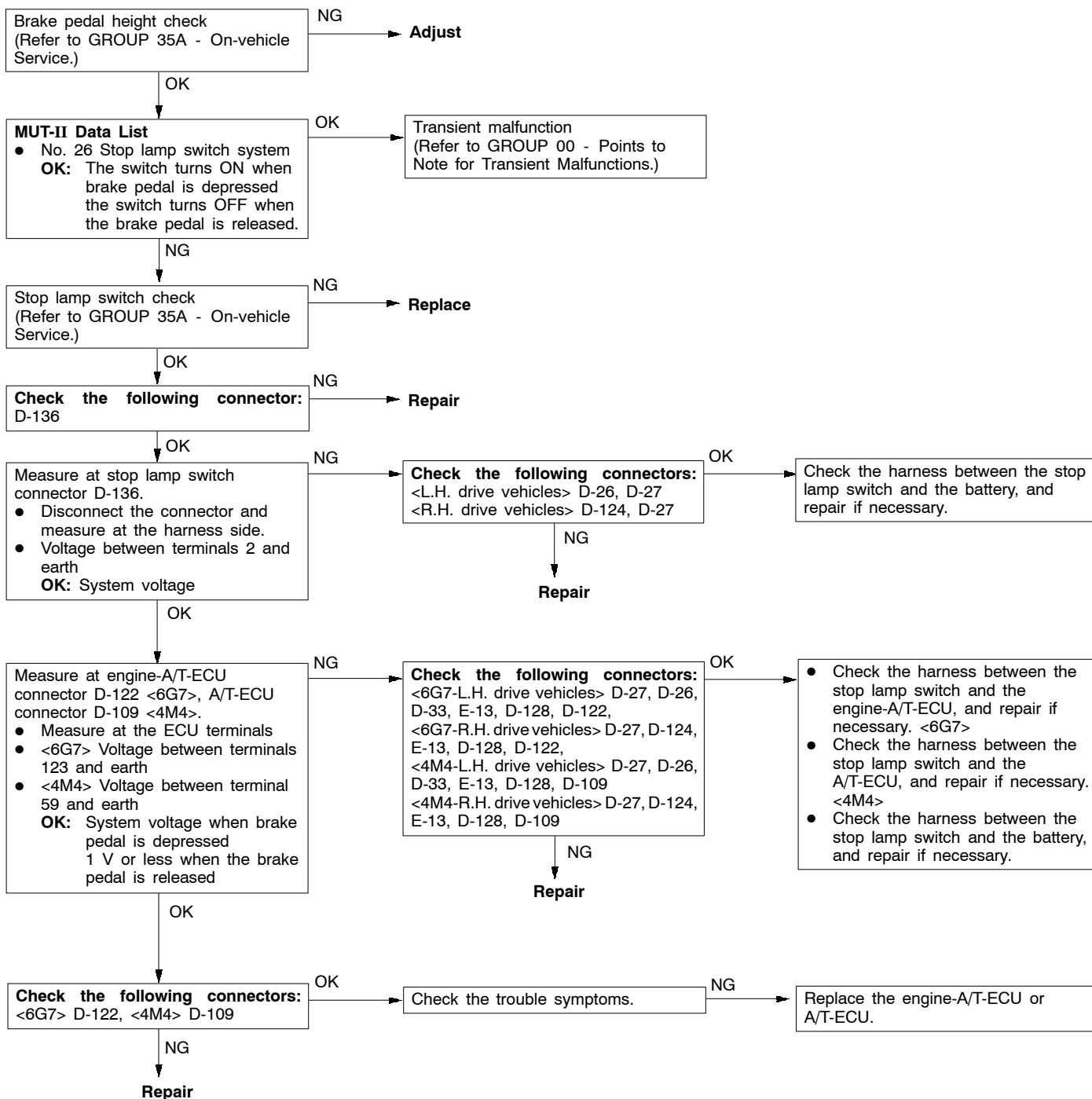




Code No.25 Wide open throttle switch system	Probable cause
If the wide open throttle switch does not turn OFF when the accelerator pedal is not depressed, there is a short circuit in the wide open throttle switch and diagnosis code No. 25 is output.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of wide open throttle switch</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness and connectors</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

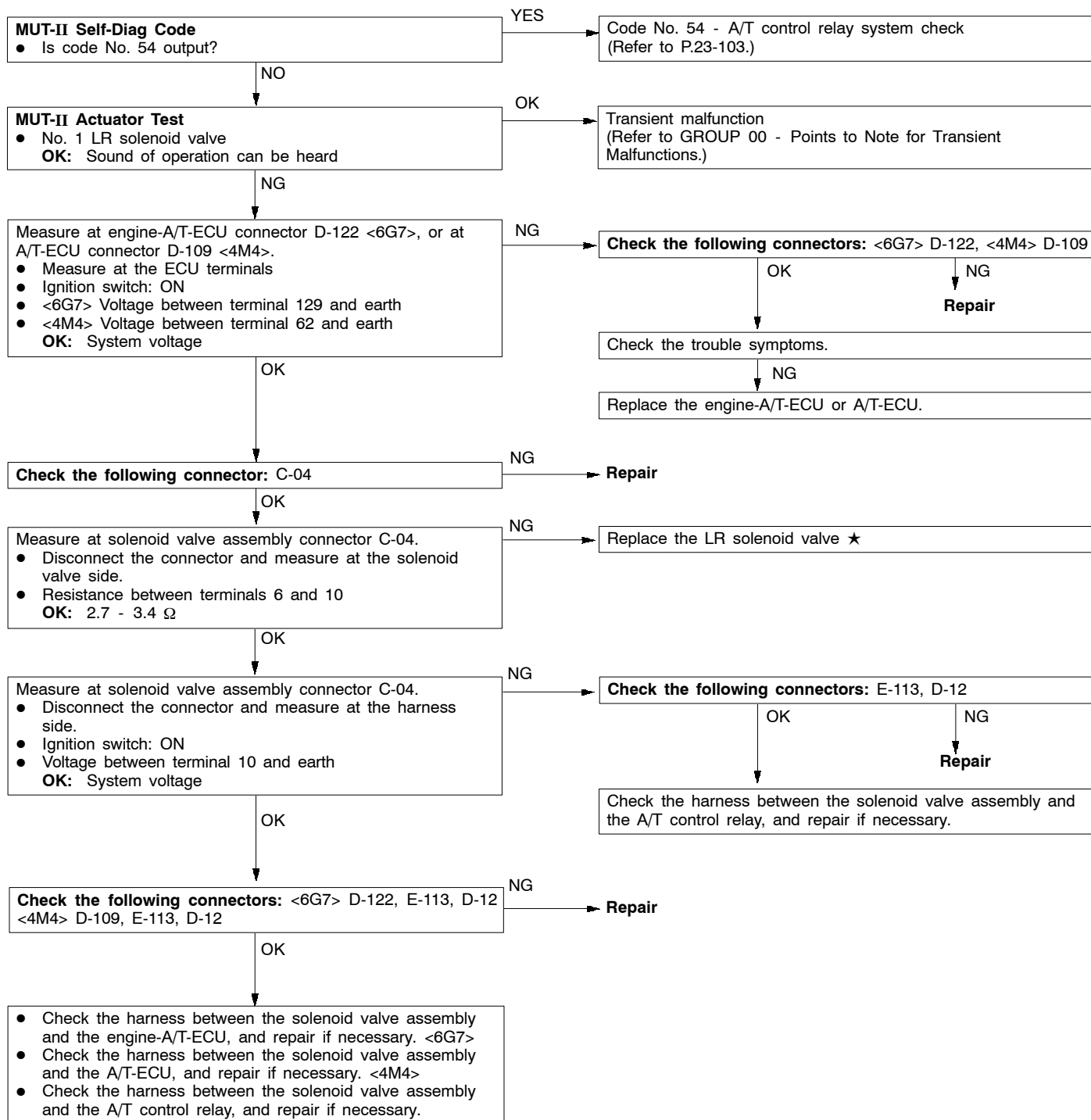


Code No. 26 Stop lamp switch system	Probable cause
If the stop lamp switch is continuously on for 5 minutes or more while the vehicle is being driven, it is judged that there is a short-circuit in the stop lamp switch and code No. 26 is output.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of brake pedal</li> <li>• Malfunction of stop lamp switch</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>



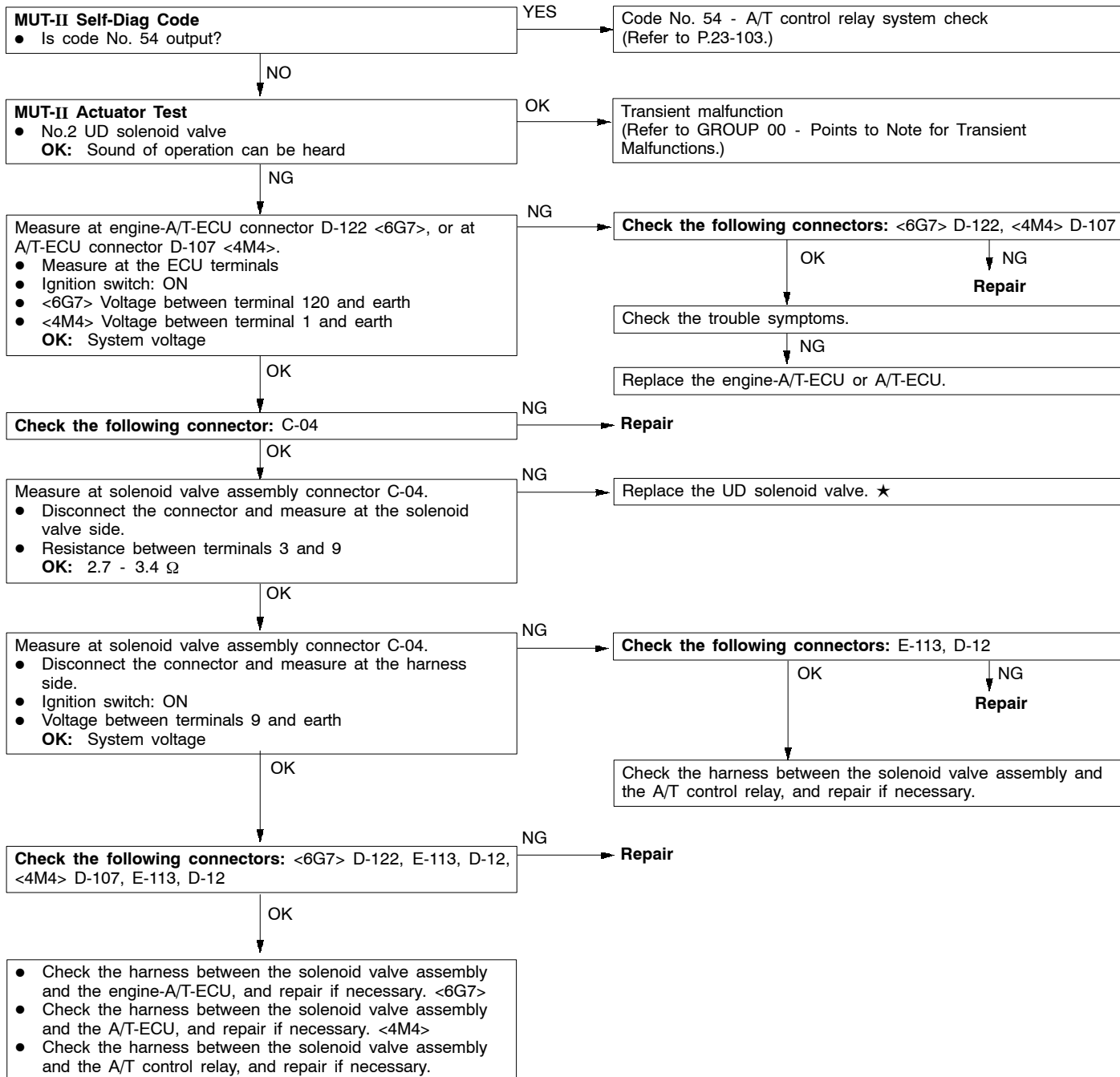
Code No. 31 LR solenoid valve system	Probable cause
<p>If the drive terminal voltage of the LR solenoid valve is 3.0 V or less, it is judged that there is a short-circuit or open circuit in the LR solenoid valve, and the corresponding code is output.</p> <p>The transmission will be fixed in 3rd as a fail-safe measure, and the N range indicator will flash at a rate of 1 Hz.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of LR solenoid valve</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



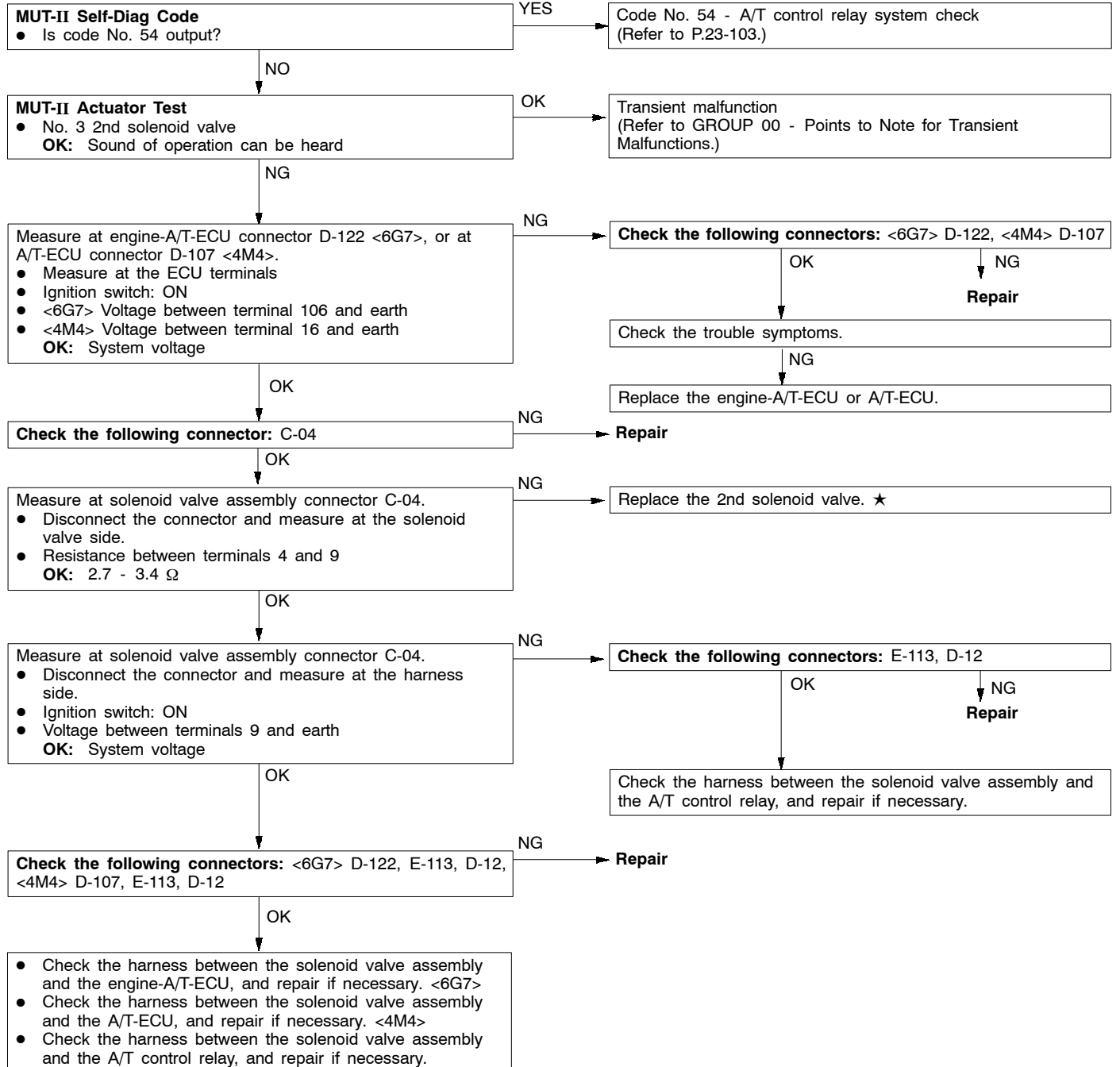
Code No. 32 UD solenoid valve system	Probable cause
<p>If the drive terminal voltage of the UD solenoid valve is 3.0 V or less, it is judged that there is a short-circuit or open circuit in the UD solenoid valve, and the corresponding code is output.</p> <p>The transmission will be fixed in 3rd as a fail-safe measure, and the N range indicator will flash at a rate of 1 Hz.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of UD solenoid valve</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



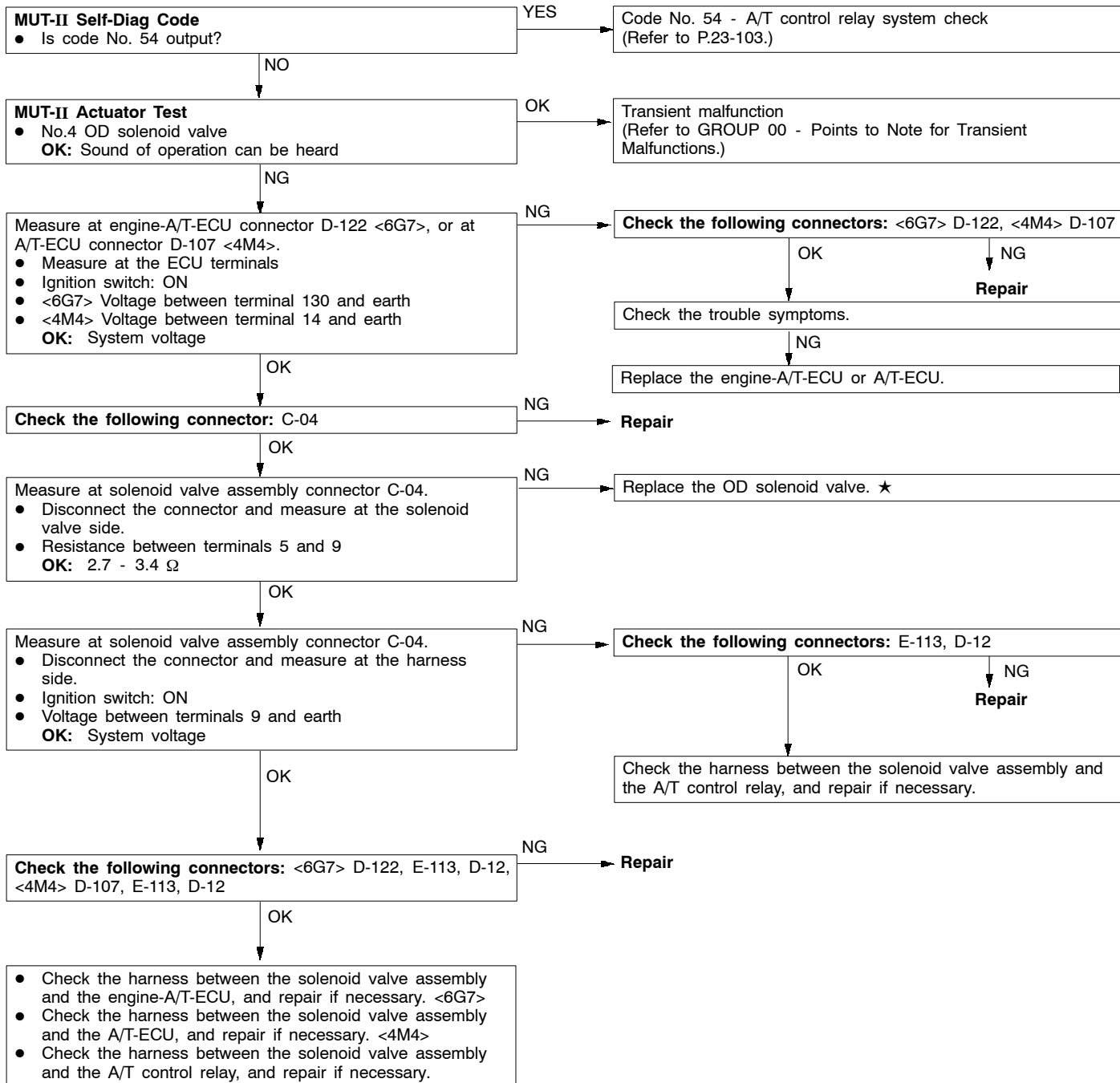
Code No. 33 2nd solenoid valve system	Probable cause
<p>If the drive terminal voltage of the 2nd solenoid valve is 3.0 V or less, it is judged that there is a short-circuit or open circuit in the 2nd solenoid valve, and the corresponding code is output.</p> <p>The transmission will be fixed in 3rd as a fail-safe measure, and the N range indicator will flash at a rate of 1 Hz.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of 2nd solenoid valve</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



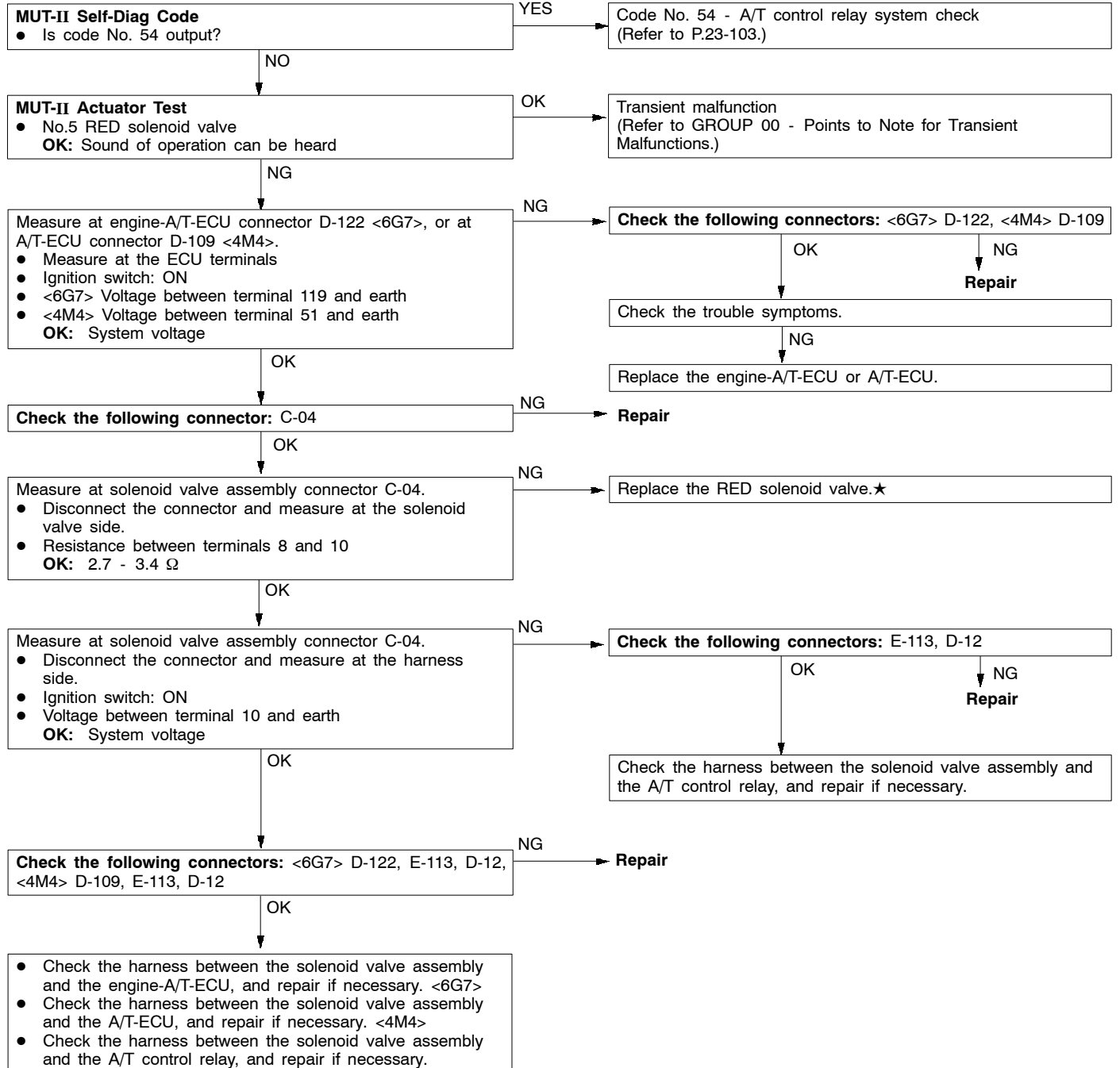
Code No. 34 OD solenoid valve system	Probable cause
<p>If the drive terminal voltage of the OD solenoid valve is 3.0 V or less, it is judged that there is a short-circuit or open circuit in the OD solenoid valve, and the corresponding code is output.</p> <p>The transmission will be fixed in 3rd as a fail-safe measure, and the N range indicator will flash at a rate of 1 Hz.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of OD solenoid valve</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



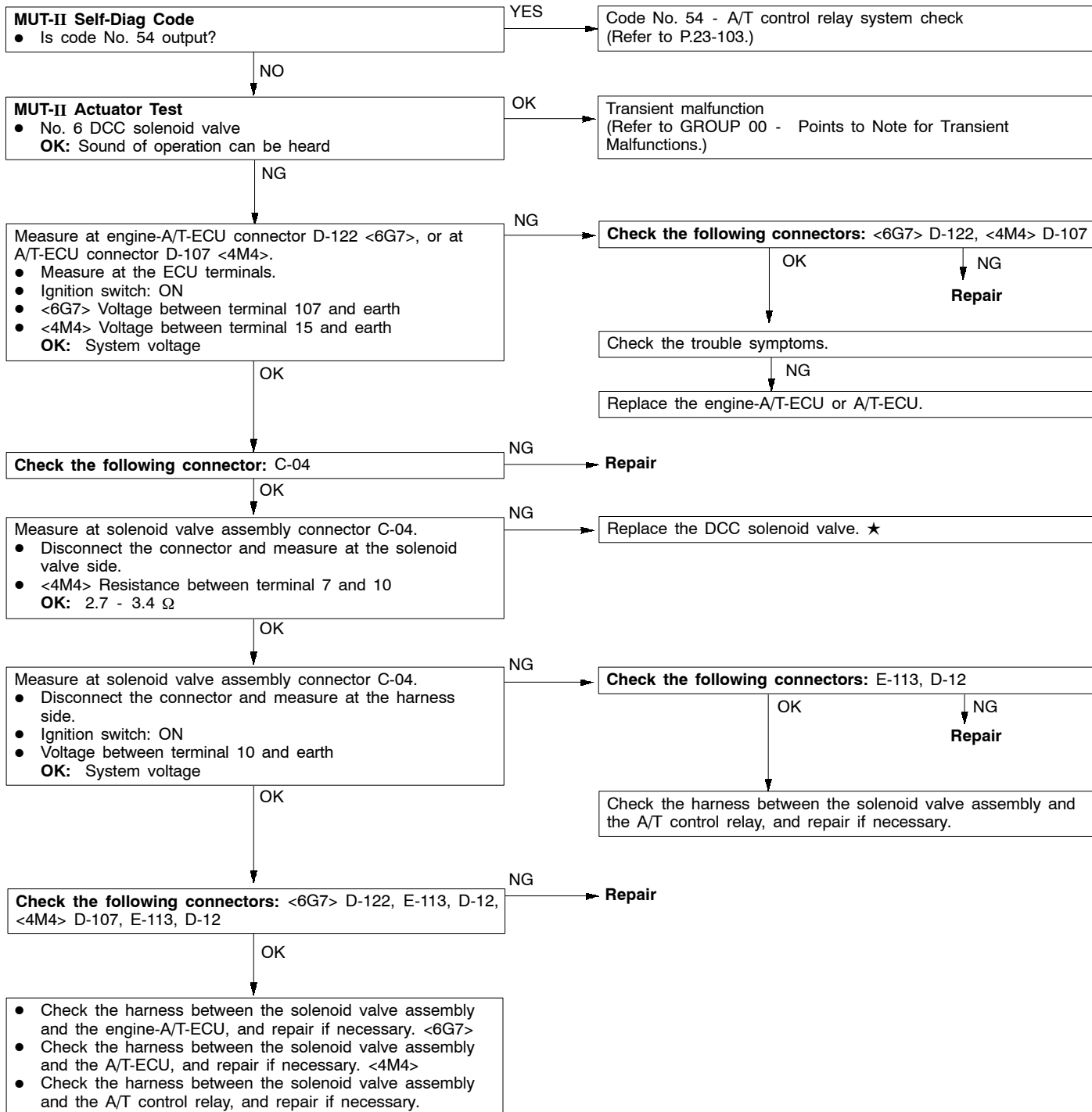
Code No. 35 RED solenoid valve system	Probable cause
<p>If the drive terminal voltage of the RED solenoid valve is 3.0 V or less, it is judged that there is a short-circuit or open circuit in the RED solenoid valve, and the corresponding code is output.</p> <p>The transmission will be fixed in 3rd as a fail-safe measure, and the N range indicator will flash at a rate of 1 Hz.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of RED solenoid valve</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



Code No. 36 DCC solenoid valve system	Probable cause
<p>If the drive terminal voltage of the DCC solenoid valve is 3.0 V or less, it is judged that there is a short-circuit or open circuit in the DCC solenoid valve, and code No. 36 is output.</p> <p>The transmission will be fixed in 3rd as a fail-safe measure, and the N range indicator will flash at a rate of 1 Hz.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of DCC solenoid valve</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

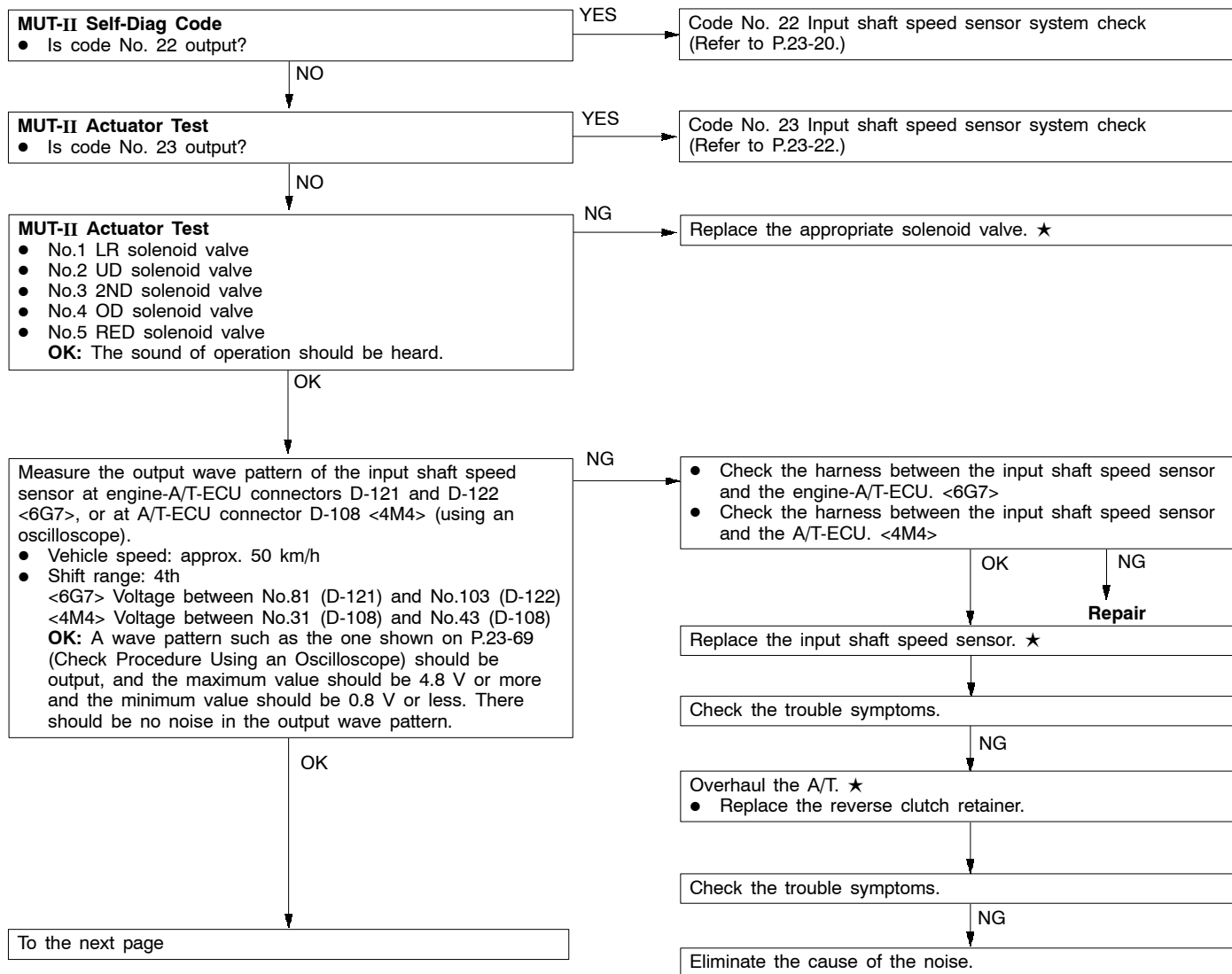
★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.

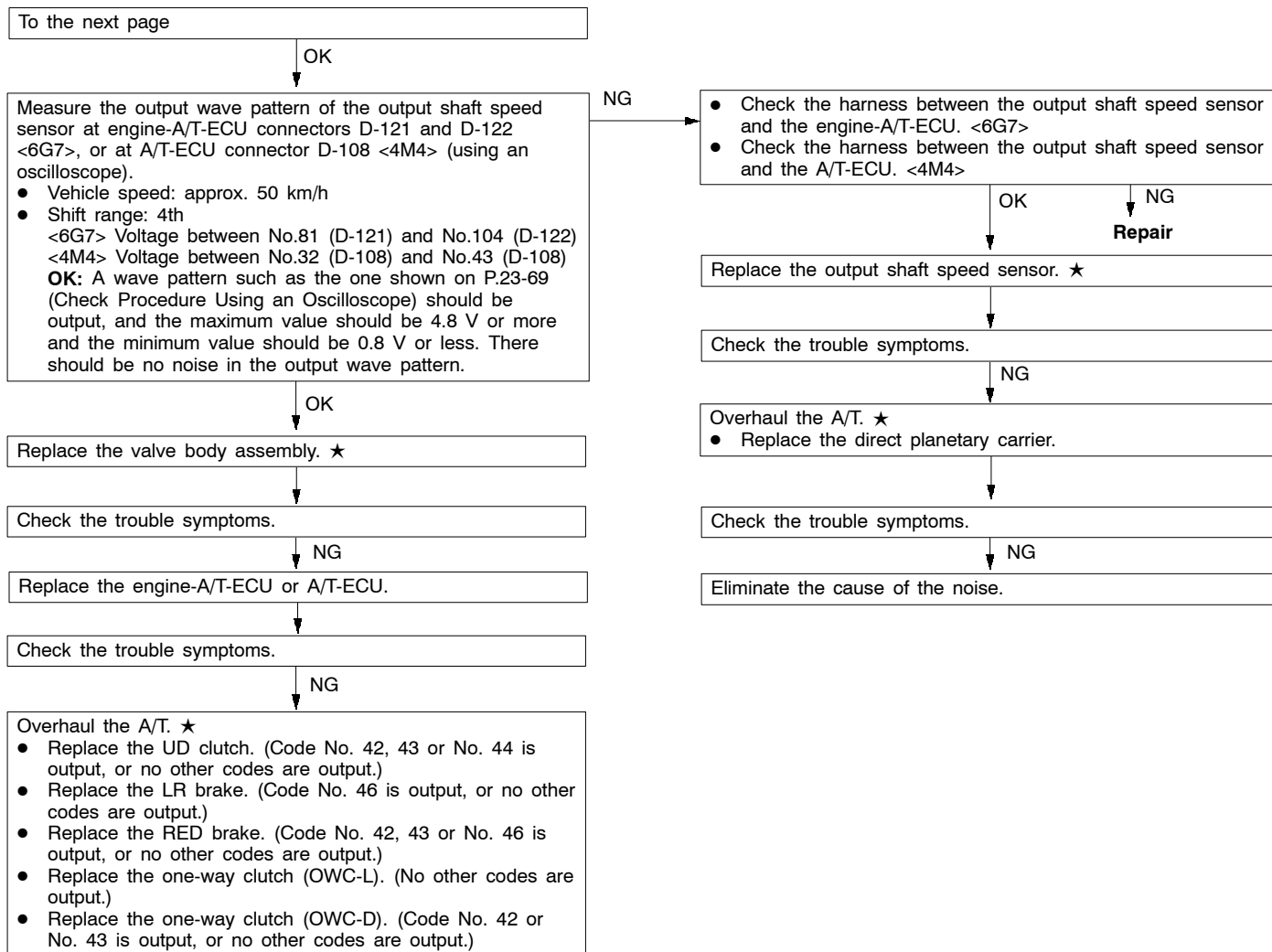




Code No.41 1st without completion of shifting	Probable cause
<p>If the output shaft speed sensor output multiplied by the 1st gear ratio is not identical to the input shaft speed sensor output after shifting to 1st, code No. 41 is output.</p> <p>If code No. 41 is output 4 times, the transmission is fixed in 3rd and the N range lamp flashes at a rate of 1 Hz.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of input shaft speed sensor</li> <li>• Malfunction of output shaft speed sensor</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of solenoid valve</li> <li>• Malfunction of reverse clutch retainer</li> <li>• Malfunction of direct planetary carrier</li> <li>• Malfunction of LR brake system</li> <li>• Malfunction of UD clutch system</li> <li>• Malfunction of RED brake system</li> <li>• Malfunction of one-way clutch system</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> <li>• Noise is generated.</li> </ul>

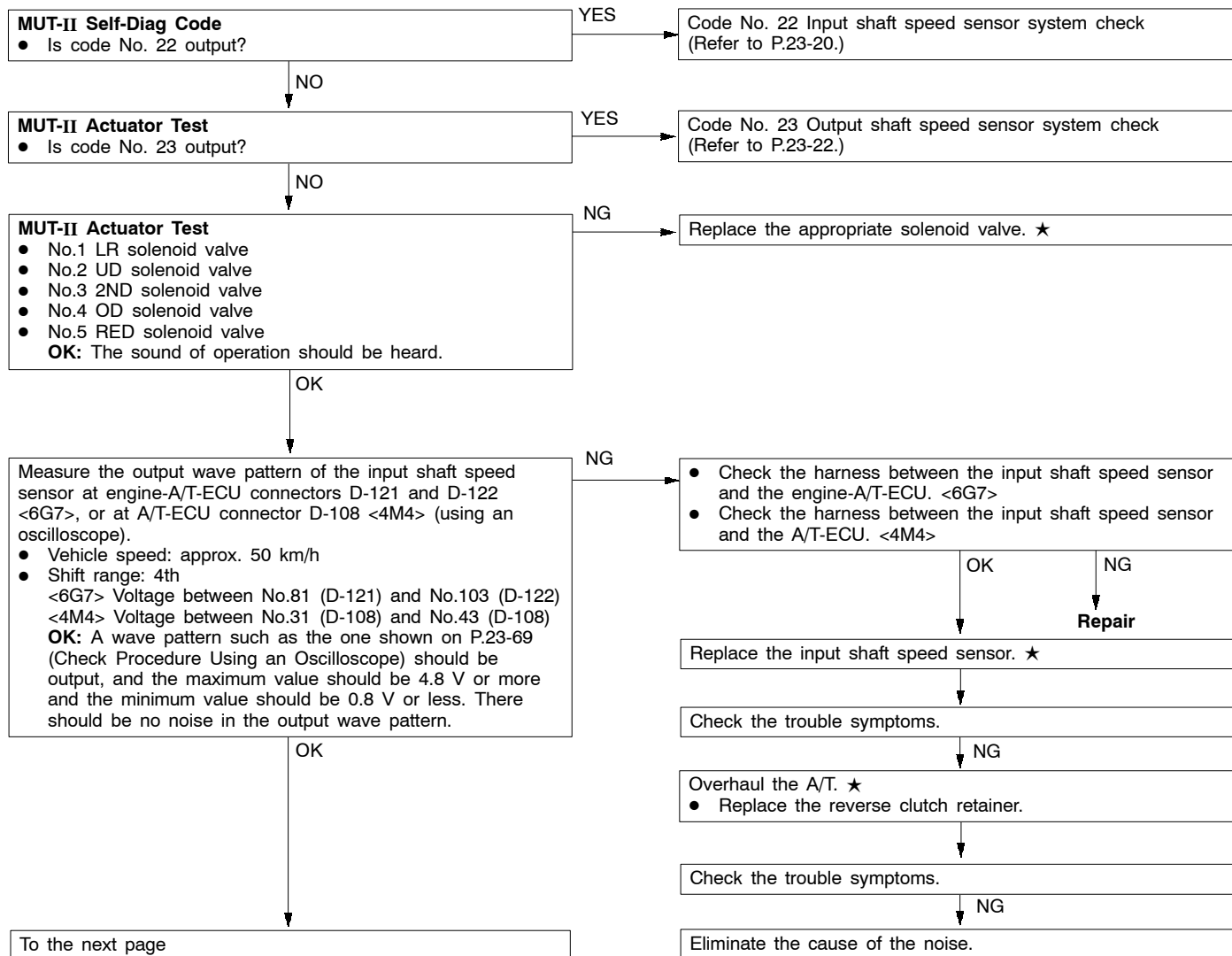
★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.

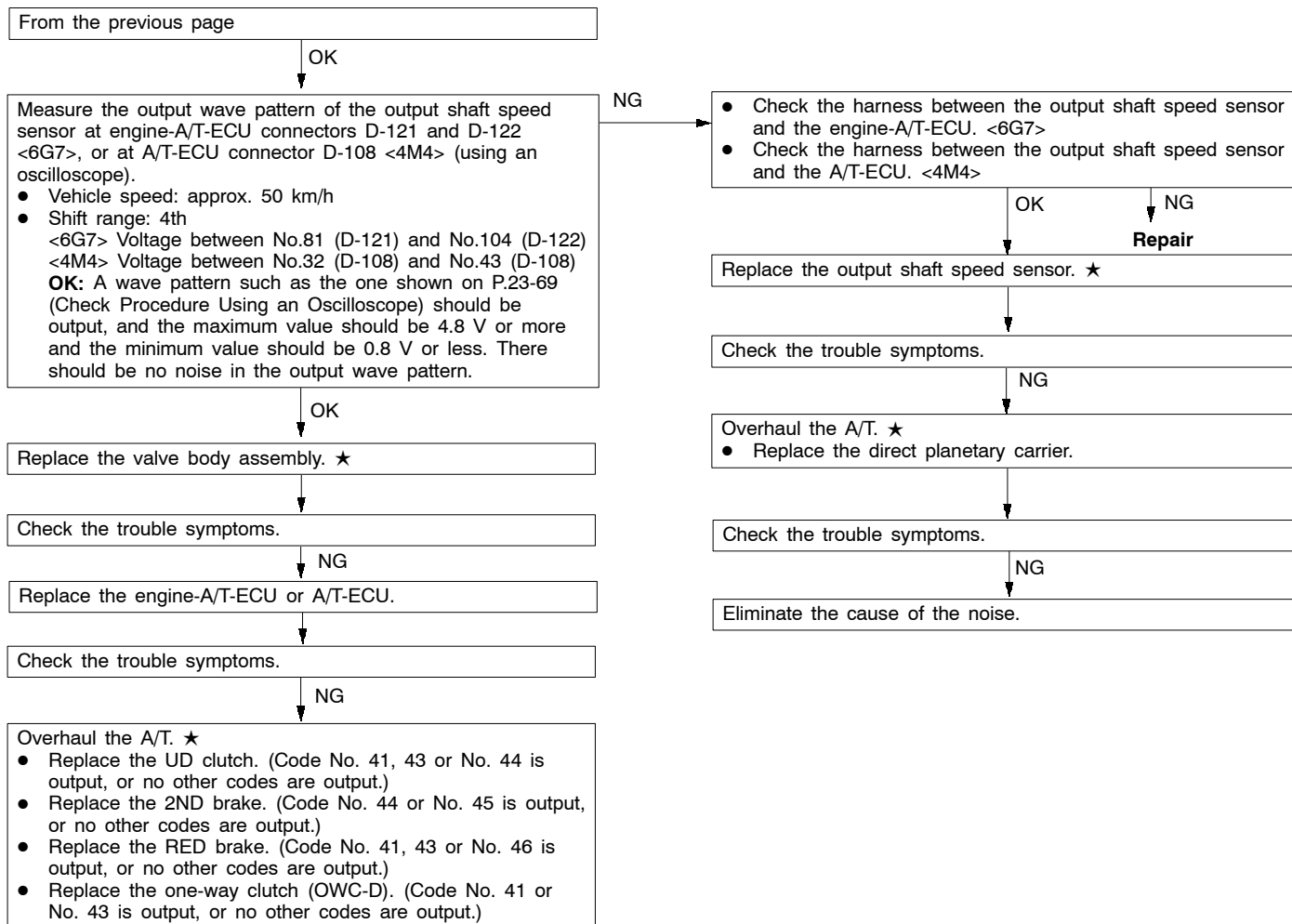




Code No. 42 2nd without completion of shifting	Probable cause
<p>If the output shaft speed sensor output multiplied by the 2nd gear ratio is not identical to the input shaft speed sensor output after shifting to 2nd, code No. 42 is output.</p> <p>If code No. 42 is output 4 times, the transmission is fixed in 3rd and the N range lamp flashes at a rate of 1 Hz.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of input shaft speed sensor</li> <li>• Malfunction of output shaft speed sensor</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of solenoid valve</li> <li>• Malfunction of reverse clutch retainer</li> <li>• Malfunction of direct planetary carrier</li> <li>• Malfunction of 2ND brake system</li> <li>• Malfunction of UD clutch system</li> <li>• Malfunction of RED brake system</li> <li>• Malfunction of one-way clutch system</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> <li>• Noise is generated.</li> </ul>

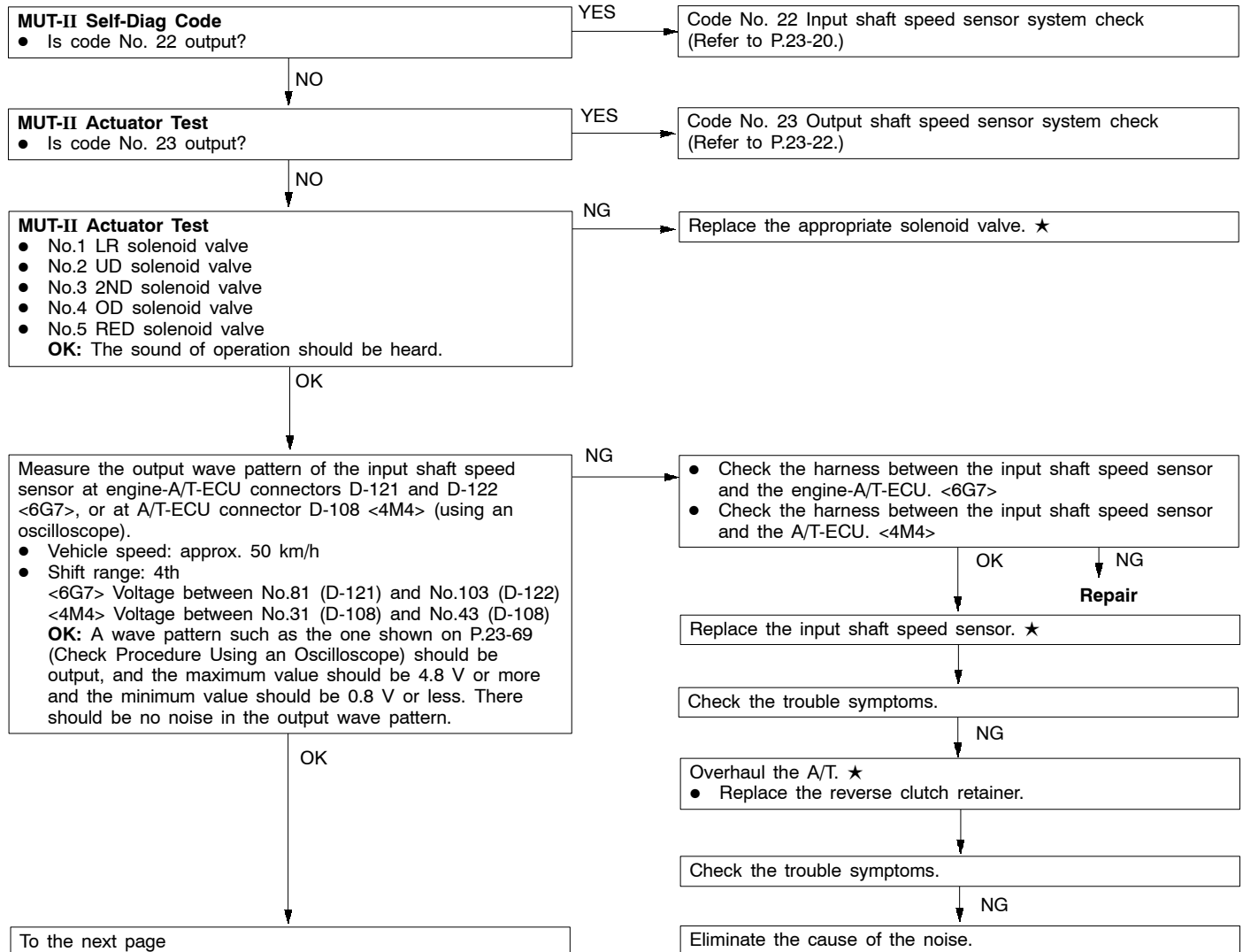
★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.

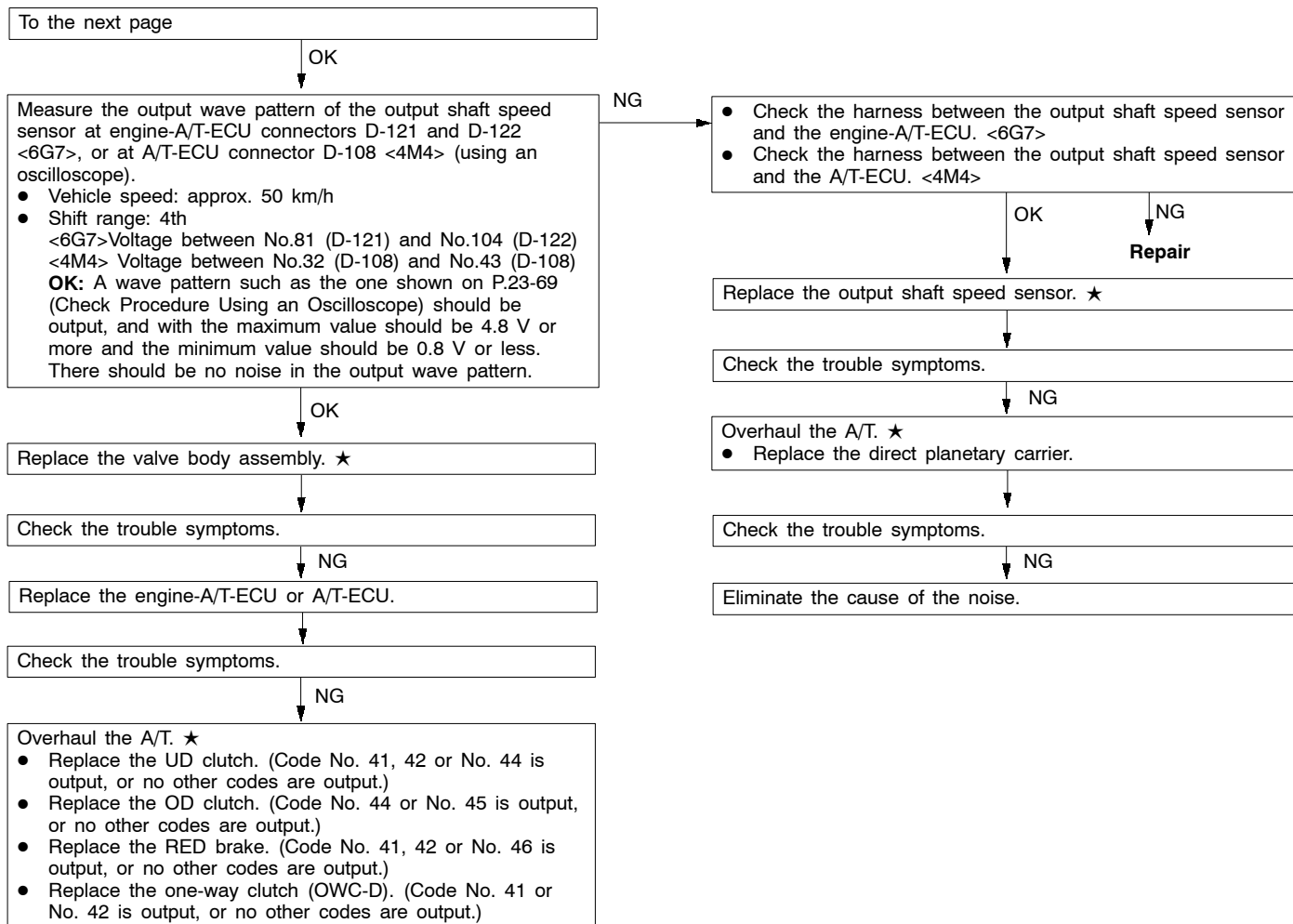




Code No.43 3rd without completion of shifting	Probable cause
<p>If the output shaft speed sensor output multiplied by the 3rd gear ratio is not identical to the input shaft speed sensor output after shifting to 3rd, code No. 43 is output.</p> <p>If code No. 43 is output 4 times, the transmission is fixed in 3rd and the N range lamp flashes at a rate of 1 Hz.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of input shaft speed sensor</li> <li>• Malfunction of output shaft speed sensor</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of solenoid valve</li> <li>• Malfunction of reverse clutch retainer</li> <li>• Malfunction of direct planetary carrier</li> <li>• Malfunction of UD clutch system</li> <li>• Malfunction of OD clutch system</li> <li>• Malfunction of RED brake system</li> <li>• Malfunction of one-way clutch system</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> <li>• Noise is generated.</li> </ul>

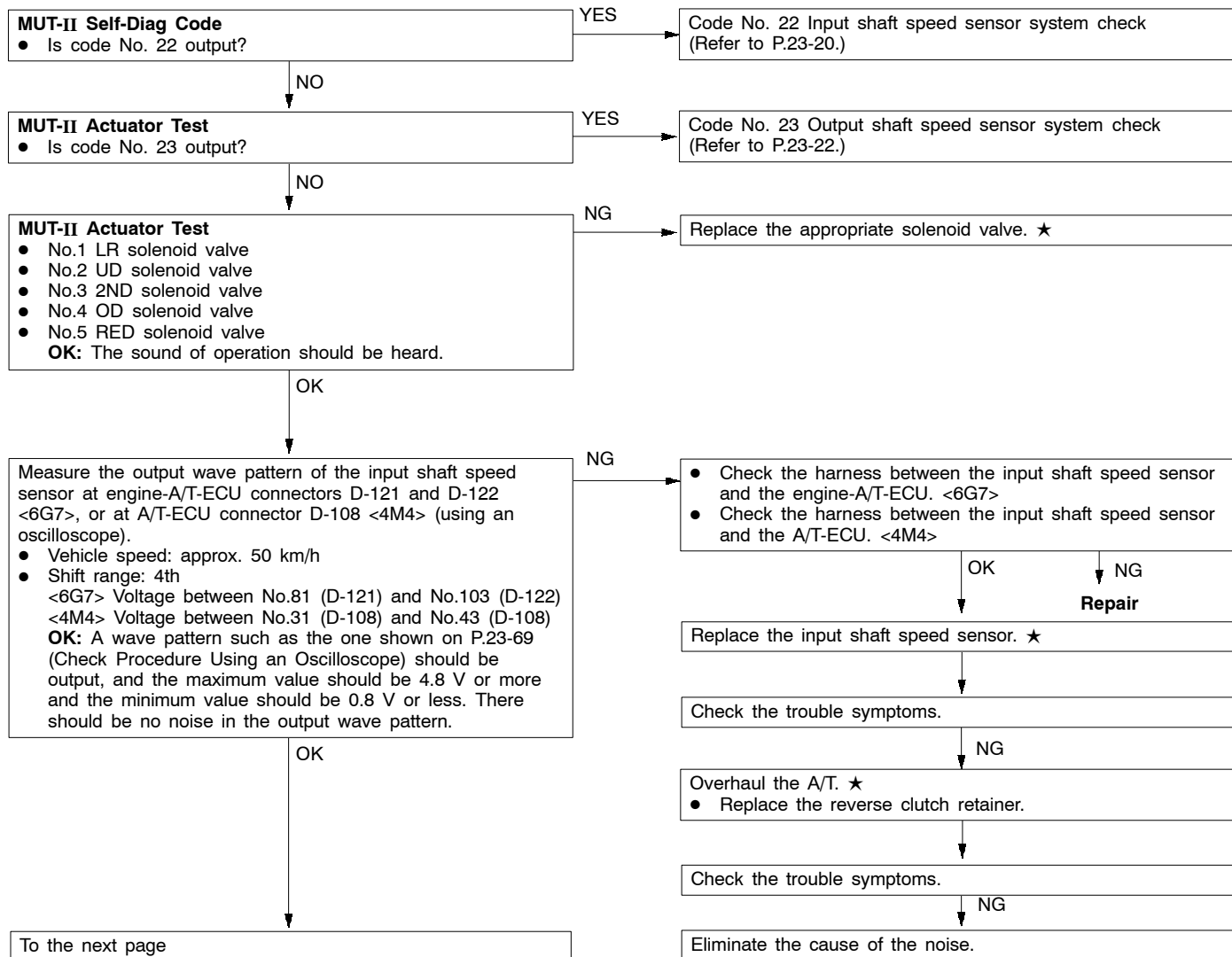
★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.

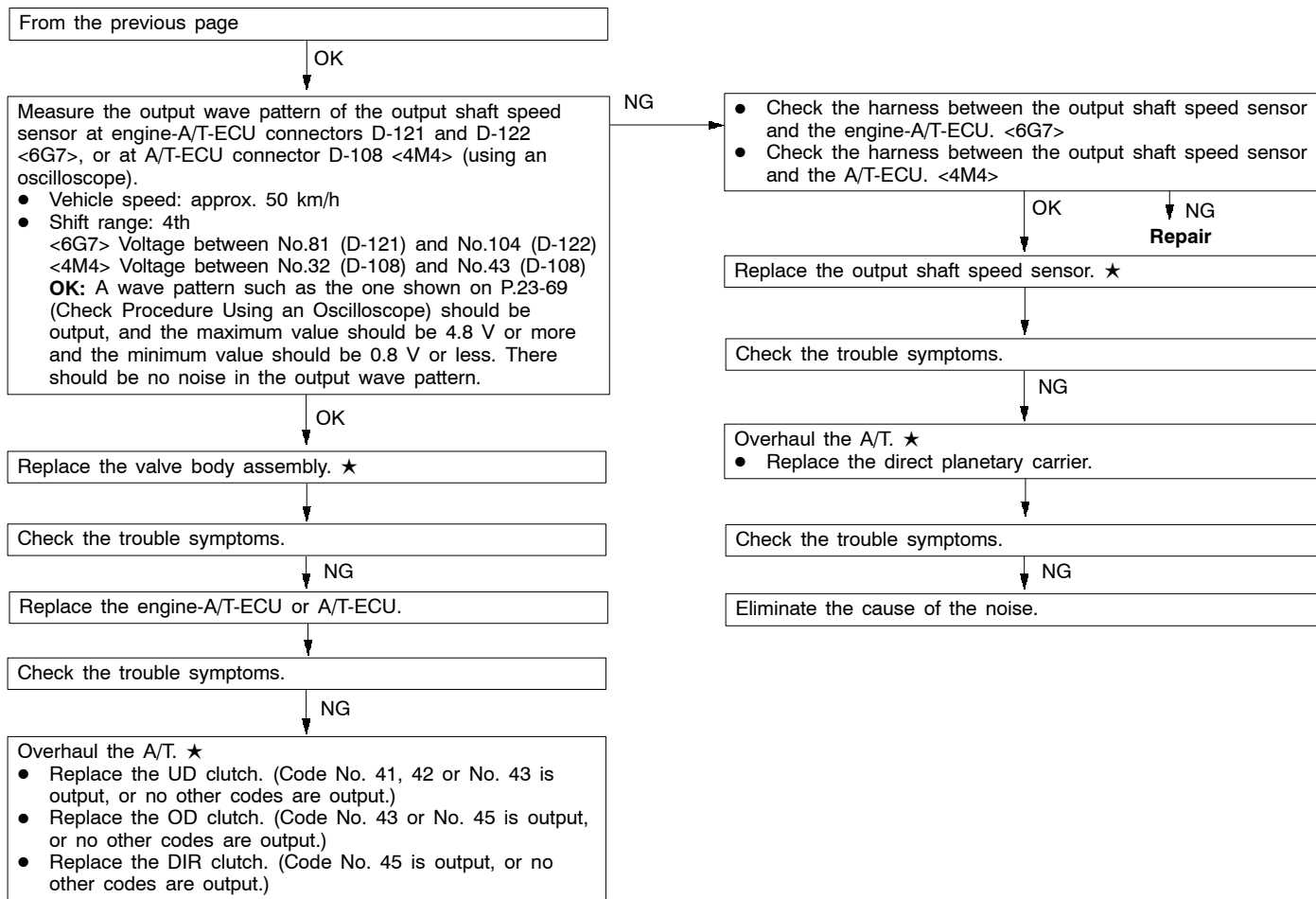




Code No.44 4th without completion of shifting	Probable cause
<p>If the output shaft speed sensor output multiplied by the 4th gear ratio is not identical to the input shaft speed sensor output after shifting to 4th, code No. 44 is output.</p> <p>If code No. 44 is output 4 times, the transmission is fixed in 3rd and the N range lamp flashes at a rate of 1 Hz.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of input shaft speed sensor</li> <li>• Malfunction of output shaft speed sensor</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of solenoid valve</li> <li>• Malfunction of reverse clutch retainer</li> <li>• Malfunction of direct planetary carrier</li> <li>• Malfunction of UD clutch system</li> <li>• Malfunction of 2ND brake system</li> <li>• Malfunction of OD clutch system</li> <li>• Malfunction of DIR clutch system</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> <li>• Noise is generated.</li> </ul>

★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.

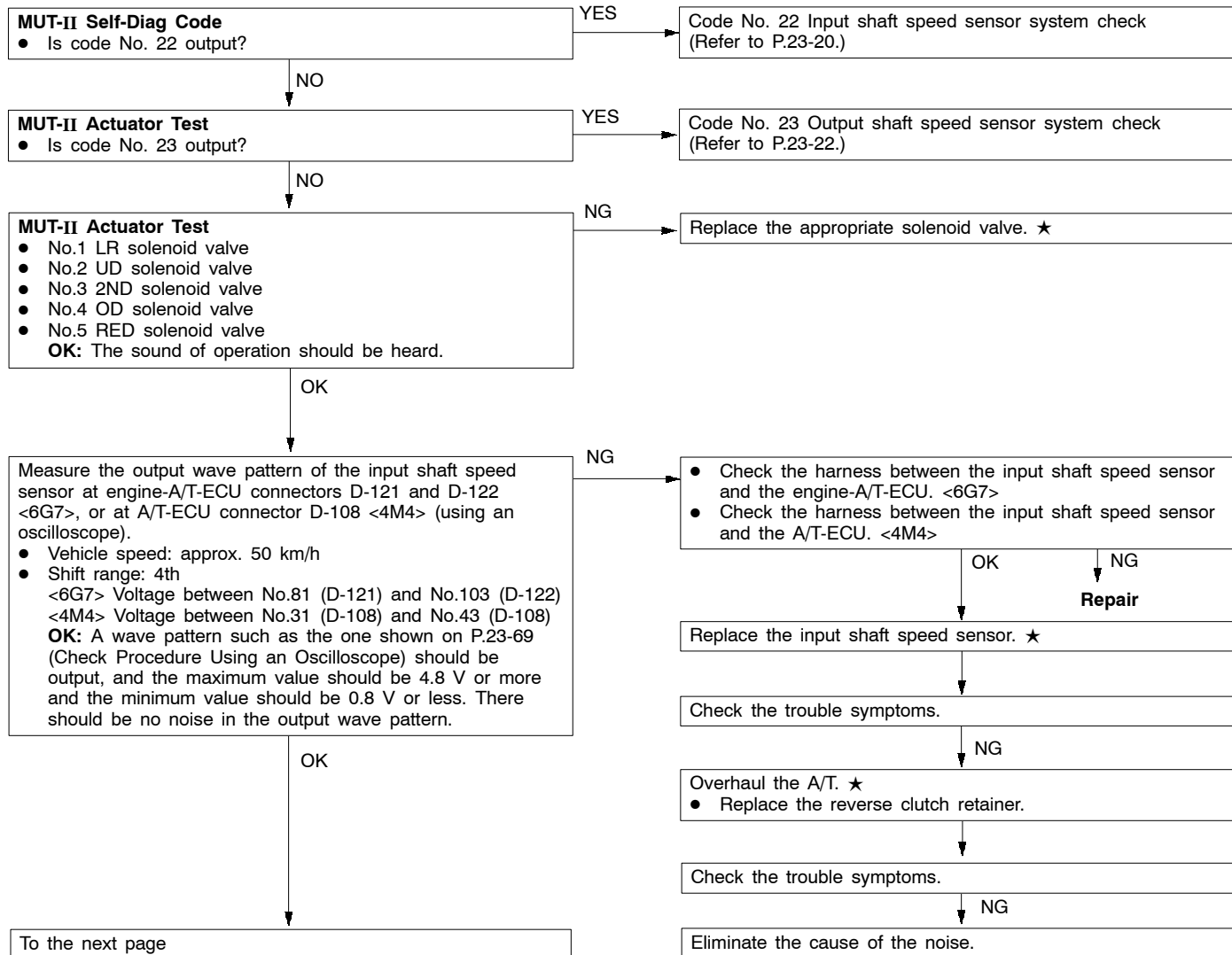


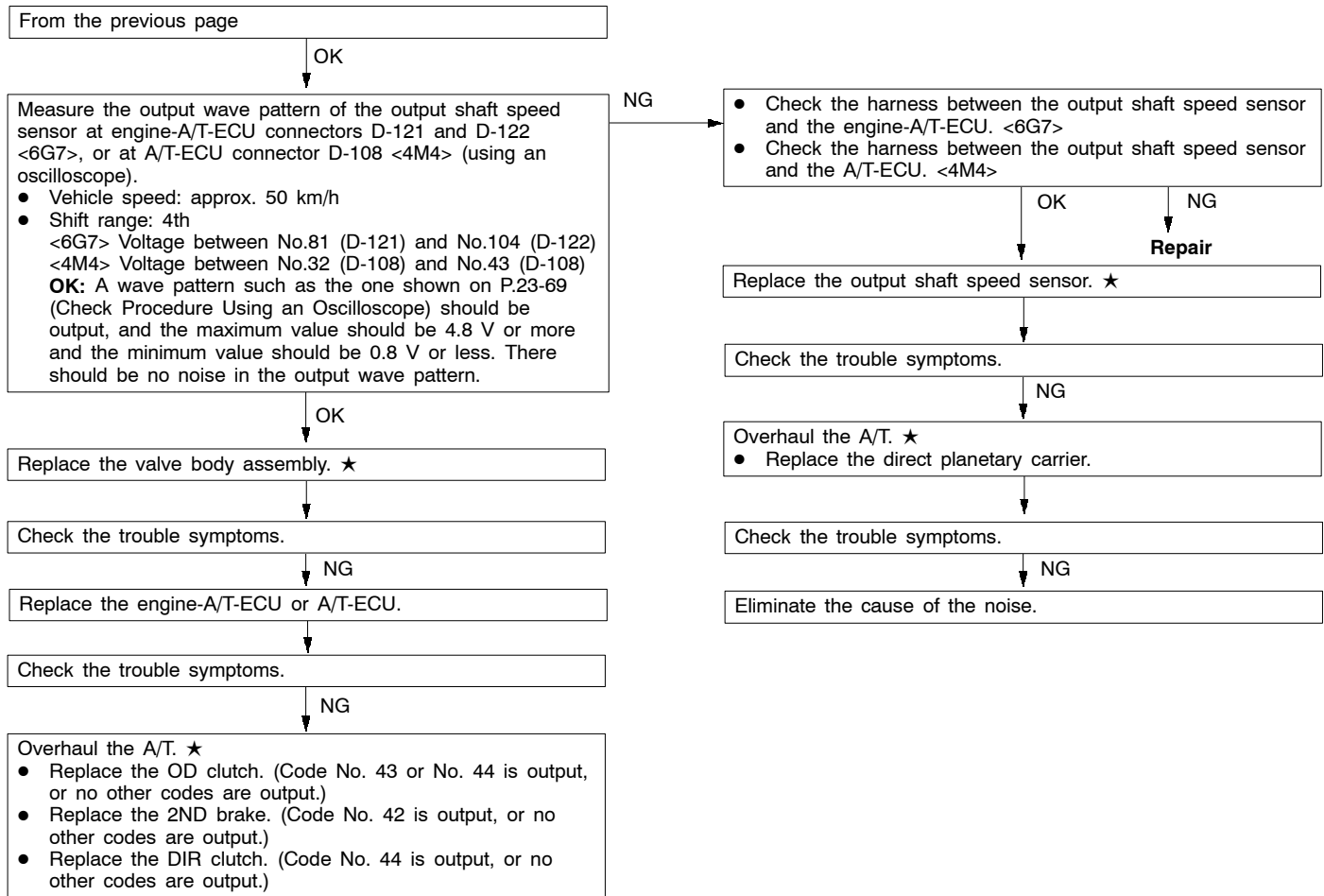




Code No.45 5th without completion of shifting	Probable cause
<p>If the output shaft speed sensor output multiplied by the 5th gear ratio is not identical to the input shaft speed sensor output after shifting to 5th, code No. 45 is output.</p> <p>If code No. 45 is output 4 times, the transmission is fixed in 3rd and the N range lamp flashes at a rate of 1 Hz.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of input shaft speed sensor</li> <li>• Malfunction of output shaft speed sensor</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of solenoid valve</li> <li>• Malfunction of reverse clutch retainer</li> <li>• Malfunction of direct planetary carrier</li> <li>• Malfunction of 2ND brake system</li> <li>• Malfunction of OD clutch system</li> <li>• Malfunction of DIR clutch system</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU. &lt;4M4&gt;</li> <li>• Noise is generated.</li> </ul>

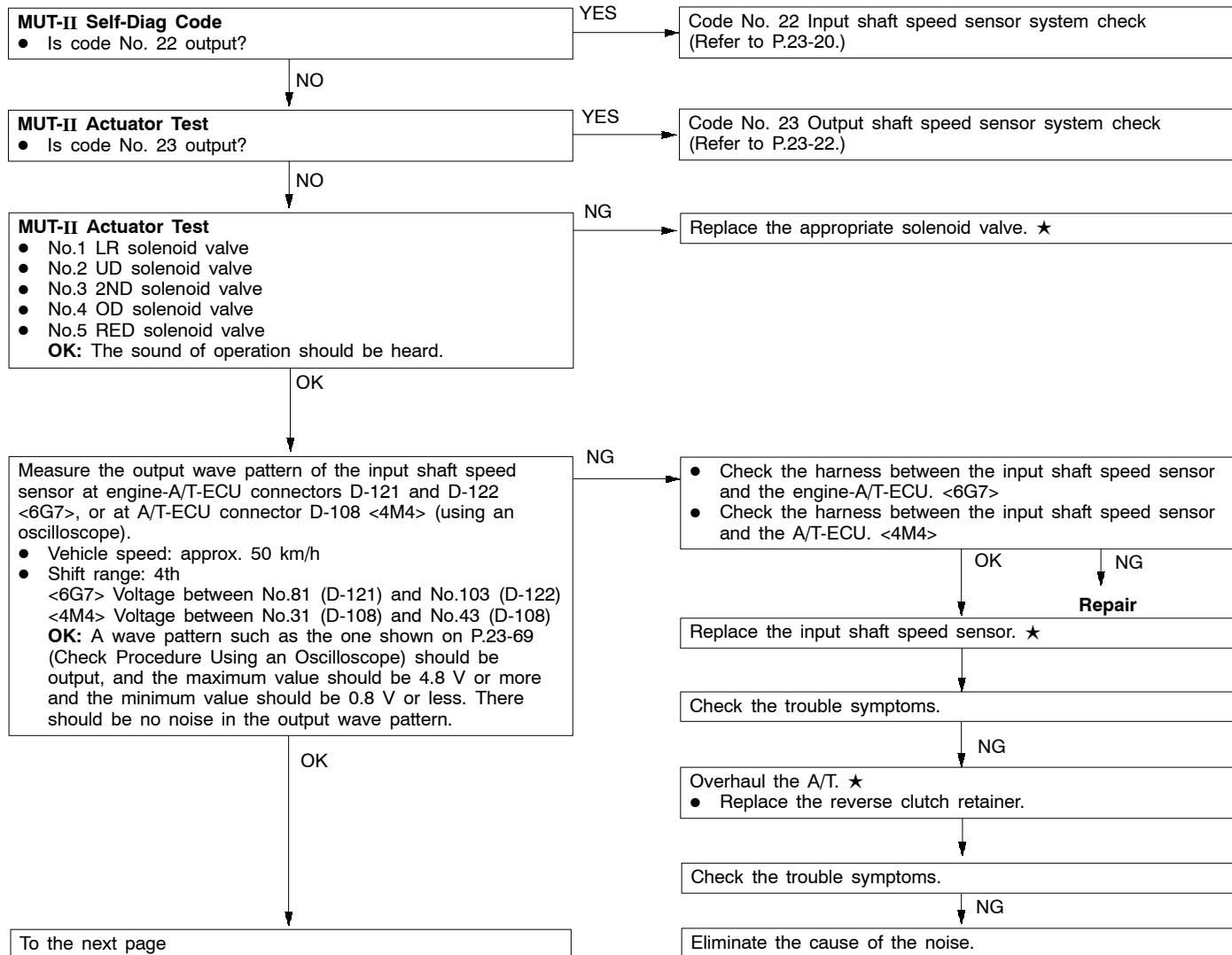
★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.

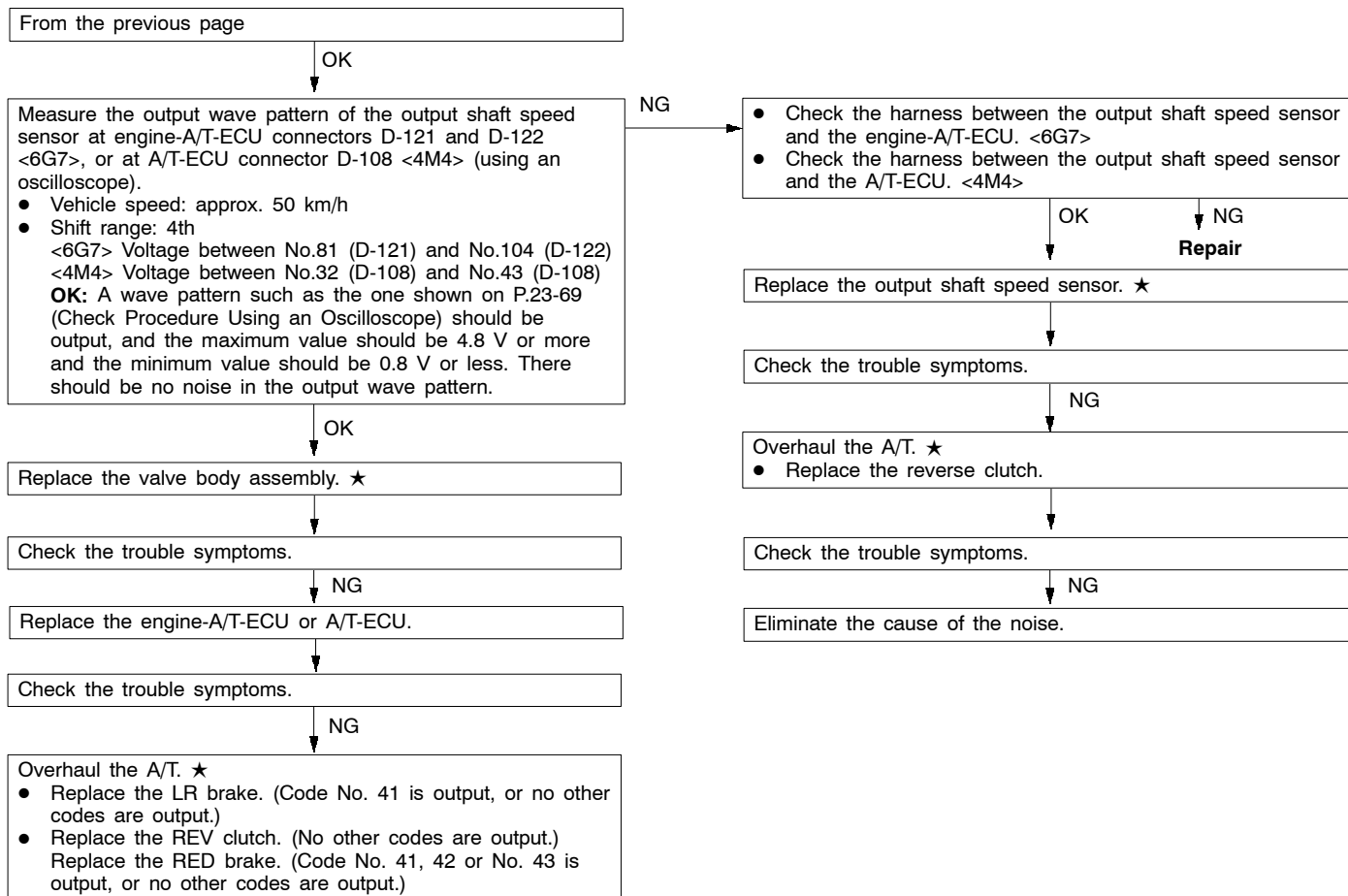




Code No. 46 Reverse without completion of shifting	Probable cause
<p>If the output shaft speed sensor output multiplied by the reverse gear ratio is not identical to the input shaft speed sensor output after shifting to reverse, code No. 46 is output.</p> <p>If code No. 46 is output 4 times, the transmission is fixed in 3rd and the N range lamp flashes at a rate of 1 Hz.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of input shaft speed sensor</li> <li>• Malfunction of output shaft speed sensor</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of solenoid valve</li> <li>• Malfunction of reverse clutch retainer</li> <li>• Malfunction of direct planetary carrier</li> <li>• Malfunction of LR brake system</li> <li>• Malfunction of REV clutch system</li> <li>• Malfunction of RED clutch system</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> <li>• Noise is generated.</li> </ul>

★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



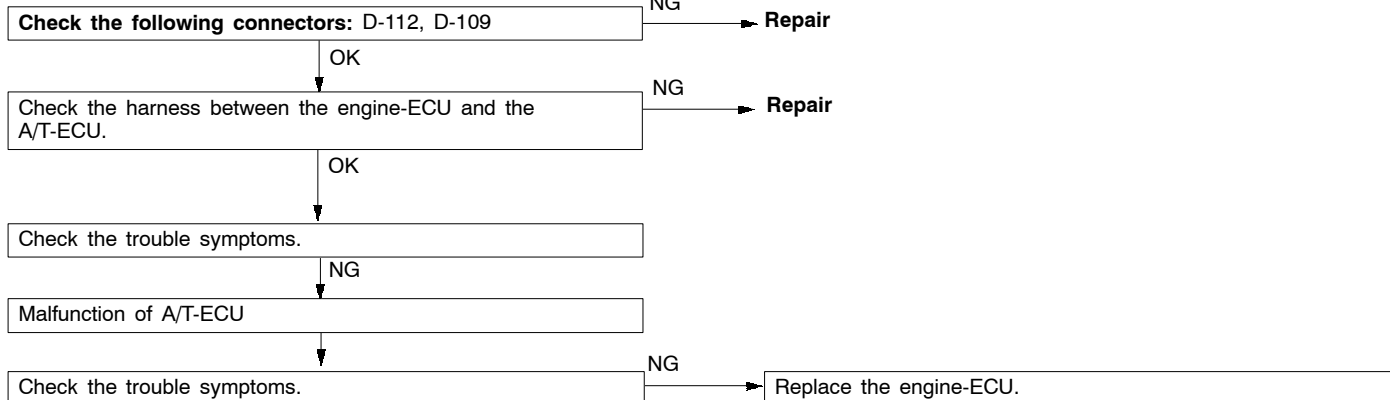


Code No. 51 Communication problem with engine-ECU	Probable cause
If normal communication cannot be carried out successfully for 1 second or more when the ignition switch is at the ON position, the system voltage is 10 V or higher and the engine speed is 450 r/min or higher, code No. 51 is output. Furthermore, code No. 51 is also output if a communication problem with receiving data continues for 4 seconds or more under the same conditions.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>Malfunction of engine-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> <li>Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> <li>Malfunction of harness or connector &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

#### <6G7>

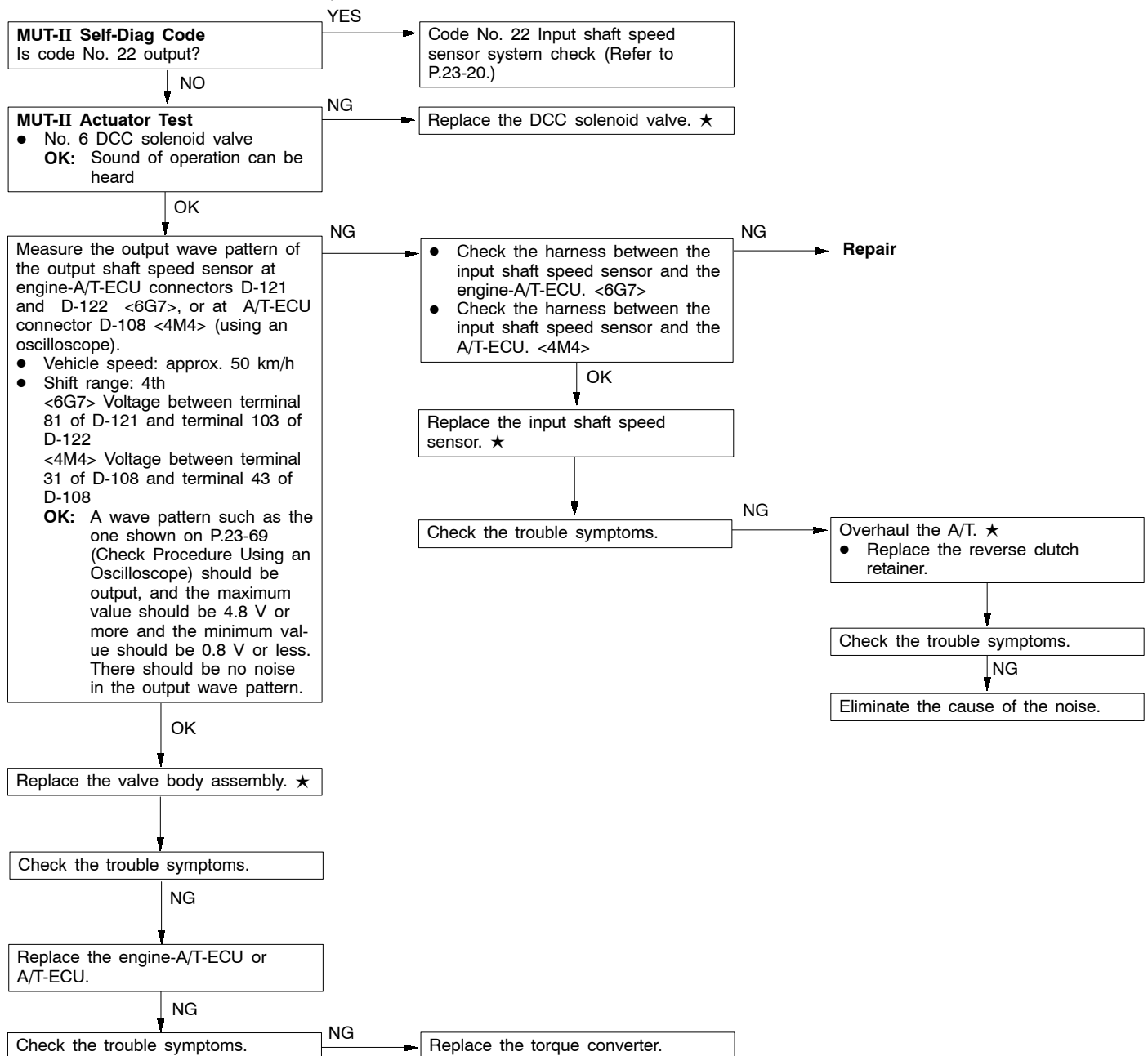
Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU

#### <4M4>

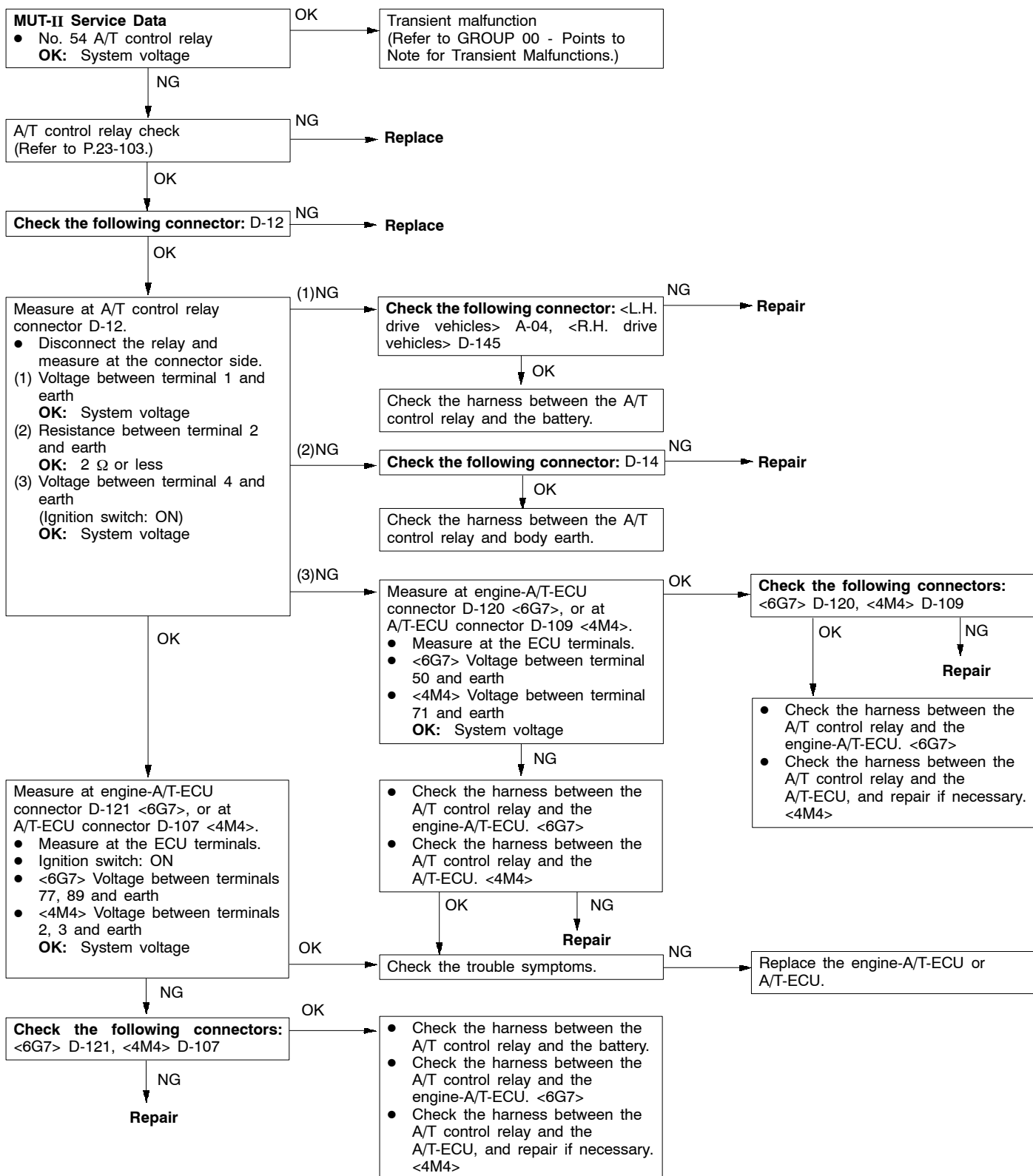


Code No. 52 Damper clutch control system	Probable cause
If the DCC solenoid valve drive duty ratio is 100% for a continuous period of 4 seconds or more when the damper clutch starts operating, it is judged that there is a problem with the damper clutch control system, and code No. 52 is output.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of input shaft speed sensor</li> <li>• Malfunction of DCC solenoid valve</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of reverse clutch retainer</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of torque converter</li> </ul>

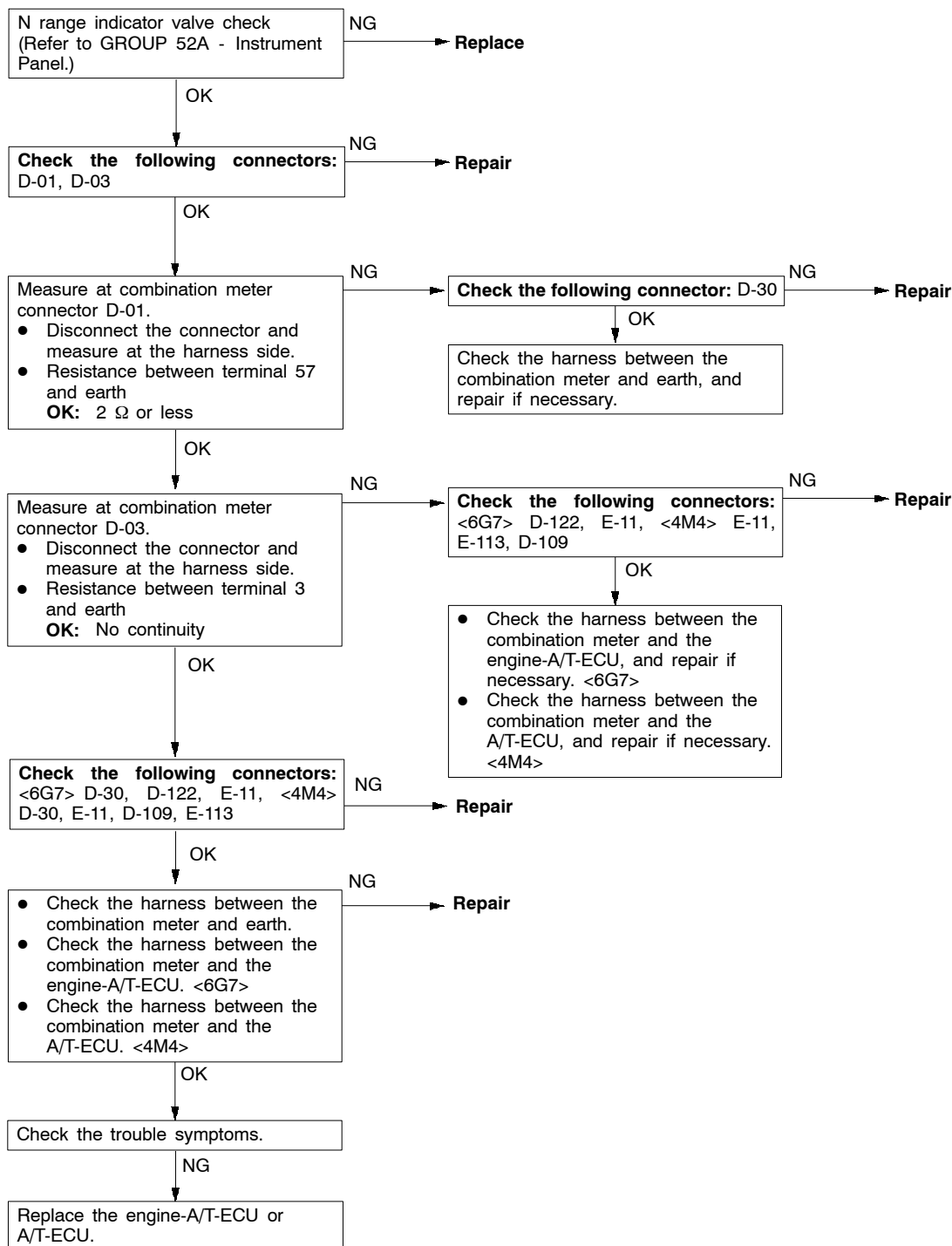
★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



Code No. 54 A/T control relay system	Probable cause
<p>If the A/T control relay voltage is less than 7 V after the ignition switch is turned to the ON position, it is judged that there is a short-circuit to earth or open circuit in the A/T control relay, and code No. 54 is output.</p> <p>The transmission will be fixed in 3rd as a fail-safe measure, and the N range indicator will flash at a rate of 1 Hz.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of A/T control relay</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>



Code No. 56 N range lamp system	Probable cause
If the N range signal is OFF after the N range lamp illuminates (ON), it is judged that there is a short-circuit to earth in the N range lamp, and code No. 56 is output.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of Combination meter</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>



## CHART CLASSIFIED BY TROUBLE SYMPTOMS

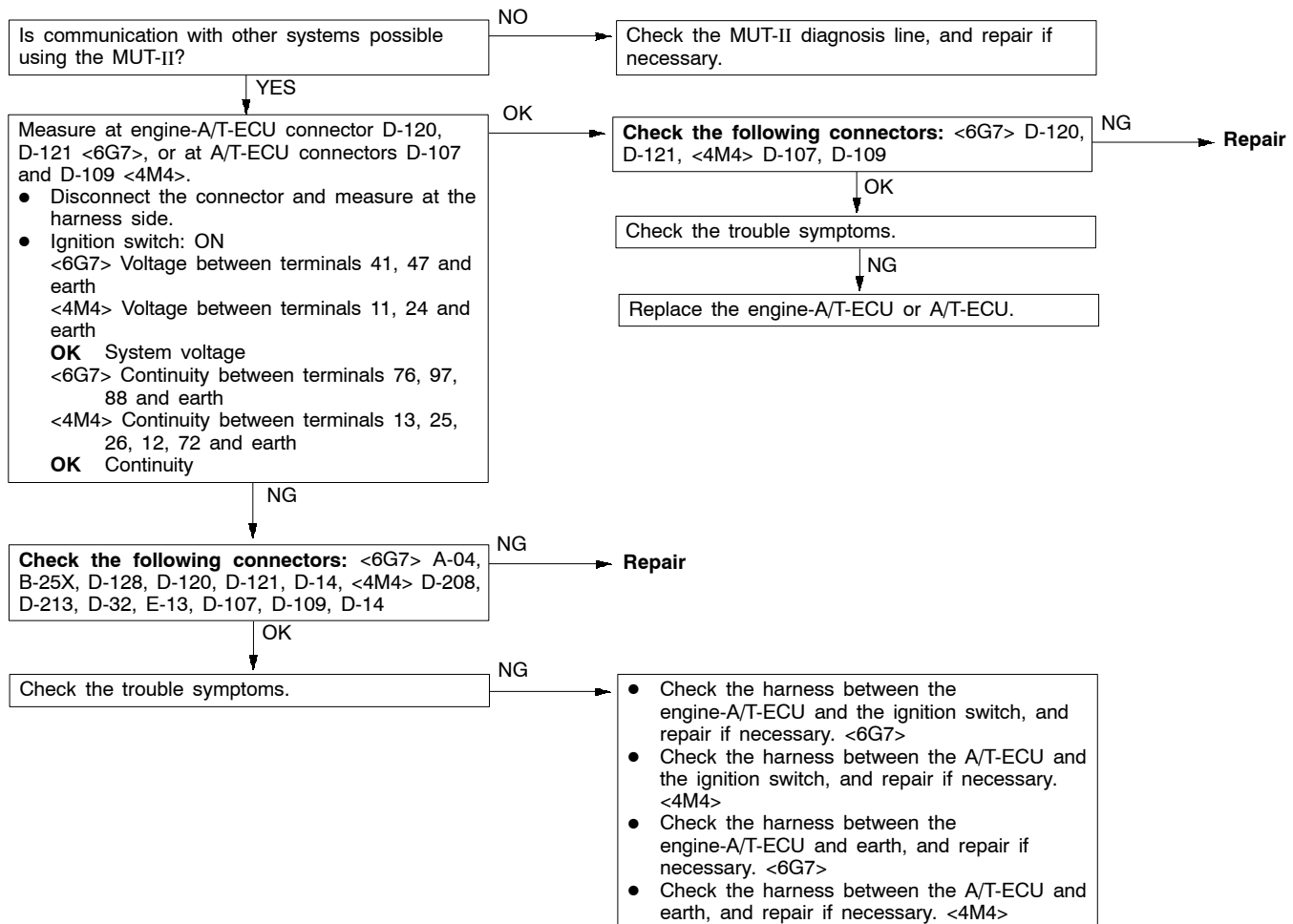
Trouble Symptom		Inspection pro- cedure No.	Reference page
Communication with the MUT-II is not possible.		1	23-48
Driving not possible	Starting not possible	2	23-49
	Does not move forward	3	23-49
	Does not reverse	4	23-50
	Does not move (forward or reverse)	5	23-51
Malfunction when starting off	Engine stalls during shifting	6	23-51
	N-to-D shocks, large time lag	7	23-52
	N-to-R shocks, large time lag	8	23-53
	N-to-D, N-to-R shocks, large time lag	9	23-54
Problem during shifting	Shocks, engine racing	10	23-54
Incorrect shift points	All points	11	23-55
	Some points	12	23-56
No shifting	No diagnosis code	13	23-56
Problem during driving	Poor acceleration	14	23-57
	Vibration	15	23-57
Inhibitor switch system		16	23-58
Shift switch assembly system		17	23-58
Dual pressure switch system		18	23-59
Vehicle speed sensor system		19	23-59
4LLc switch system		20	23-60



## INSPECTION PROCEDURES CLASSIFIED BY TROUBLE SYMPTOM

## Inspection procedure 1

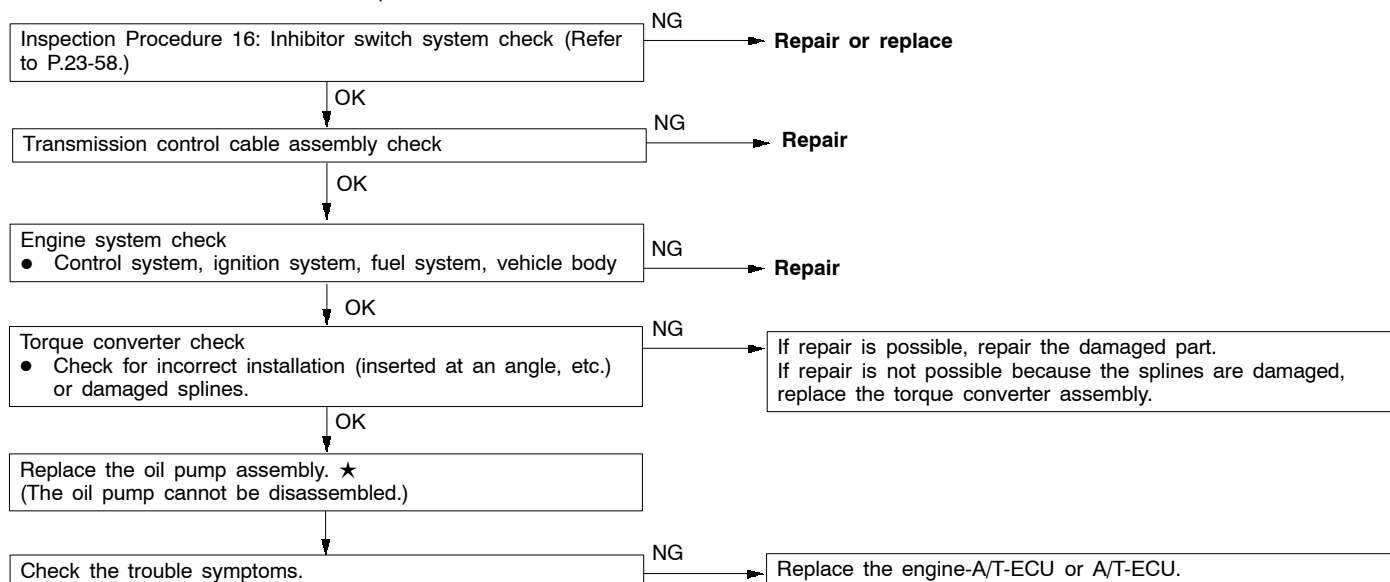
Communication with the MUT-II is not possible.	Probable cause
If communication with the MUT-II is not possible, the cause is probably a malfunction of the diagnosis line or the A/T-ECU is not functioning.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of diagnosis line</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>



## Inspection procedure 2

Starting not possible	Probable cause
If the engine will not start when the selector lever is at the P or N position, the cause is probably a malfunction of the inhibitor switch system, the transmission control cable assembly, the engine system, the torque converter or the oil pump.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of inhibitor switch system</li> <li>• Malfunction of transmission control cable assembly</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine system</li> <li>• Malfunction of torque converter</li> <li>• Malfunction of oil pump</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

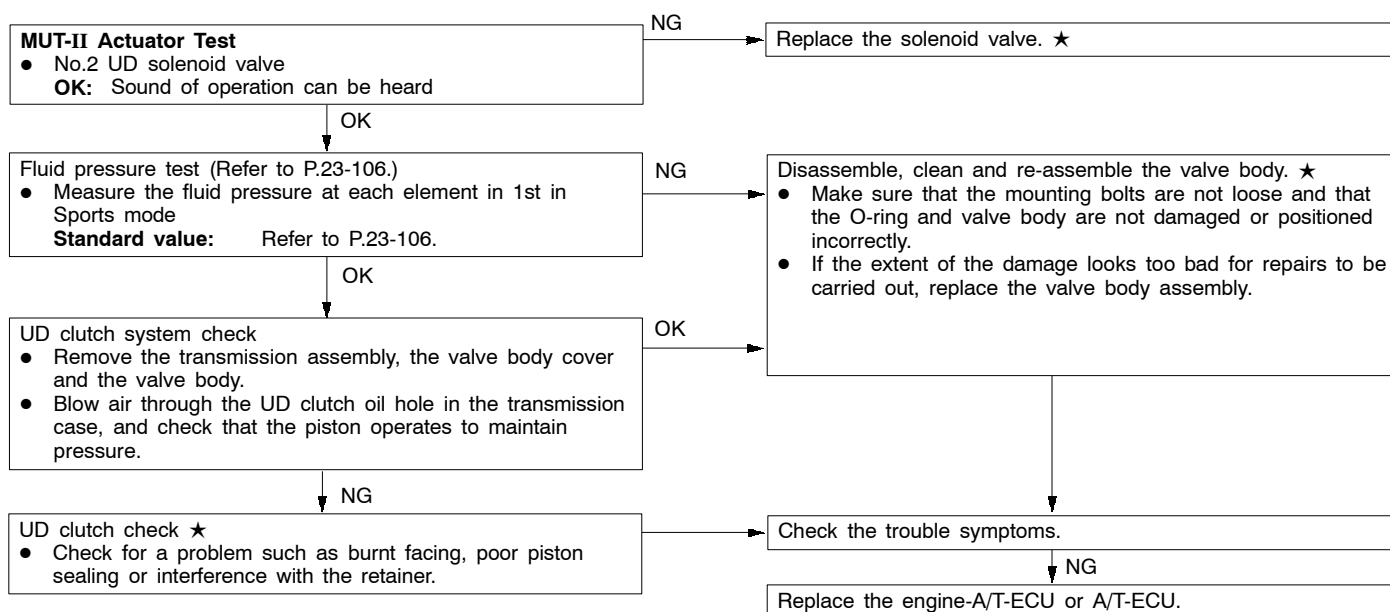
★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



## Inspection procedure 3

Does not move forward	Probable cause
If the vehicle does not move forward when the engine is idling and the selector lever is moved from N to D, 3, 2 or L, or if it is shifted to 1st or 2nd in Sports mode, the cause is probably a problem with line pressure, or a malfunction of the UD clutch or valve body.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Abnormal line pressure</li> <li>• Malfunction of UD solenoid valve</li> <li>• Malfunction of UD clutch system</li> <li>• Malfunction of valve body</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

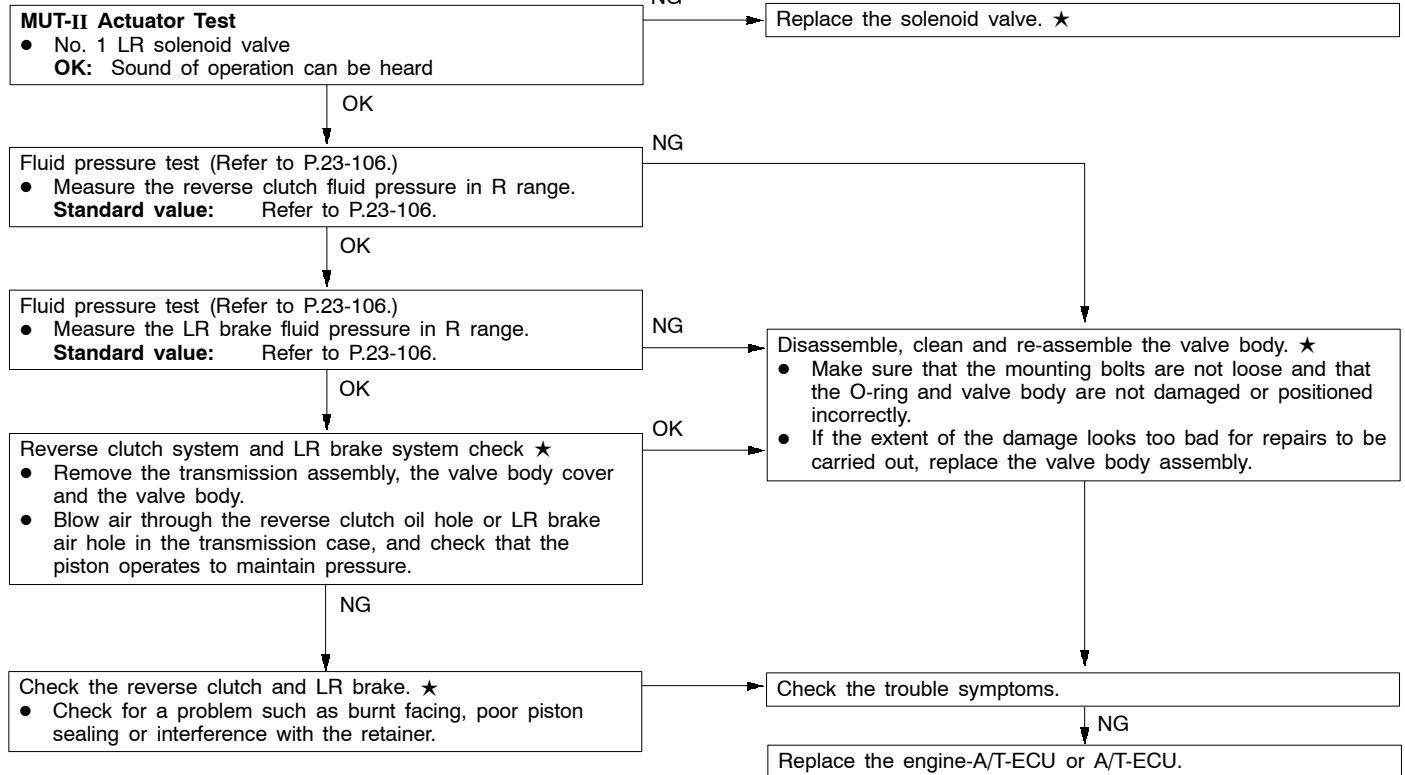
★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



## Inspection procedure 4

Does not reverse	Probable cause
If the vehicle does not reverse when the engine is idling and the selector lever is moved from N to R, the cause is probably a problem with reverse clutch pressure or LR brake pressure, or a malfunction of the reverse clutch, LD clutch or valve body.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Abnormal reverse clutch pressure</li> <li>● Abnormal LR brake pressure</li> <li>● Malfunction of LR solenoid valve</li> <li>● Malfunction of reverse clutch</li> <li>● Malfunction of LR brake</li> <li>● Malfunction of valve body</li> <li>● Replacement of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>● Replacement of A/T-ECU. &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

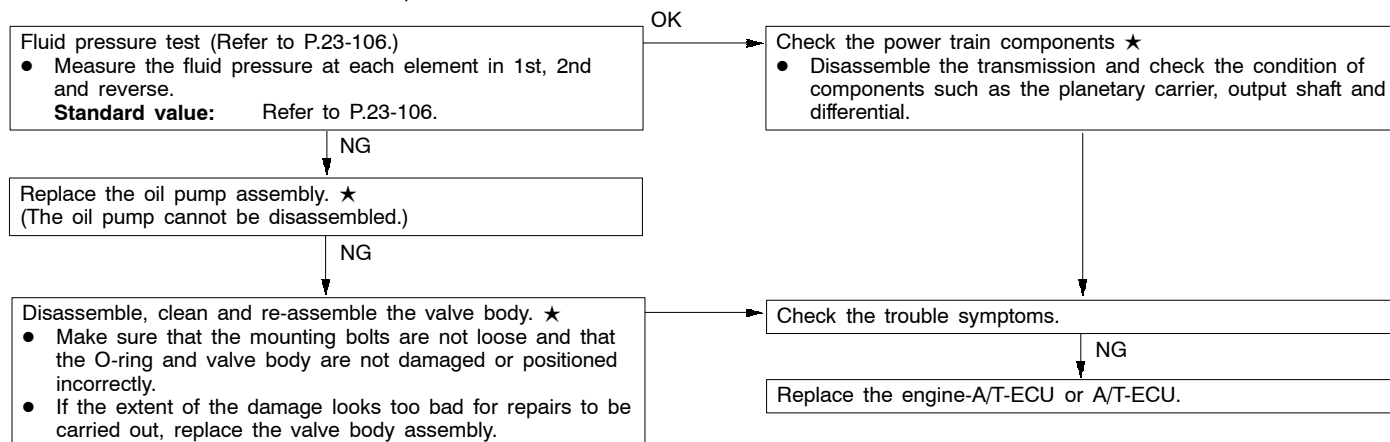
★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



### Inspection procedure 5

Does not move (forward or reverse)	Probable cause
<p>If the vehicle does not move forward or reverse when the selector lever is moved to any position while the engine is idling, the cause is probably a problem with line pressure or a malfunction of the oil pumps and valve bodies in the power train.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Abnormal line pressure</li> <li>● Malfunction of power train components</li> <li>● Malfunction of oil pump</li> <li>● Malfunction of valve body</li> <li>● Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>● Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

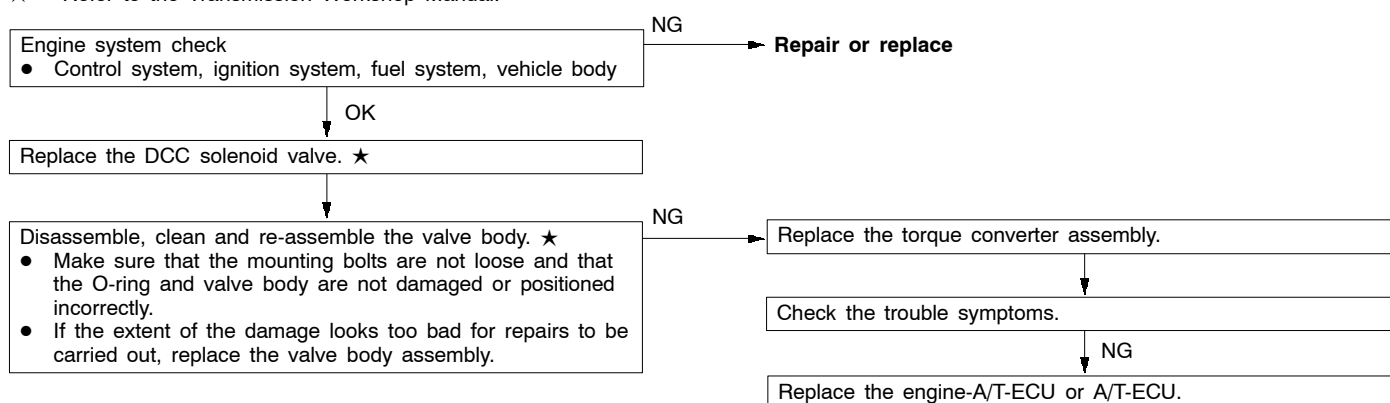
★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



### Inspection procedure 6

Engine stalls during shifting	Probable cause
<p>If the engine stalls when the selector lever is moved from N to D or R while the engine is idling, the cause is probably a malfunction of the engine system, DCC solenoid valve, valve body, or torque converter (damper clutch).</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Malfunction of engine system</li> <li>● Malfunction of DCC solenoid valve</li> <li>● Malfunction of valve body</li> <li>● Malfunction of torque converter (malfunction of damper clutch)</li> <li>● Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>● Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

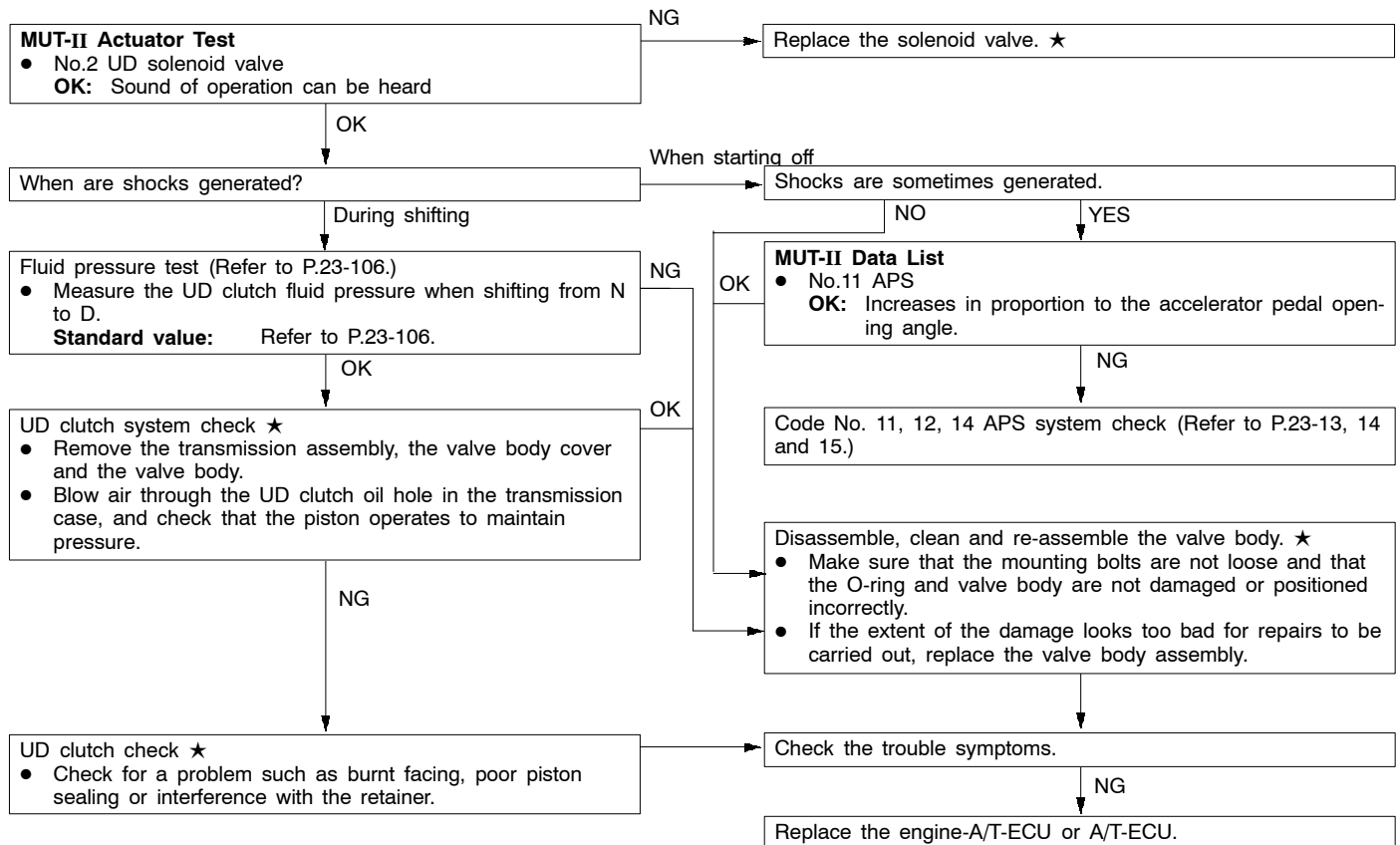
★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



## Inspection procedure 7

N-to-D shocks, large time lag	Probable cause
If abnormal shocks or a time lag of 2 seconds or more occurs when the selector lever is moved from N to D while the engine is idling, the cause is probably abnormal UD clutch pressure, or a malfunction of the UD clutch, valve body or APS.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Abnormal UD clutch pressure</li> <li>Malfunction of UD solenoid valve</li> <li>Malfunction of UD clutch system</li> <li>Malfunction of valve body</li> <li>Malfunction of APS</li> <li>Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

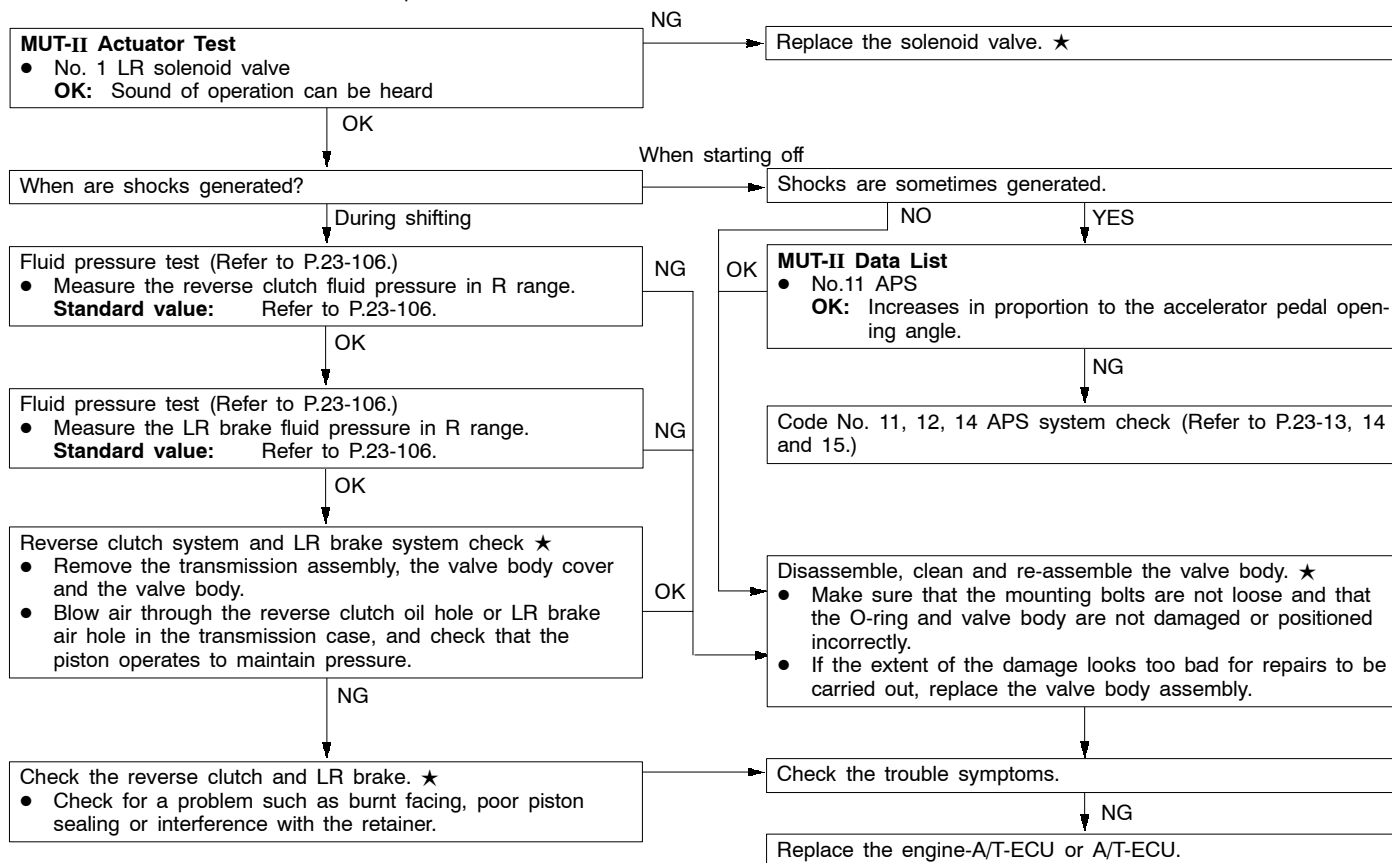
★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



## Inspection procedure 8

N to R shocks, large time lag	Probable cause
<p>If abnormal shocks or a time lag of 2 seconds or more occurs when the selector lever is moved from N to R while the engine is idling, the cause is probably abnormal reverse clutch pressure or LD brake pressure, or a malfunction of the reverse clutch, LR brake, valve body or APS.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Abnormal reverse clutch pressure</li> <li>Abnormal LR brake pressure</li> <li>Malfunction of LR solenoid valve</li> <li>Malfunction of reverse clutch</li> <li>Malfunction of LR brake</li> <li>Malfunction of valve body</li> <li>Malfunction of APS</li> <li>Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

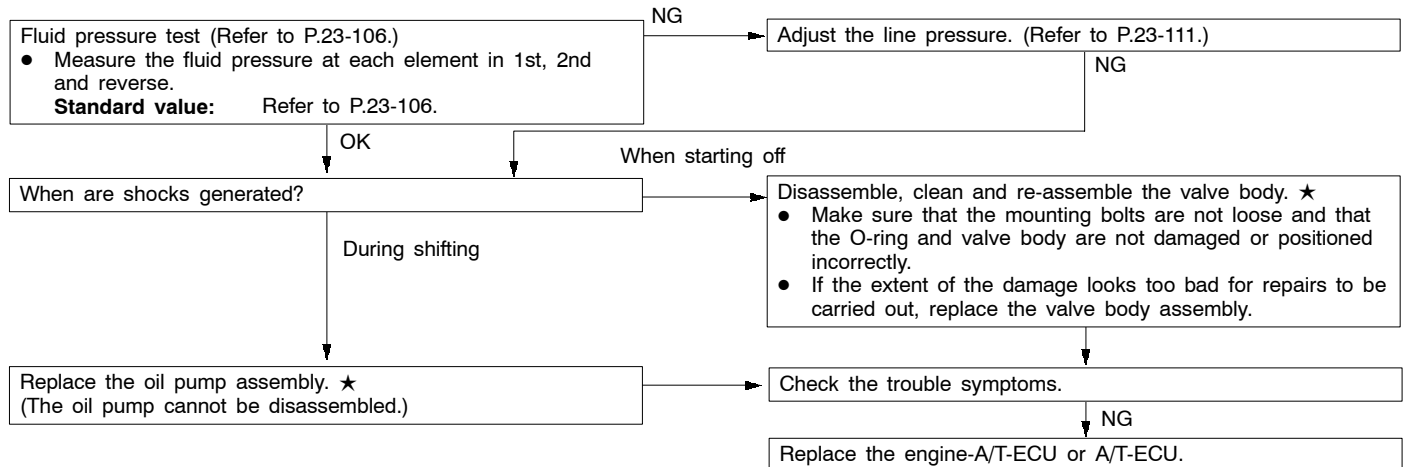
★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



## Inspection procedure 9

N-to-D and N-to-R shocks, large time lag	Probable cause
If abnormal shocks or a time lag of 2 seconds or more occurs when the selector lever is moved from N to both D and R while the engine is idling, the cause is probably abnormal line pressure, or a malfunction of the oil pump or valve body.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Abnormal line pressure</li> <li>Malfunction of oil pump</li> <li>Malfunction of valve body</li> <li>Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

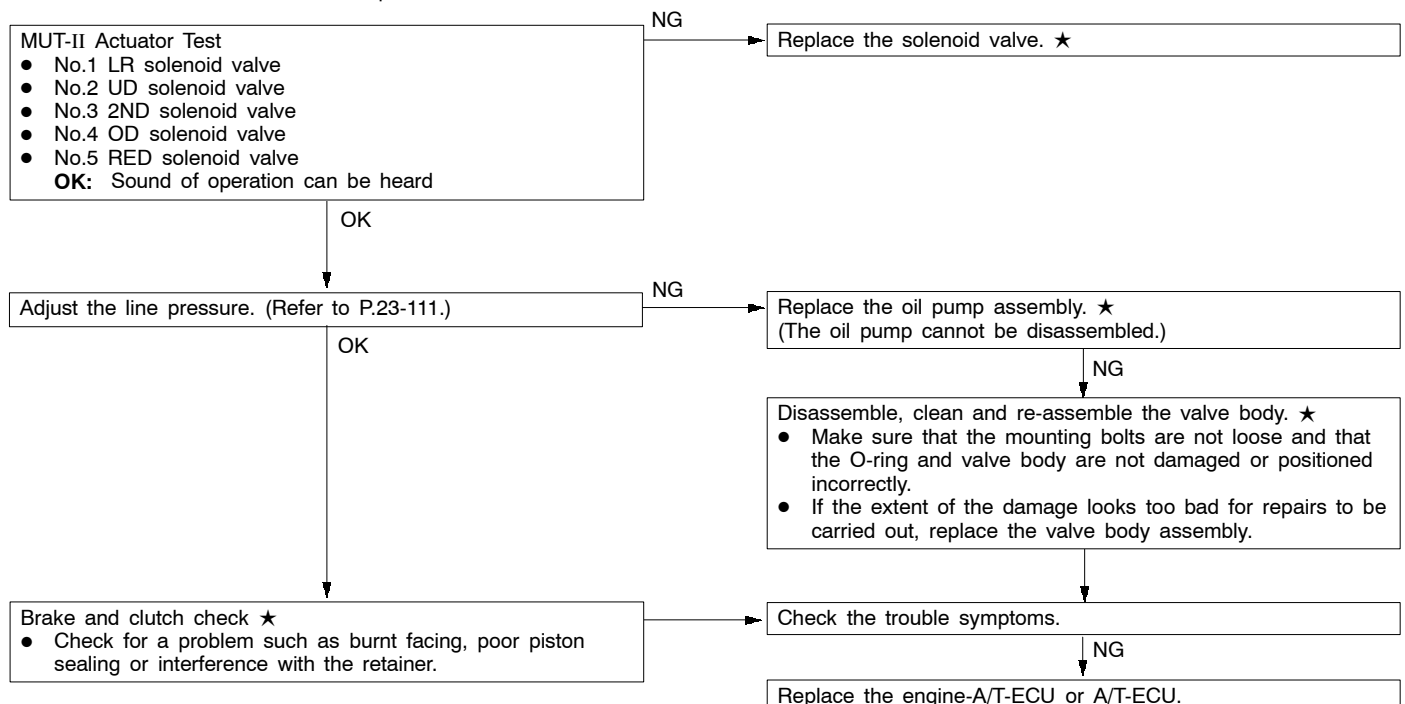
★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



## Inspection procedure 10

Shocks, engine racing	Probable cause
If shocks occur when driving due to upshifting or downshifting, or the transmission speed becomes higher than the engine speed, the cause is probably abnormal line pressure or a malfunction of a solenoid valve, oil pump, valve body or of a brake or clutch.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Abnormal line pressure</li> <li>Malfunction of solenoid valve</li> <li>Malfunction of oil pump</li> <li>Malfunction of valve body</li> <li>Malfunction of brake or clutch</li> <li>Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

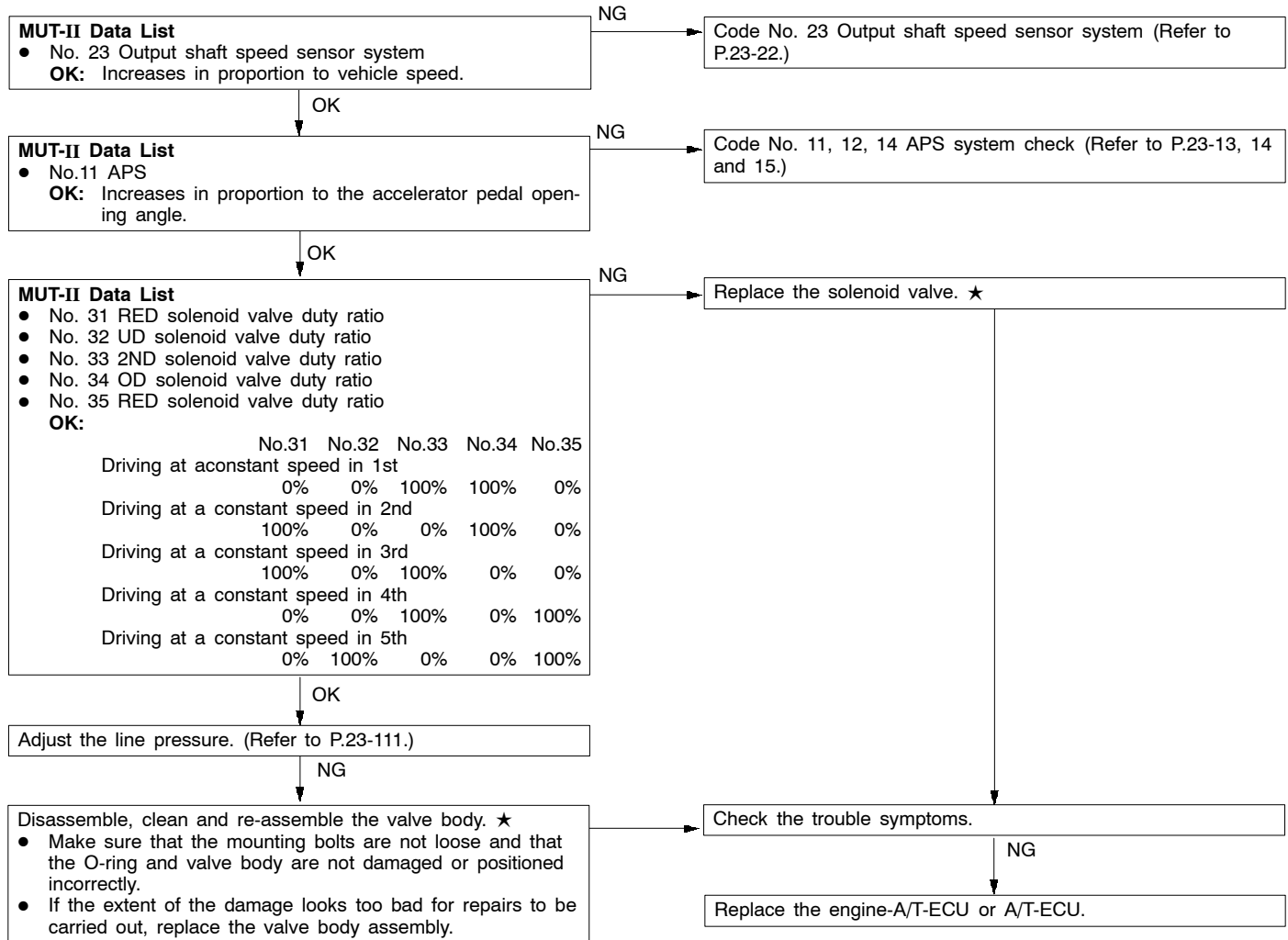
★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



### Inspection procedure 11

All points (incorrect shift points)	Probable cause
If all shift points are incorrect during driving, the cause is probably a malfunction of the output speed sensor, APS or solenoid valve.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Malfunction of output shaft speed sensor</li> <li>● Malfunction of APS</li> <li>● Malfunction of solenoid valve</li> <li>● Abnormal line pressure</li> <li>● Malfunction of valve body</li> <li>● Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>● Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.

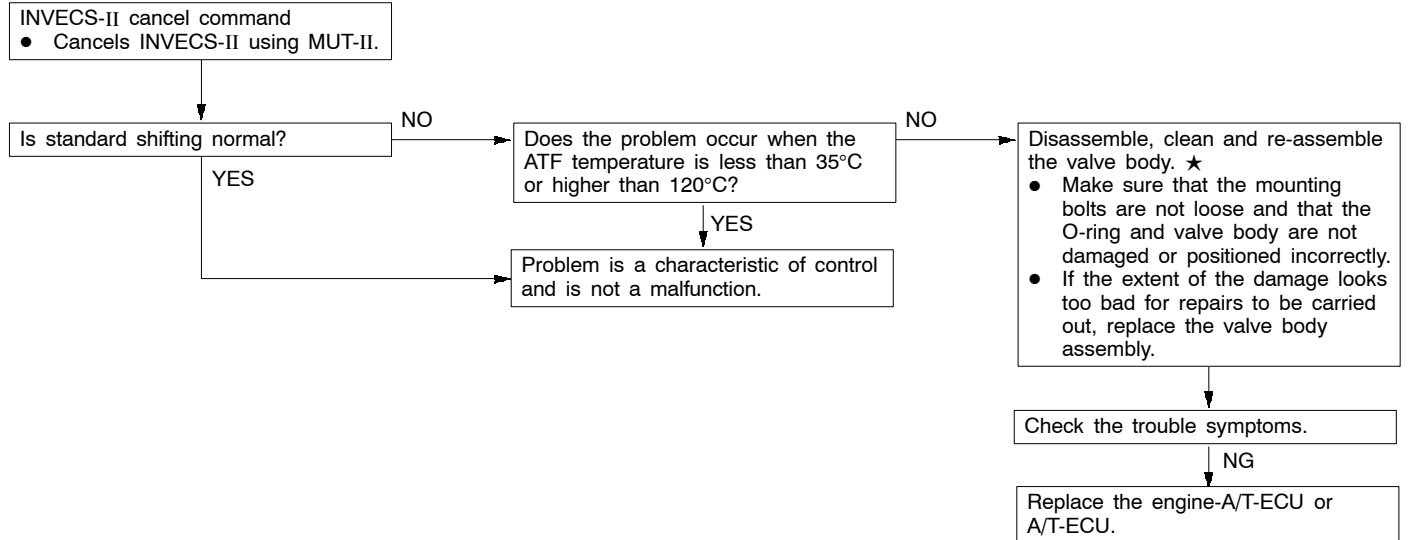




## Inspection procedure 12

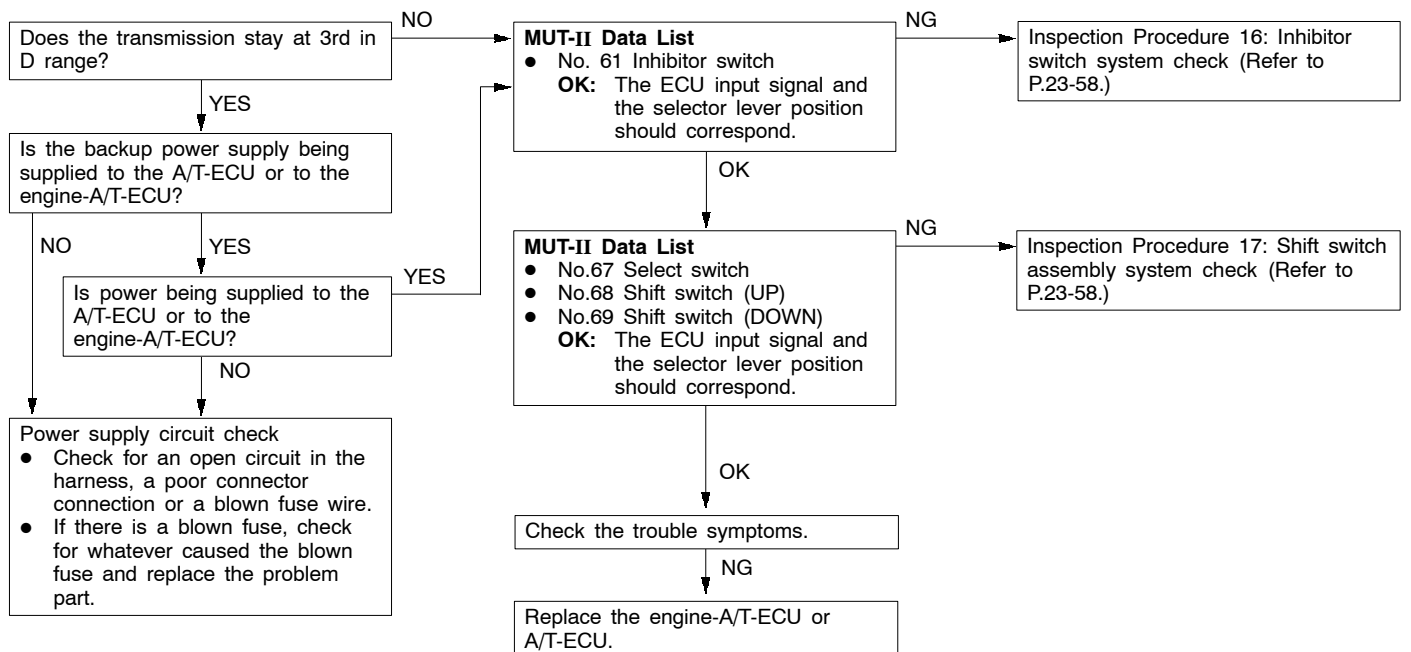
Some points (incorrect shift points)	Probable cause
If some of the shift points are incorrect while driving, the cause is probably a malfunction of the valve body, or it is a characteristic of control and is not a malfunction.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of valve body</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



## Inspection procedure 13

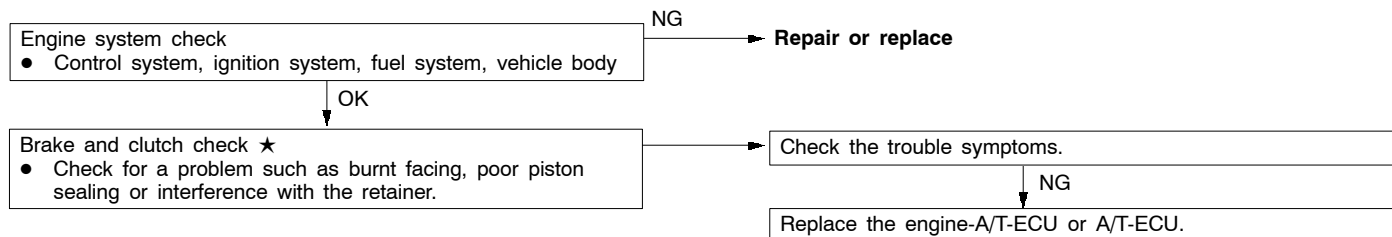
No diagnosis code (no shifting)	Probable cause
No shifting during driving However, if a diagnosis code is not output, the cause is probably malfunction of the inhibitor switch system, the shift switch assembly, the engine A/T-ECU or the A/T-ECU.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of Inhibitor switch</li> <li>• Malfunction of shift switch assembly system</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>



### Inspection procedure 14

Poor acceleration	Probable cause
If the vehicle does not accelerate after downshifting, the cause is probably a malfunction of the engine system or of a brake or clutch.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Malfunction of engine system</li> <li>● Malfunction of brake or clutch</li> <li>● Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>● Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

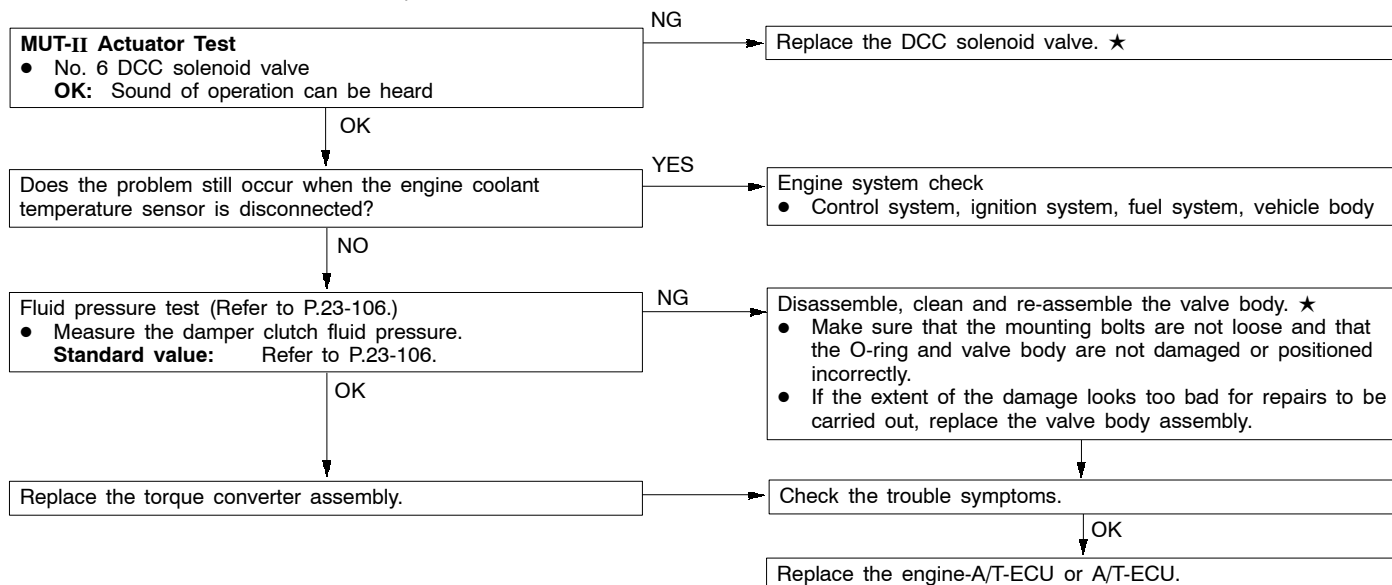
★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



### Inspection procedure 15

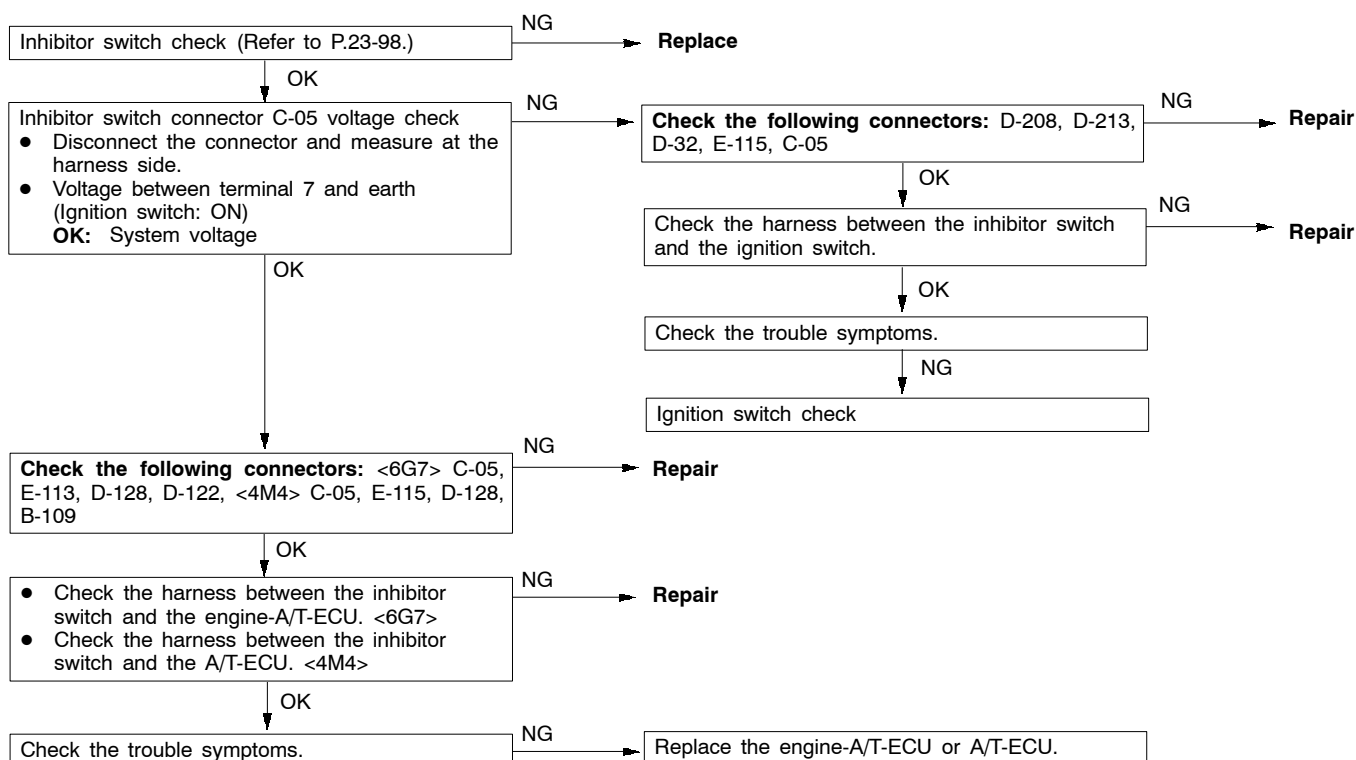
Vibration	Probable cause
If vibration occurs when accelerating or decelerating while driving at a constant speed or driving in top range, the cause is probably abnormal damper clutch pressure, or a malfunction of the engine system, DCC solenoid valve, torque converter or valve body.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Abnormal damper clutch pressure</li> <li>● Malfunction of engine system</li> <li>● Malfunction of DCC solenoid valve</li> <li>● Malfunction of torque converter</li> <li>● Malfunction of valve body</li> <li>● Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>● Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>

★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



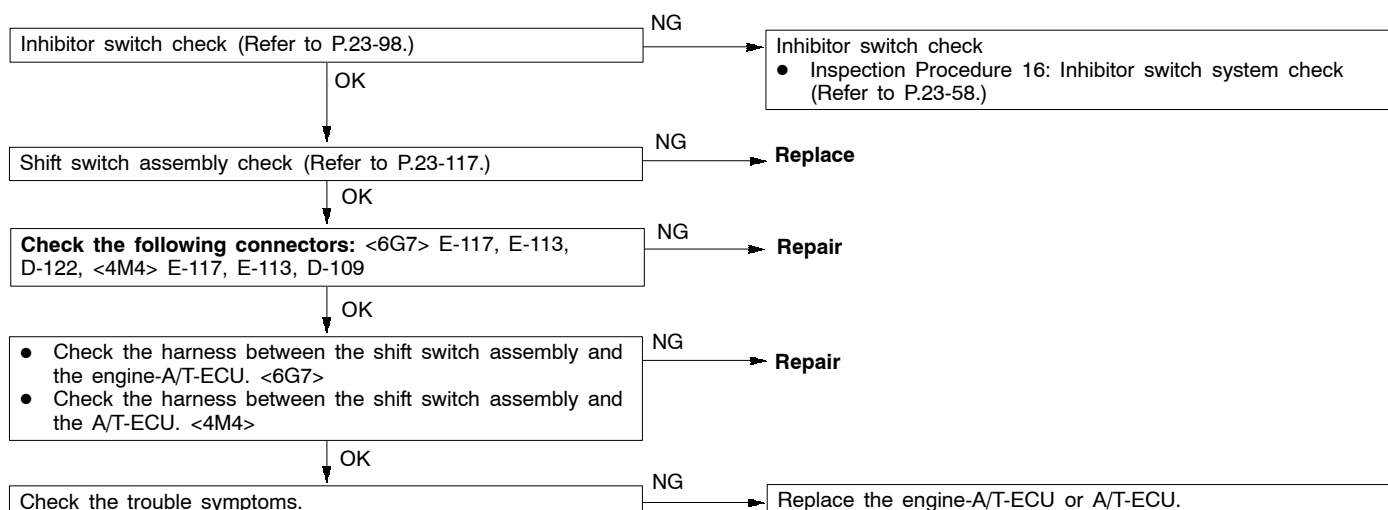
## Inspection procedure 16

Inhibitor switch system	Probable cause
The cause is probably a malfunction of the inhibitor switch circuit or the ignition switch circuit.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of Inhibitor switch</li> <li>• Malfunction of ignition switch</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>



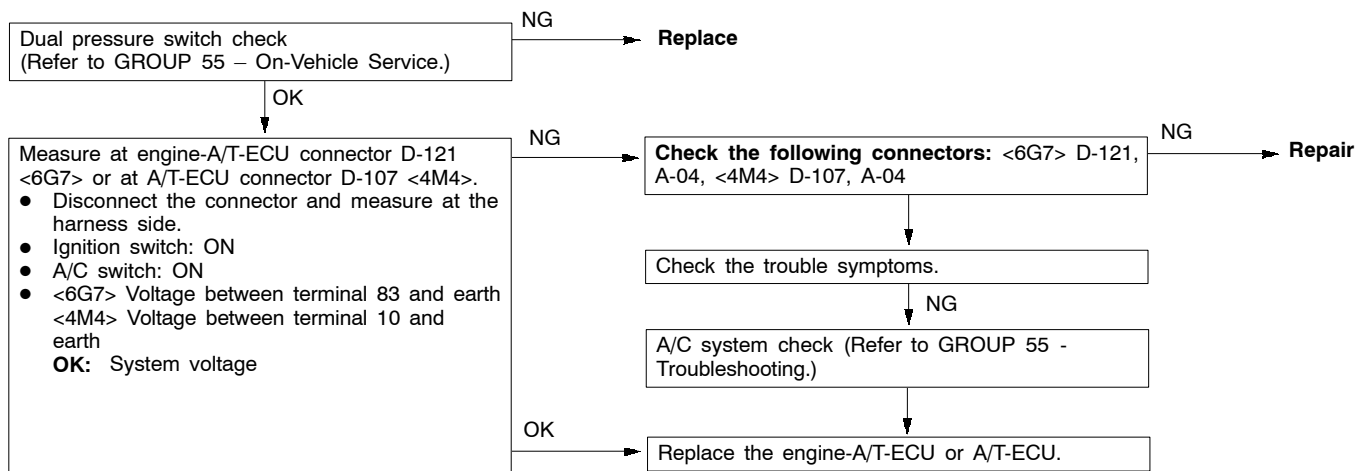
## Inspection procedure 17

Shift switch assembly system	Probable cause
The cause is probably a malfunction of the inhibitor switch circuit, shift switch assembly circuit, or of the engine-A/T-ECU or A/T-ECU.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of inhibitor switch</li> <li>• Malfunction of select switch</li> <li>• Malfunction of shift switch (UP)</li> <li>• Malfunction of shift switch (DOWN)</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>



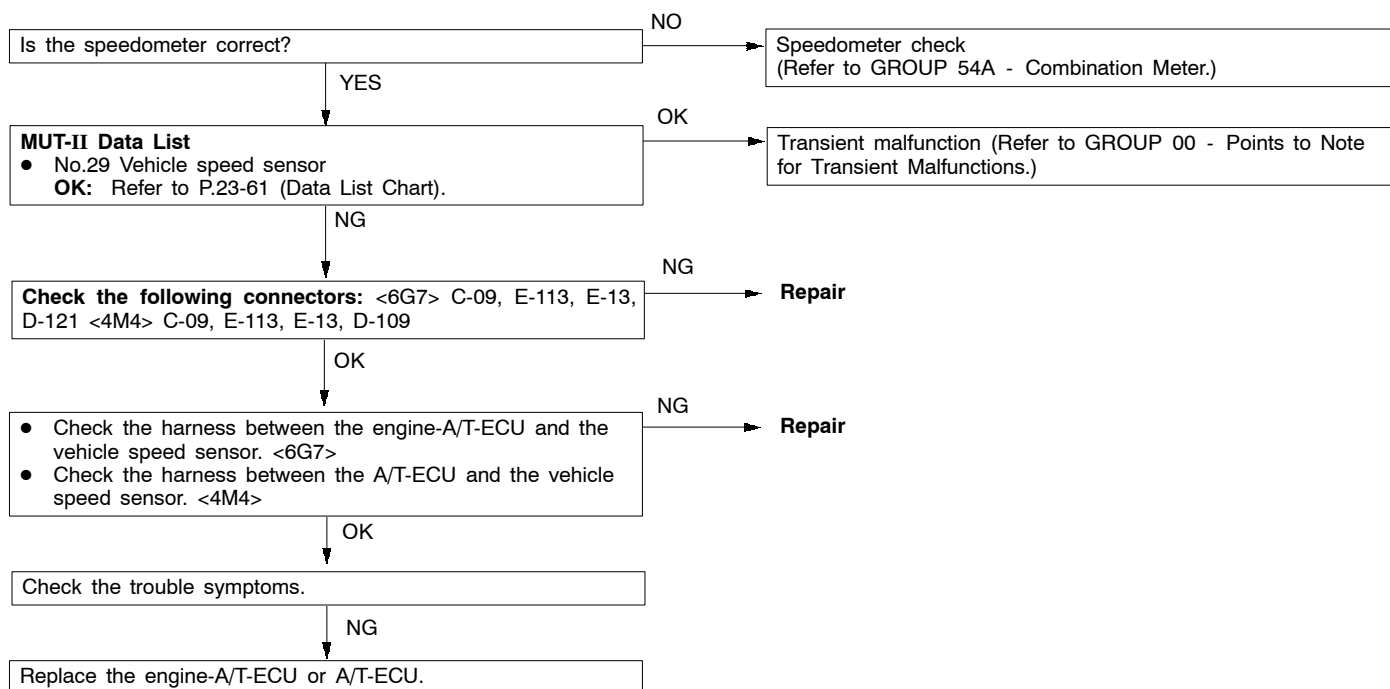
### Inspection procedure 18

Dual pressure switch system	Probable cause
The cause is probably a malfunction of the dual pressure switch circuit, or of the engine-A/T-ECU or A/T-ECU.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of dual pressure switch</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/C system</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>



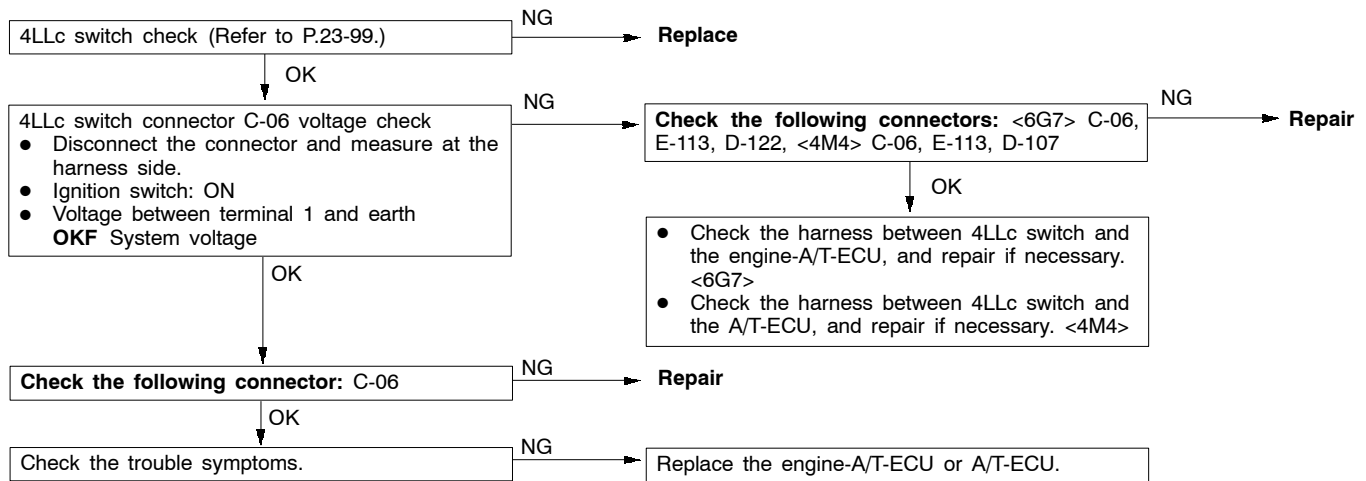
### Inspection procedure 19

Vehicle speed sensor system	Probable cause
The cause is probably a malfunction of the vehicle speed sensor circuit, or of the A/T-ECU or the engine-A/T-ECU.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of vehicle speed sensor</li> <li>• Malfunction of connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>



## Inspection procedure 20

4LLc switch system	Probable cause
The cause is probably a malfunction of the 4LLc switch circuit, or of the engine-A/T-ECU or A/T-ECU.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of 4LLc switch</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-A/T-ECU &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of A/T-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>



## DATA LIST REFERENCE TABLE

Data list No.	Check item	Inspection conditions		Normal condition				
11	APS	Ignition switch: ON Engine: Stopped Selector lever position: P	Accelerator pedal: Fully closed	985 - 1085 mV				
			Accelerator pedal: Depressed	Gradually increases from the above value.				
			Accelerator pedal: Fully open	4000 mV or higher				
15	A/T fluid temperature sensor	Driving after engine has warmed up	Drive for 15 minutes or more until the ATF temperature reaches 70 - 80°C.	Gradually increases to 70 - 80°C.				
21	Crank angle sensor <6G7> Engine speed sensor <4M4>	Engine: Idling Selector lever position: P	Compare the engine speeds displayed on the tachometer and the MUT-II.	Identical				
22	Input shaft speed sensor	Shift range: 4th	Driving at a constant speed of 50 km/h in 4th	1300 - 1600 r/min				
23	Output shaft speed sensor	Shift range: 4th	Driving at a constant speed of 50 km/h in 4th	1300 - 1600 r/min				
25	Wide open throttle switch	Accelerator pedal position	Released	OFF				
			Depressed	ON				
26	Stop lamp switch	Ignition switch: ON Engine: Stopped	Brake pedal: Depressed	ON				
			Brake pedal: Released	OFF				
29	Vehicle speed sensor	Selector lever position: Sports mode	Idling in 1st (Vehicle stopped)	0 km/h				
			Driving at a constant speed of 50 km/h in 3rd	50 km/h				
31	LR solenoid valve duty ratio	Selector lever position: Sports mode	Data List No.	No. 31	No. 32	No. 33	No. 34	No.35
32	UD solenoid valve duty ratio		Driving at a constant speed in 1st	0%	0%	100%	100%	0%
33	2nd solenoid valve duty ratio		Driving at a constant speed in 2nd	100%	0%	0%	100%	0%
34	OD solenoid valve duty ratio		Driving at a constant speed in 3rd	100%	0%	100%	0%	0%
35	RED solenoid valve duty ratio		Driving at a constant speed in 4th	0%	0%	100%	0%	100%
		Driving at a constant speed in 5th	100%	100%	0%	0%	100%	

Data list No.	Check item	Inspection conditions		Normal condition
36	DCC solenoid valve duty ratio	Shift range: 2nd	Driving at 30 km/h in 2 range, then fully close accelerator.	70% - 90% -to- 0%
			Driving at 50 km/h in 4th	70% - 90%
52	Damper clutch slip amount	Shift range: 2nd	Driving at 30 km/h in 2 range, then fully close accelerator.	-300 - 100 r/min or 100 - 300 r/min
			Driving at a constant speed of 50 km/h in 4th	-10 - 10 r/min
54	Control relay output voltage	Ignition switch: OFF	Ignition switch: ON	10 - 12 V
61	Inhibitor switch	Ignition switch: ON Engine: Stopped	Selector lever position: P	P
			Selector lever position: R	R
			Selector lever position: N	N
			Selector lever position: D	D
63	Shift position	Selector lever position: Sports mode	Driving at a constant speed of 10 km/h in 1st	1st
			Driving at a constant speed of 30 km/h in 2nd	2nd
			Driving at a constant speed of 50 km/h in 3rd	3rd
			Driving at a constant speed of 50 km/h in 4th	4th
			Driving at a constant speed of 70 km/h in 5th	5th
65	Dual pressure switch	Engine: Idling	A/C switch: ON	ON
			A/C switch: OFF	OFF
66	OD-OFF signal <Vehicles with auto-cruise control system>	While auto-cruise control is operating	While driving on a level road	OFF
			While climbing an incline	ON

Data list No.	Check item	Inspection conditions		Normal condition		
67	Select switch	Ignition switch: ON Engine: Stopped	(Data List No. )	No. 67	No. 68	No. 69
			Selector lever position: D	OFF	OFF	OFF
68	Upshift switch		Selector lever operation: Sports mode selected	ON	OFF	OFF
69	Downshift switch		Selector lever operation: Lever moved to upshift position and held	ON	ON	OFF
			Selector lever operation: Lever moved to downshift position and held	ON	OFF	ON
73	Target effective engine pressure <6G7>	Engine: Idling Selector lever position: N	Accelerator pedal: fully closed to depressed	Data changes.		
75	4LLc switch	Ignition switch: ON Engine: Stopped	Transfer lever position: 4LLc	ON		
			Transfer lever position: Other than the above	OFF		
76	Theoretical effective engine pressure <4M4>	Engine: Idling Selector lever position: N	Accelerator pedal: fully closed to depressed	Data changes.		

## ACTUATOR TEST TABLE

Item No.	Check item	Test contents	Inspection conditions	Normal condition	
1	LR solenoid valve	The solenoid valve specified by the MUT-II is driven at 50% duty for 5 seconds. No other solenoid valves are energised.	Ignition switch: ON Selector lever position: P <b>Engine: Stopped</b> Throttle (accelerator) Opening angle voltage: Less than 1 V <6G7>, less than 1.2 V <4M4> The fail-safe function should not be operating.	The sound of operation should be heard when the solenoid valve is driven.	
2	UD solenoid valve				
3	2nd solenoid valve				
4	OD solenoid valve				
5	RED solenoid valve				
6	DCC solenoid valve				
7	1st shift indicator lamp	The indicator lamp for the shift stage specified by the MUT-II illuminates for 3 seconds.			The shift indicator lamp illuminates.
8	2nd shift indicator lamp				
9	3rd shift indicator lamp				
10	4th shift indicator lamp				
11	5th shift indicator lamp				
12	A/T control relay	The A/T control relay turns off for 3 seconds.			Data List No. 54 (1) During test: 0 V (2) Normal: System voltage (V)



## INVECS-II CANCEL COMMAND

Item No.	Item	Contents	NOTE
14	INVECS-II	Stops the INVECS-II control and changes gear according to the standard shift pattern.	Use this procedure when carrying out road test procedure 7. This function cancels the stopping of INVECS-II control when the ignition switch is turned OFF and then back ON.

## A/T-ECU TERMINAL VOLTAGE TABLE

&lt;6G7&gt;

1	2	3	4		5	6	7	8	41	42	43		44	45	46	71	72	73	74		75	76	77	101	102	103	104		105	106	107																																																
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130																																								

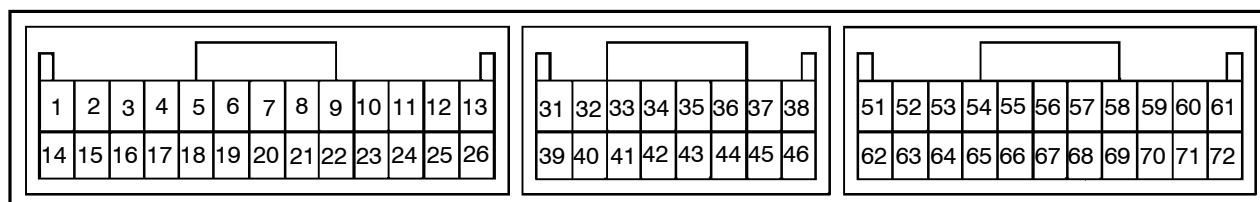
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Terminal No.	Check item	Inspection conditions	Standard value
50	A/T control relay	Ignition switch: OFF	0 V
		Ignition switch: ON	10 - 12 V
76	Earth	At all times	0 V
77	Solenoid valve power supply	Ignition switch: OFF	0 V
		Ignition switch: ON	System voltage
81	Sensor earth	At all times	0 V
88	Earth	At all times	0 V
89	Solenoid valve power supply	Ignition switch: OFF	0 V
		Ignition switch: ON	System voltage
97	Earth	At all times	0 V
101	Inhibitor switch P	Ignition switch: ON Selector lever position: P	System voltage
		Ignition switch: ON Selector lever position: Other than the above	0 V
102	Inhibitor switch D	Ignition switch: ON Selector lever: D	System voltage
		Ignition switch: ON Selector lever position: Other than the above	0 V
103	Input shaft speed sensor	Measure between terminals (57) and (103) using an oscilloscope. Engine: 2 000 r/min Shift range: 4th	Check Procedure Using an Oscilloscope (Refer to P.23-69.)
104	Output shaft speed sensor	Measure between terminals (57) and (104) using an oscilloscope. Engine: 2 000 r/min Shift range: 4th	Check Procedure Using an Oscilloscope (Refer to P.23-69.)
105	1st shift indicator lamp	Shift range: 1st	System voltage
		Shift range: Other than the above	0 V

Ter- minal No.	Check item	Inspection conditions	Standard value
106	2nd solenoid valve	Engine: Idling Shift range: 2nd	System voltage
		Engine: Idling Shift range: Park	7-9 V
107	DCC solenoid valve	Engine: Idling Shift range: 1st	System voltage
108	Inhibitor switch R	Engine: Idling Selector lever position: R	System voltage
		Engine: Idling Shift range: Other than the above	0 V
109	Select switch	Ignition switch: ON Selector lever operation: Sports mode	System voltage
		Ignition switch: ON Selector lever operation: Other than the above	0 V
110	Downshift switch	Ignition switch: ON Selector lever operation: Downshifted in Sports mode and lever held	System voltage
		Ignition switch: ON Selector lever operation: Other than the above	0 V
112	4LLc switch	Ignition switch: ON Transfer lever position: 4LLc	System voltage
		Ignition switch: ON Transfer lever position: Other than the above	0 V
115	Wide open throttle switch	Accelerator pedal: Released	System voltage
		Accelerator pedal: Depressed	0 V
117	3rd shift indicator lamp	Shift range: 3rd	System voltage
		Shift range: Other than the above	0 V
118	2nd shift indicator lamp	Shift range: 2nd	System voltage
		Shift range: Other than the above	0 V
119	RED solenoid valve	Engine: Idling Shift range: 5th	System voltage
		Engine: Idling Shift range: Park	7 - 9 V
120	UD solenoid valve	Engine: Idling Shift range: 1st	System voltage
		Engine: Idling Shift range: Park	7 - 9 V
121	Inhibitor switch N	Ignition switch: ON Selector lever position: N	System voltage
		Ignition switch: ON Selector lever position: Other than the above	0 V
122	Upshift switch	Ignition switch: ON Selector lever operation: Upshifted in Sports mode and lever held	System voltage
		Ignition switch: ON Selector lever operation: Other than the above	0 V
123	Stop lamp switch	Ignition switch: ON Brake pedal Depressed	System voltage
		Ignition switch: ON Brake pedal Released	0 V

Ter- minal No.	Check item	Inspection conditions	Standard value
124	A/T fluid temperature sensor	ATF temperature: 20°C	3.8 - 4.0 V
		ATF temperature: 40°C	3.2 - 3.4 V
		ATF temperature: 80°C	1.7 - 1.9 V
127	5th shift indicator lamp	Shift range: 5th	System voltage
		Shift range: Other than the above	0 V
128	4th shift indicator lamp	Shift range: 4th	System voltage
		Shift range: Other than the above	0 V
129	LR solenoid valve	Engine: Idling Shift range: Park	System voltage
		Engine: Idling Shift range: 2nd	7 - 9 V
130	OD solenoid valve	Engine: Idling Shift range: 3rd	System voltage
		Engine: Idling Shift range: Park	7 - 9 V

## &lt;4M4&gt;



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Ter- minal No.	Check item	Inspection conditions	Standard value
1	UD solenoid valve	Engine: Idling Shift range: 1st	System voltage
		Engine: Idling Shift range: Park	7 - 9 V
2	Solenoid valve power supply	Ignition switch: OFF	0 V
		Ignition switch: ON	System voltage
3	Solenoid valve power supply	Ignition switch: OFF	0 V
		Ignition switch: ON	System voltage
4	1st shift indicator lamp	Shift range: 1st	System voltage
		Shift range: Other than the above	0 V
5	3rd shift indicator lamp	Shift range: 3rd	System voltage
		Shift range: Other than the above	0 V
6	5th shift indicator lamp	Shift range: 5th	System voltage
		Shift range: Other than the above	0 V
9	4LLc switch	Transfer lever: 4LLc	System voltage
		Transfer lever: Other than the above	0 V

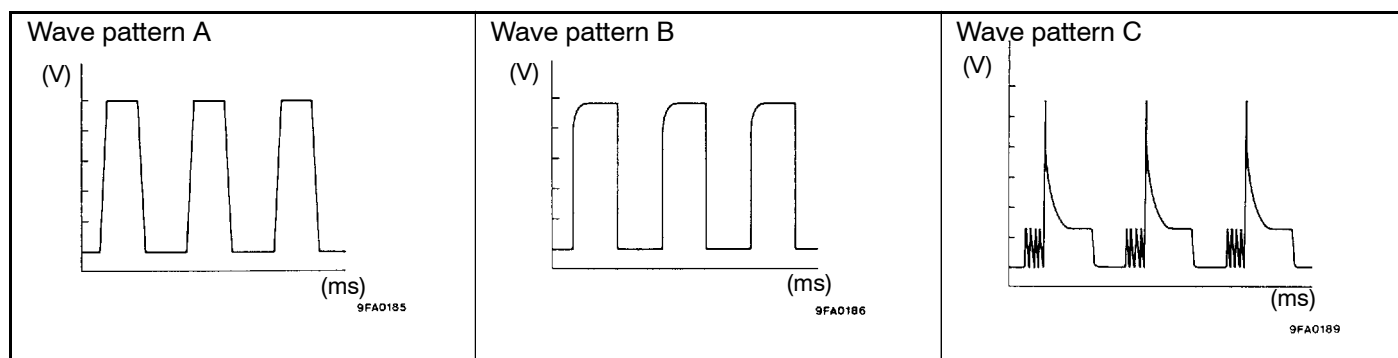
Ter- minal No.	Check item	Inspection conditions	Standard value
10	A/C compressor load signal	A/C switch: OFF	0 V
		A/C switch: ON	System voltage
11	Power supply	Ignition switch: OFF	0 V
		Ignition switch: ON	System voltage
12	Earth	At all times	0 V
13	Earth	At all times	0 V
14	OD solenoid valve	Engine: Idling Shift range: 3rd	System voltage
		Engine: Idling Shift range: Park	7 - 9 V
15	DCC solenoid valve	Engine: Idling Shift range: 1st	System voltage
16	2nd solenoid valve	Engine: Idling Shift range: 2nd	System voltage
		Engine: Idling Shift range: Park	7 - 9 V
17	2nd shift indicator lamp	Shift range: 2nd	System voltage
		Shift range: Other than the above	0 V
18	4th shift indicator lamp	Shift range: 4th	System voltage
		Shift range: Other than the above	0 V
24	Power supply	Ignition switch: OFF	0 V
		Ignition switch: ON	System voltage
25	Earth	At all times	0 V
26	Earth	At all times	0 V
31	Input shaft speed sensor	Measure between terminals (31) and (43) using an oscilloscope. Engine: 2 000 r/min Shift range: 4th	Check Procedure using an Oscilloscope (Refer to P.23-69.)
32	Output shaft speed sensor	Measure between terminals (32) and (43) using an oscilloscope. Engine: 2 000 r/min Shift range: 4th	Check Procedure using an Oscilloscope (Refer to P.23-69.)
33	Engine speed sensor	Engine: Idling	2.0 - 2.4 V
38	Backup power supply	At all times	System voltage
43	Sensor earth	At all times	0 V
44	A/T fluid temperature sensor	A/T fluid temperature 20°C	3.8 - 4.0 V
		A/T fluid temperature 40°C	3.2 - 3.4 V
		A/T fluid temperature 80°C	1.7 - 1.9 V
45	Accelerator pedal position sensor (APS)	Accelerator pedal: Fully closed (engine stopped)	0.985 - 1.085 V
		Accelerator pedal: Fully open (engine stopped)	4.0 V or higher
51	RED solenoid valve	Engine: Idling Shift range: 5th	System voltage
		Engine: Idling Shift range: Park	7 - 9 V
53	Output communication with engine-ECU	Engine: Idling Selector lever position: D	Other than 0 V

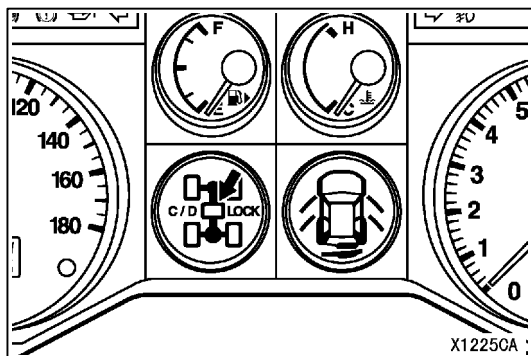
Ter- minal No.	Check item	Inspection conditions	Standard value
54	Input communication with engine-ECU	Engine: Idling Selector lever position: D	Other than 0 V
55	Inhibitor switch P	Ignition switch: ON Selector lever position: P	System voltage
		Ignition switch: ON Selector lever position: Other than the above	0 V
56	Inhibitor switch N	Ignition switch: ON Selector lever position: N	System voltage
		Ignition switch: ON Selector lever position: Other than the above	0 V
57	Select switch	Ignition switch: ON Selector lever operation: Sports mode	System voltage
		Ignition switch: ON Selector lever operation: Other than the above	0 V
58	Downshift switch	Ignition switch: ON Selector lever position: Downshifted in Sports mode and lever held	System voltage
		Ignition switch: ON Selector lever operation: Other than the above	0 V
59	Stop lamp switch	Ignition switch: ON Brake pedal Depressed	System voltage
		Ignition switch: ON Brake pedal Released	0 V
62	DIR solenoid valve	Engine: Idling Shift range: Park	System voltage
		Engine: Idling Shift range: 2nd	7 - 9 V
65	Wide open throttle switch	Accelerator pedal: Released	4.5 - 5.5 V
		Accelerator pedal: Depressed	Less than 0.4 V
66	Inhibitor switch R	Ignition switch: ON Selector lever position: R	System voltage
		Ignition switch: ON Selector lever position: Other than the above	0 V
67	Inhibitor switch D	Ignition switch: ON Selector lever position: D	System voltage
		Ignition switch: ON Selector lever position: Other than the above	0 V
68	Upshift switch	Ignition switch: ON Selector lever position: Upshifted in Sports mode and lever held	System voltage
		Ignition switch: ON Selector lever position: Other than the above	0 V
69	Vehicle speed sensor	When stopped	0 V
		When starting to drive forward slowly.	0 V and 5 V alternates
71	A/T control relay	Ignition switch: OFF	0 V
		Ignition switch: ON	10 - 12 V
72	Earth	Ignition switch: ON	0 V

## CHECK PROCEDURE USING AN OSCILLOSCOPE

Check item	Inspection conditions		Normal condition (Wave pattern sample)
Crank angle sensor	Selector lever position: N	Idling (vehicle stopped)	Wave pattern A
Input shaft speed sensor	Shift range: 4th	Driving at a constant speed of 50 km/h in 4th (Engine: 1 800 - 2 100 r/min)	Wave pattern B
Output shaft speed sensor			
Vehicle speed sensor			
LR solenoid valve	Ignition switch: ON Engine: Stopped Selector lever position: P Throttle (accelerator) opening angle voltage: Less than 1 V <6G7>, less than 1.2 V <4M4>	Force-drive the solenoid valves (actuator test).	Wave pattern C
UD solenoid valve			
2nd solenoid valve			
OD solenoid valve			
RED solenoid valve			
DCC solenoid valve			

### Wave pattern sample





## TROUBLESHOOTING <SS4 II>

### DIAGNOSIS FUNCTION

#### CENTER DIFFERENTIAL LOCK LAMP

When a problem occurs in the transfer system, the center differential lock lamp flashes at a rate of 1 Hz.

When the center differential lock lamp is flashing at a rate of 1 Hz, check the diagnosis output.

### READING DIAGNOSIS CODES

Use the MUT-II or the center differential lock lamp to read the diagnosis codes. (Refer to GROUP 00 - Guide to Troubleshooting and Inspection Procedures.)

### CHART CLASSIFIED BY DIAGNOSIS CODE

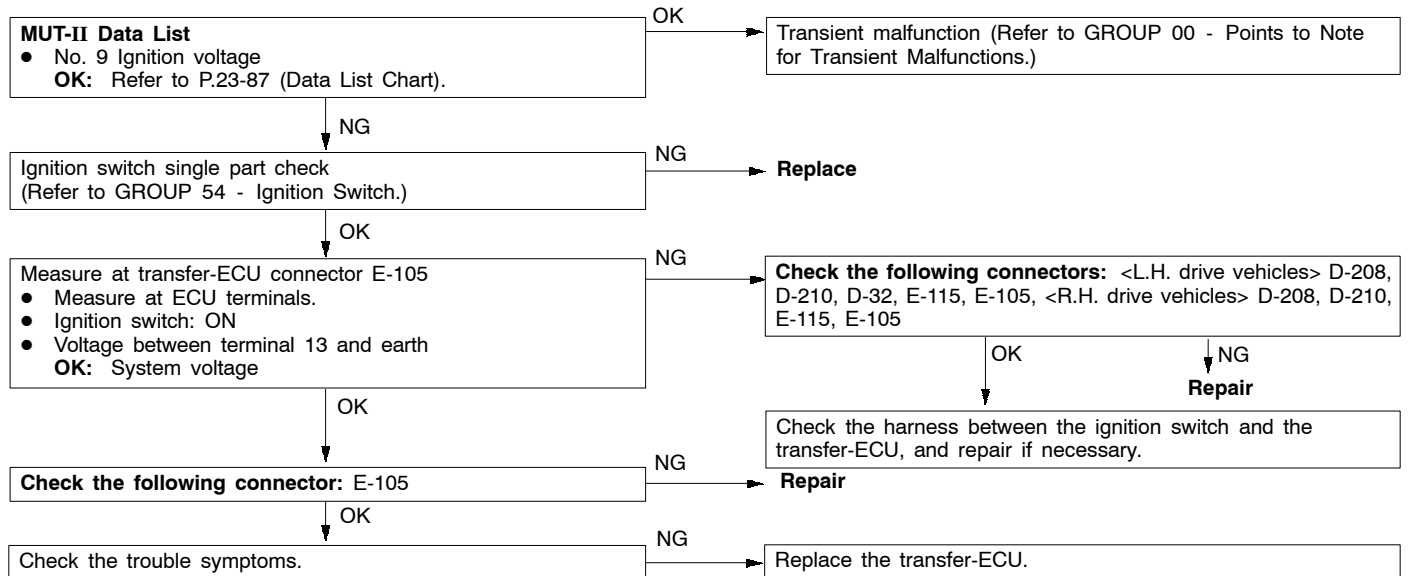
Diagnosis code	Diagnosis item		Reference page
11	Power supply voltage system	Voltage drop	23-72
12		Overvoltage	23-72
13	Main relay system (inside ECU)	Relay problem	23-72
21	Accelerator pedal position sensor (APS) system	Open circuit/Malfunction of sensor	23-73
22	Front propeller shaft speed sensor system	Open circuit/Short-circuit/Malfunction of sensor	23-75
23			
24	Rear propeller shaft speed sensor system	Open circuit/Short-circuit/Malfunction of sensor	23-77
25			
26	Stop lamp switch system	Open circuit/Short-circuit/Malfunction of lamp/Malfunction of switch	23-79
31	Transfer shift lever switch system	Open circuit/Short-circuit/Malfunction of switch	23-80
32	Transfer position switch system	Malfunction of transfer shift mechanism/Malfunction of actuator	23-81
33	Transfer position switch system	Open circuit/Short-circuit/Malfunction of switch	23-81
34	Freewheel engage solenoid valve system	Open circuit/Short-circuit/Malfunction of solenoid valve	23-82

Diagnosis code	Diagnosis item		Reference page
35	Freewheel engage switch system	Open circuit/Short-circuit/Malfunction of switch	23-83
41	Shift actuator (short-circuit/open circuit) system	Open circuit/Short-circuit/Malfunction of actuator/Malfunction of ECU	23-84
42	Shift actuator (short-circuit) system	Short-circuit/Malfunction of actuator/Malfunction of ECU	23-85
43	Shift actuator (open circuit) system	Open circuit/Malfunction of actuator/Malfunction of ECU	
44	Shift actuator (overload) system	Malfunction of transfer shift mechanism/Malfunction of actuator	23-86
45	Tyre problem	Incorrect tyre pressure/Uneven tyre sizes	23-86
51	Malfunction of transfer-ECU		23-86



## INSPECTION PROCEDURES CLASSIFIED BY DIAGNOSIS CODE

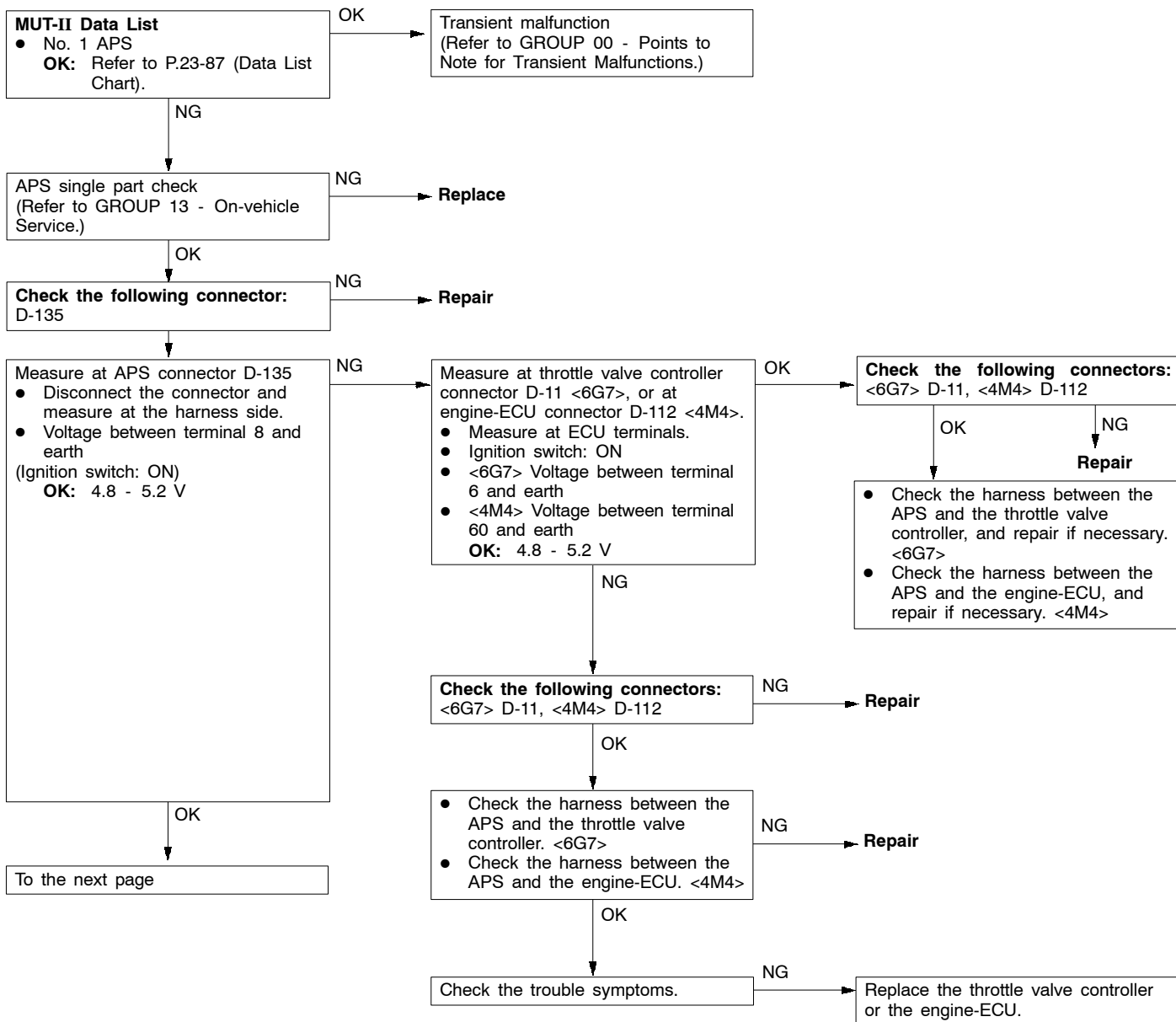
Code No. 11, 12 Power supply voltage system	Probable cause
Code No. 11 is output to indicate a drop in voltage if the power supply voltage drops below 9.5 V. Code No. 12 is output to indicate overvoltage if the power supply voltage rises above 18 V.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of ignition switch</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of transfer-ECU</li> </ul>

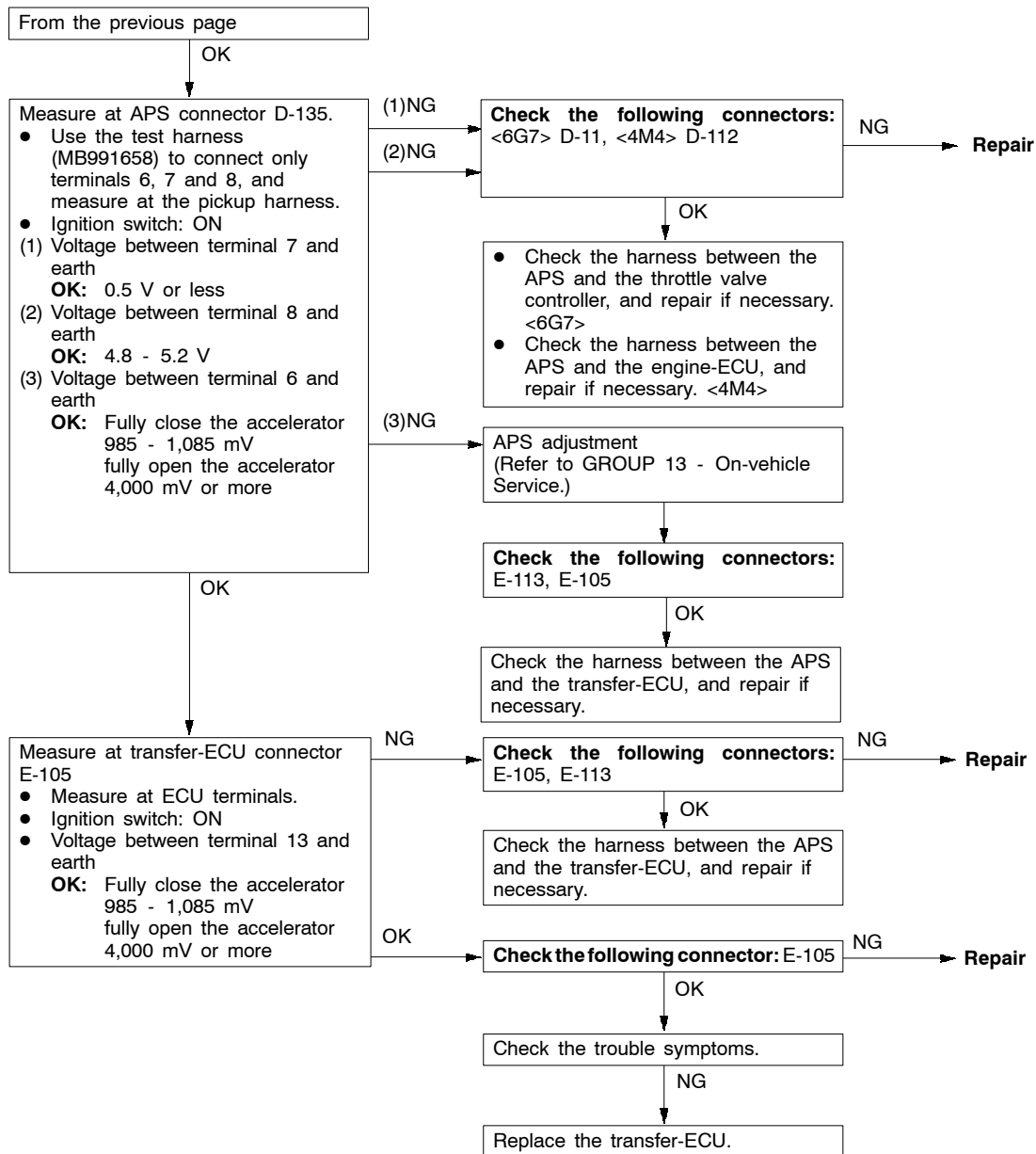


Code No. 13 Main relay (inside ECU) system	Probable cause
Code No. 13 is output to indicate a relay malfunction if the voltage rises to 6 V or higher when the relay is off, or if it drops below 6 V when the relay is on.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of transfer-ECU</li> </ul>

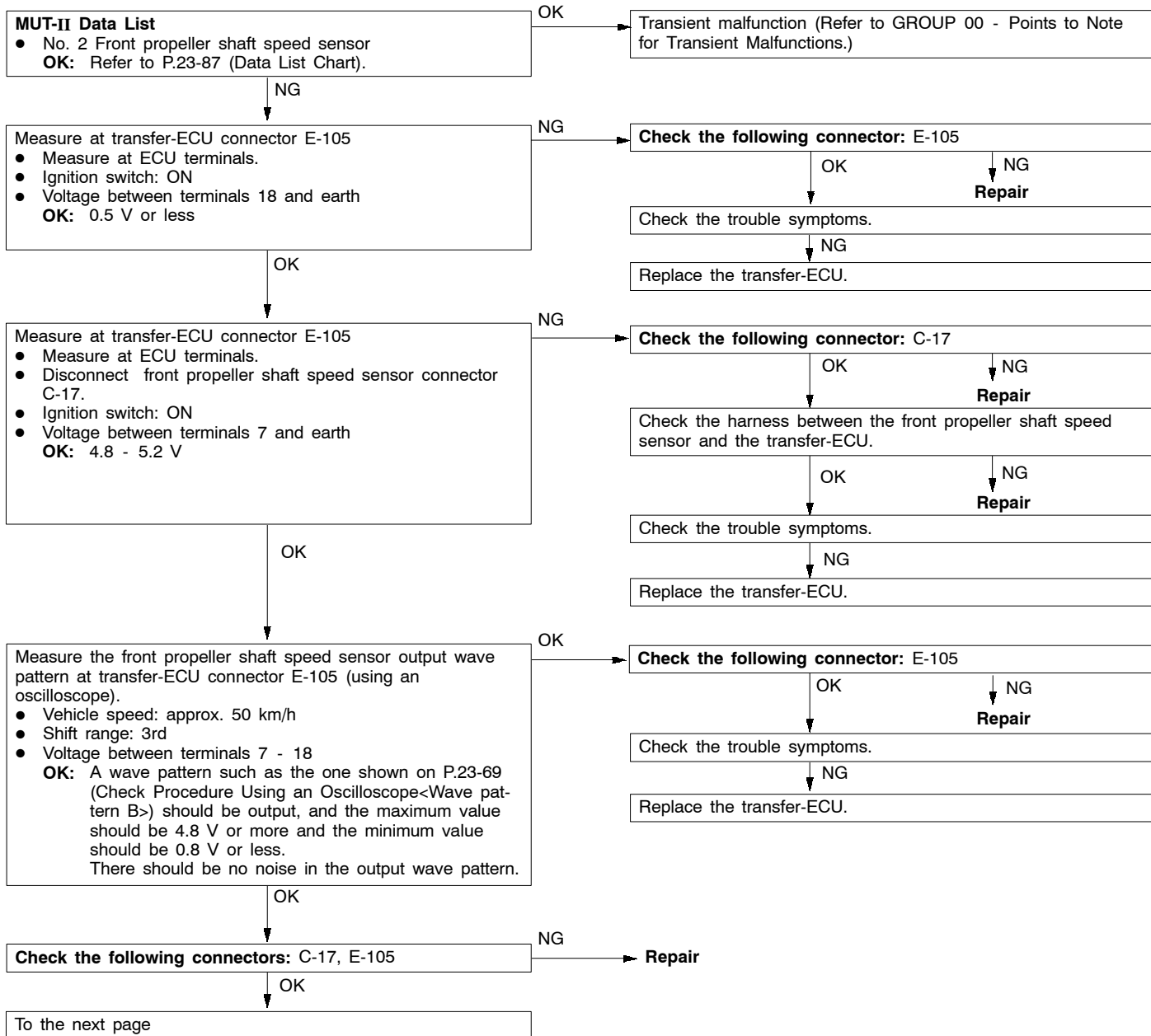
Replace the transfer-ECU.

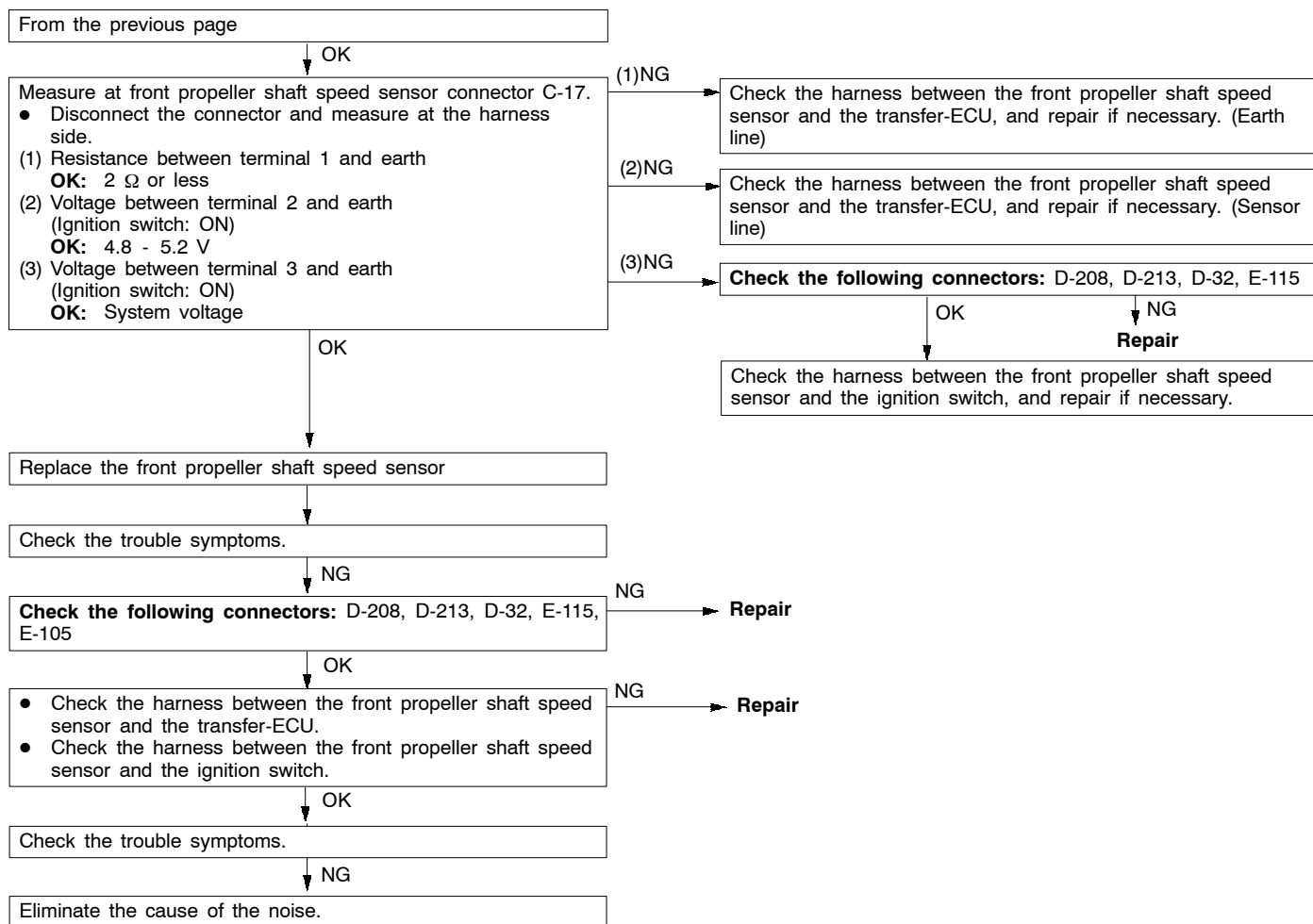
Code No. 21 Accelerator pedal position sensor (APS) system	Probable cause
Code No. 21 is output to indicate an open circuit in the APS or an incorrect adjustment when the APS output voltage drops below 0.2 V while the engine is idling.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of APS</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of transfer-ECU</li> <li>• Malfunction of throttle valve controller &lt;6G7&gt;</li> <li>• Malfunction of engine-ECU &lt;4M4&gt;</li> </ul>



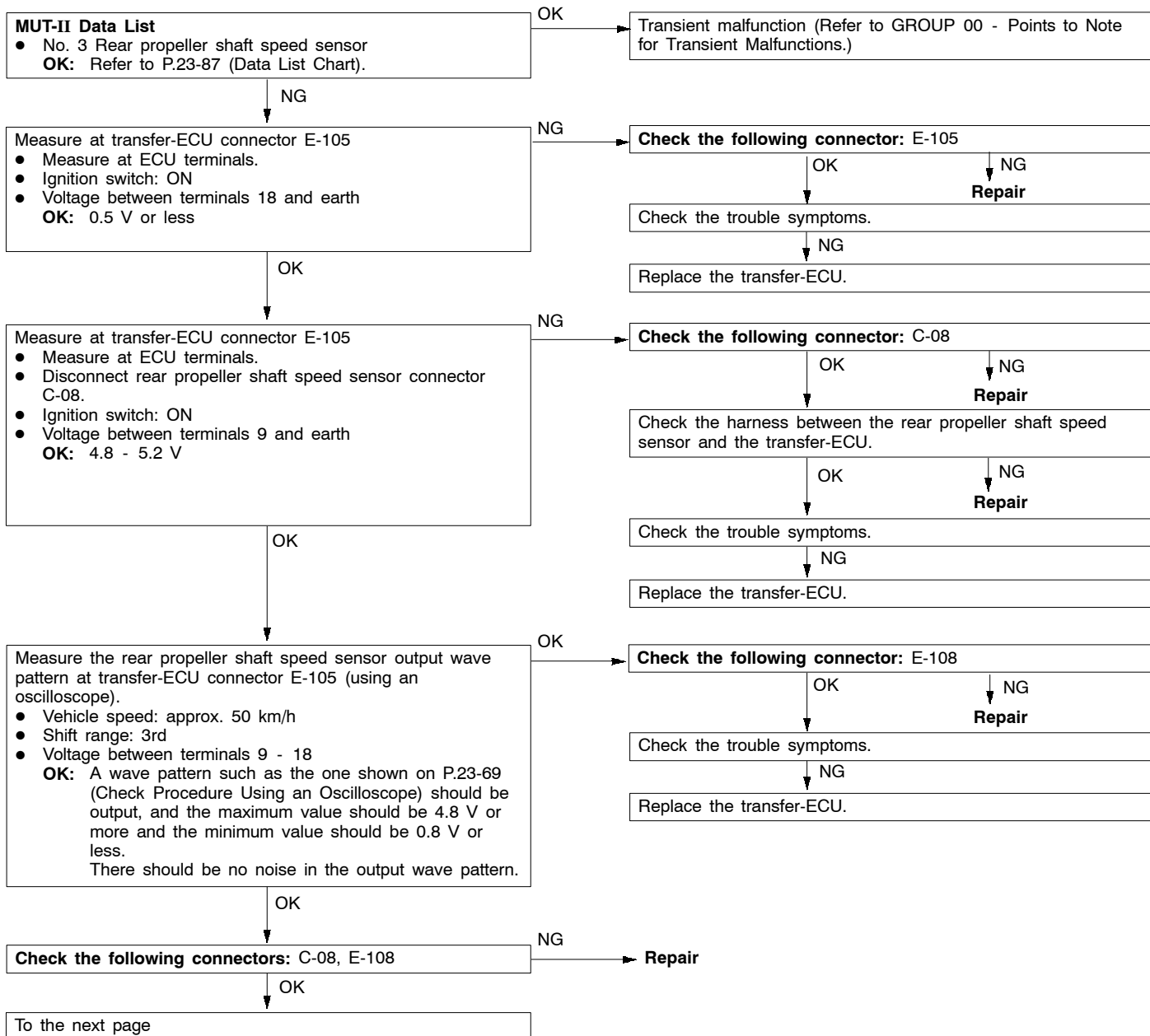


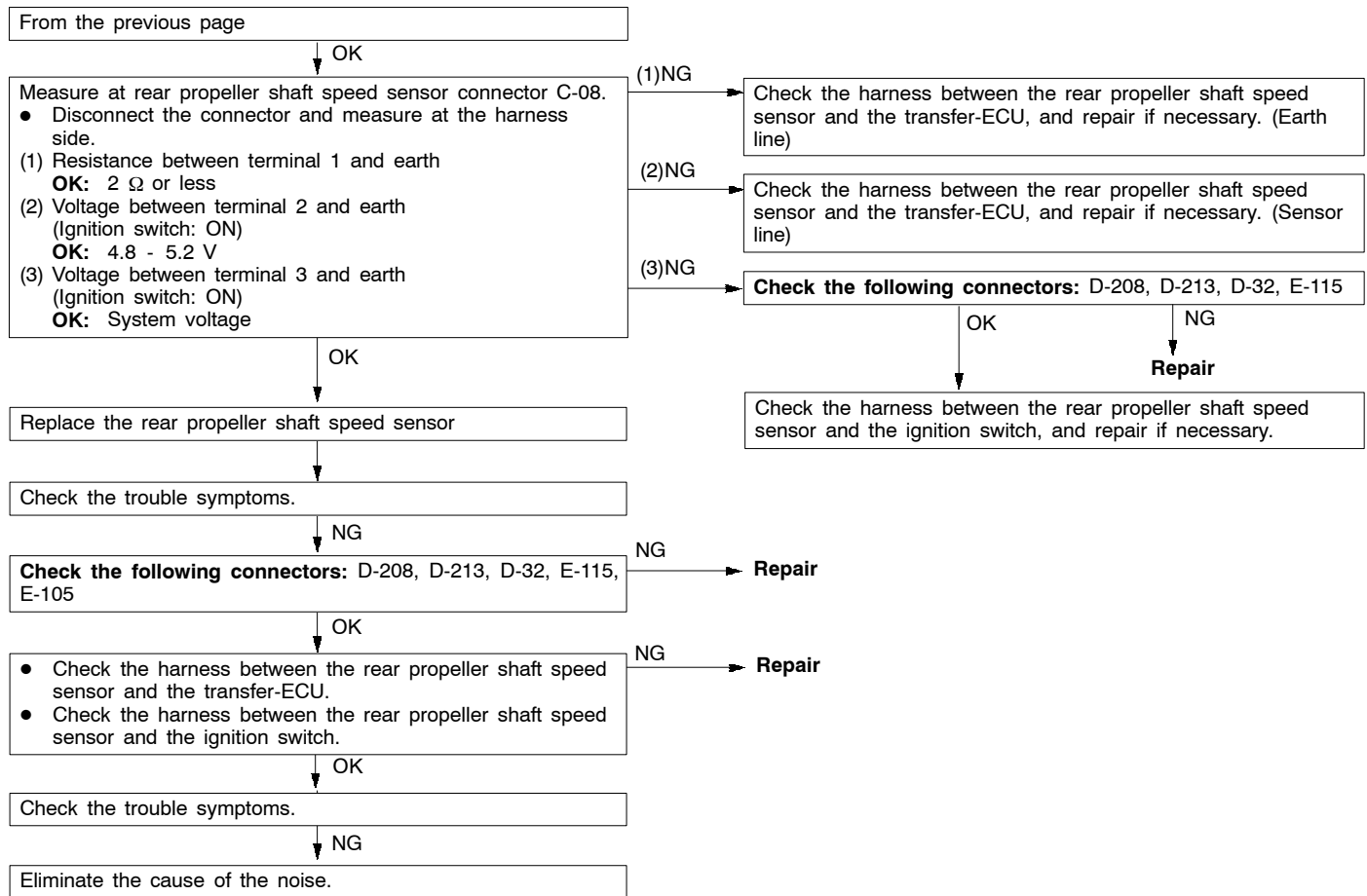
Code No. 22, 23 Front propeller shaft speed sensor system	Probable cause
<p>Code No. 22 is output to indicate an open circuit or short-circuit in the front propeller shaft speed sensor if no signal is input from the front propeller shaft speed sensor when shifting from 2WD to 4WD while driving at medium to low speeds.</p> <p>Code No. 23 is output to indicate an open circuit or short-circuit in the front propeller shaft speed sensor if the signal input from the front propeller shaft speed sensor is unstable when the freewheel engage switch is on.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of front propeller shaft speed sensor</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of transfer-ECU</li> </ul>



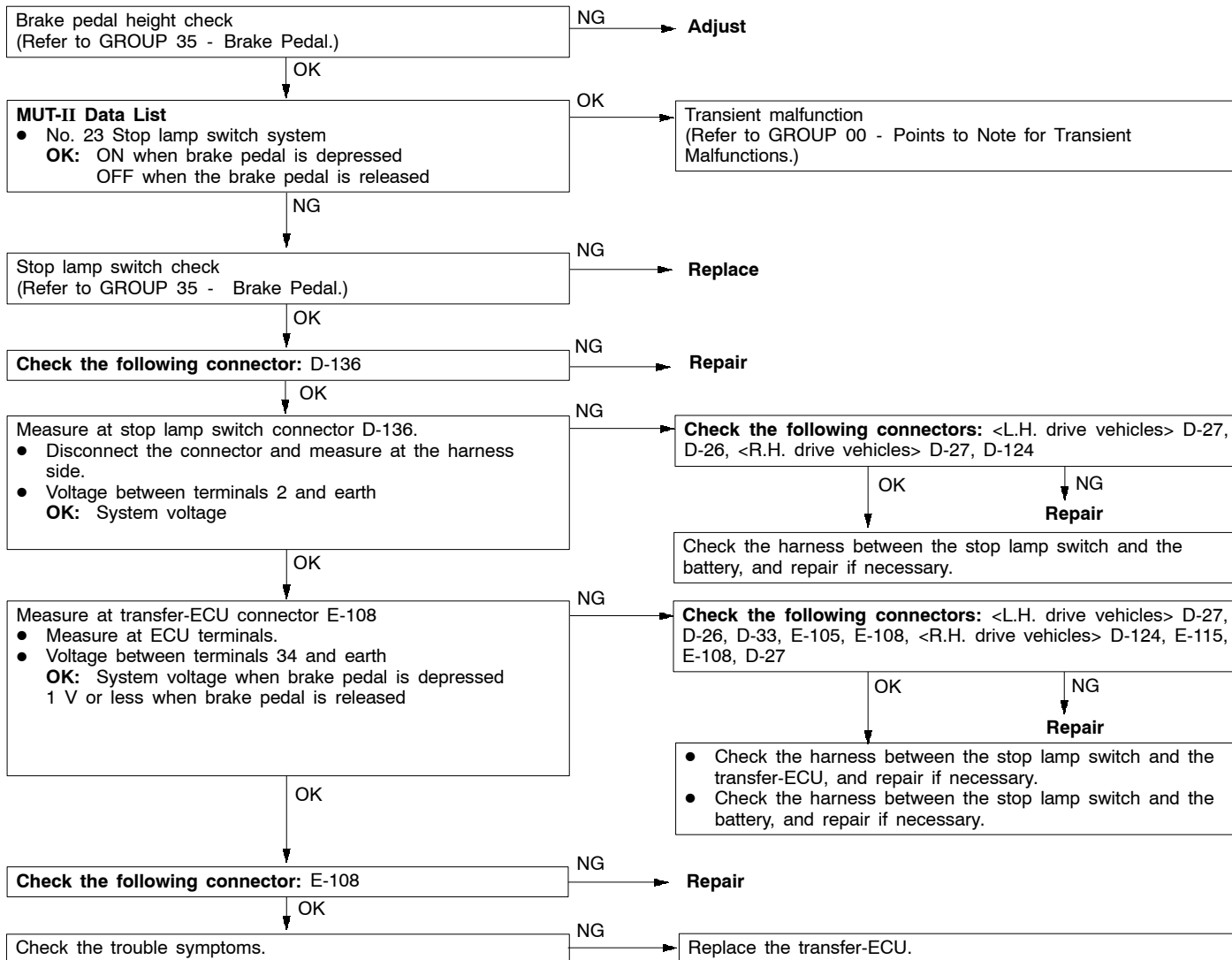


Code No. 24, 25 Rear propeller shaft speed sensor system	Probable cause
<p>Code No. 24 is output to indicate an open circuit or short-circuit in the rear propeller shaft speed sensor if the signal input from the rear propeller shaft speed sensor is unstable when the APS voltage is 1.5 V or higher.</p> <p>Code No. 25 is output to indicate an open circuit or short-circuit in the rear propeller shaft speed sensor if the signal input from the rear propeller shaft speed sensor is unstable when the freewheel engage switch is on.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• No. 3 Rear propeller shaft speed sensor</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of transfer-ECU</li> </ul>



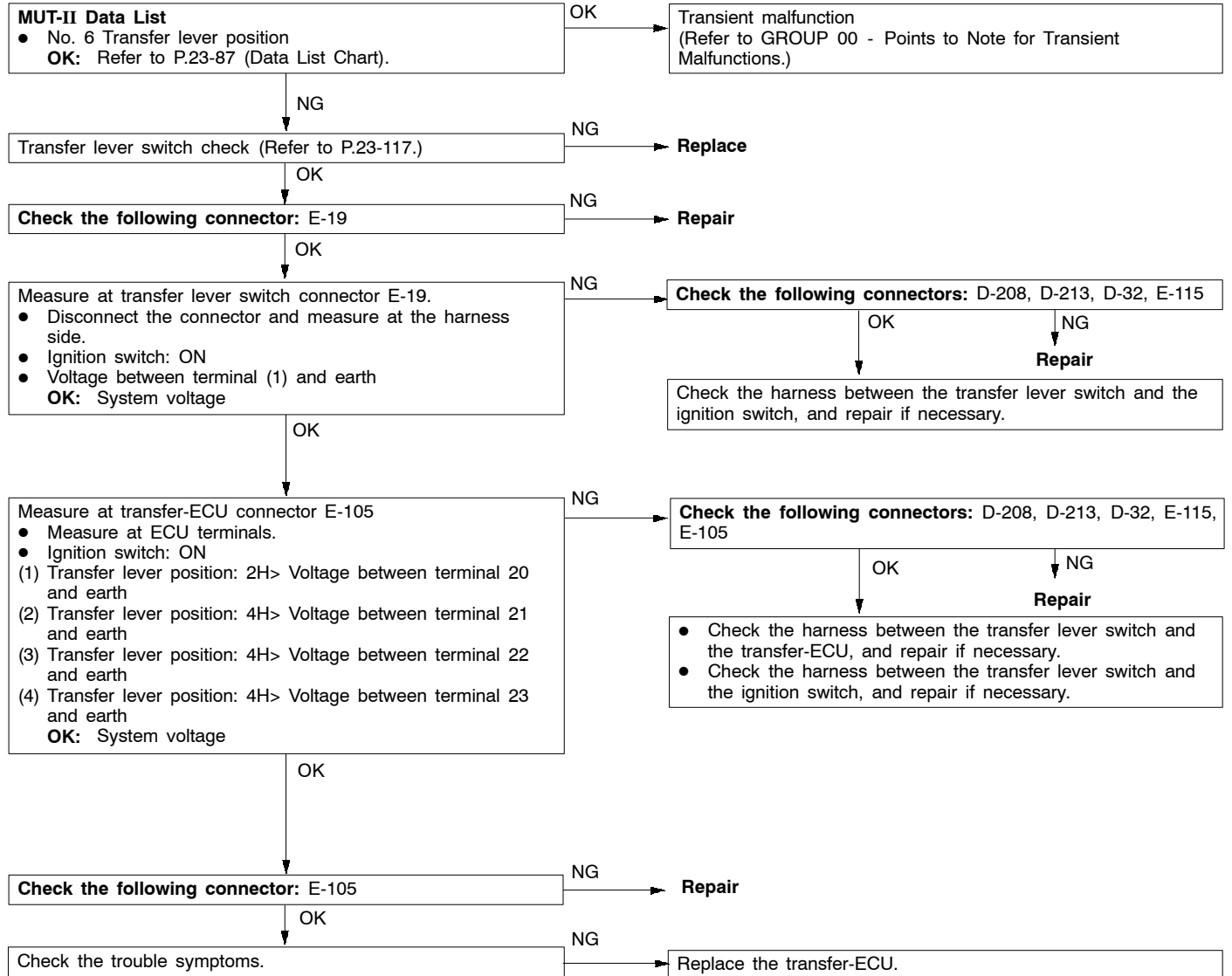


Code No. 26 Stop lamp switch system	Probable cause
Code No. 26 is output to indicate a short-circuit in the stop lamp switch when the stop lamp switch is continuously on for 15 minutes or more when the vehicle speed is 15 km/h or higher.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of brake pedal</li> <li>• Malfunction of stop lamp switch</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of transfer-ECU</li> </ul>



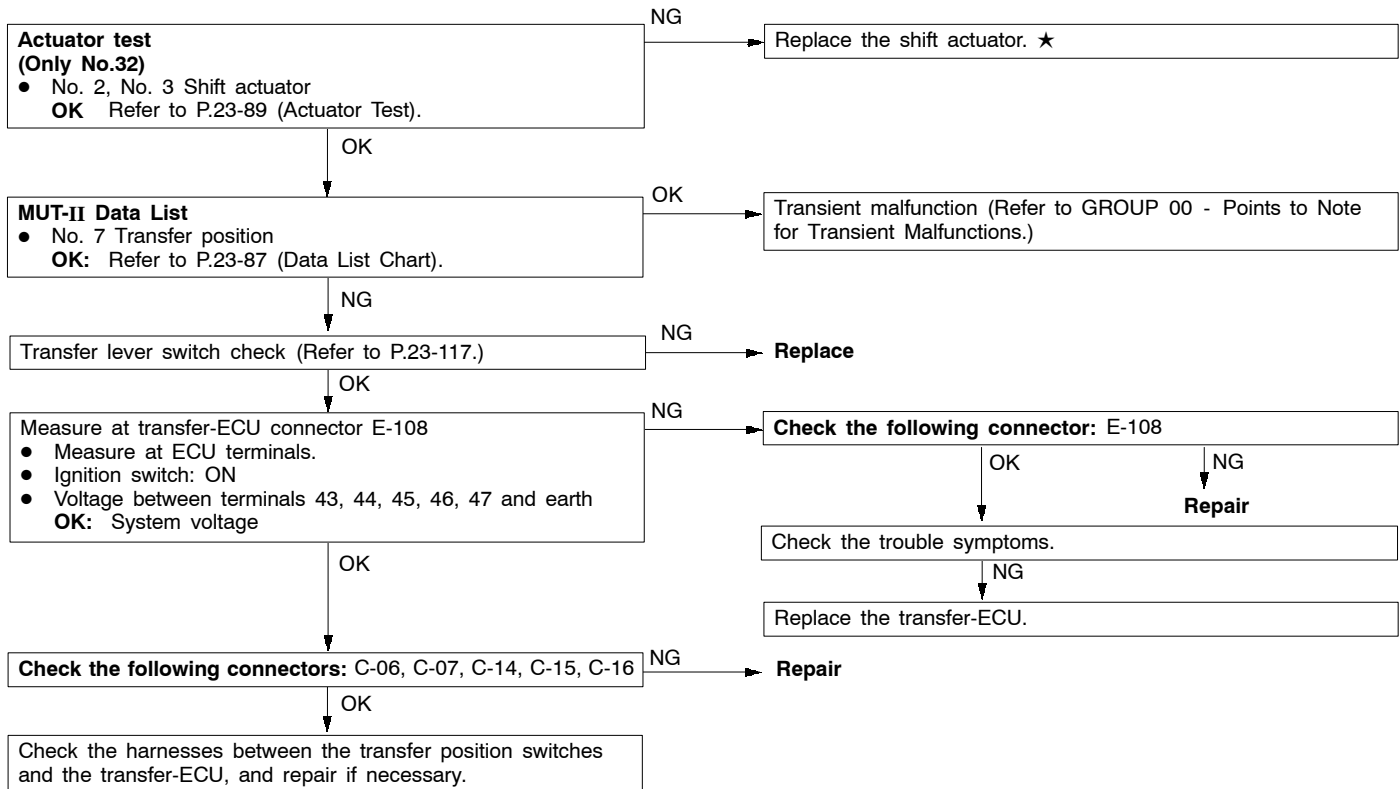


Code No. 31 Transfer lever switch system	Probable cause
Code No. 31 is output to indicate an open circuit or short-circuit in the transfer lever switch if the input signal from the transfer lever switch is unstable.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of transfer lever switch</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of transfer-ECU</li> </ul>

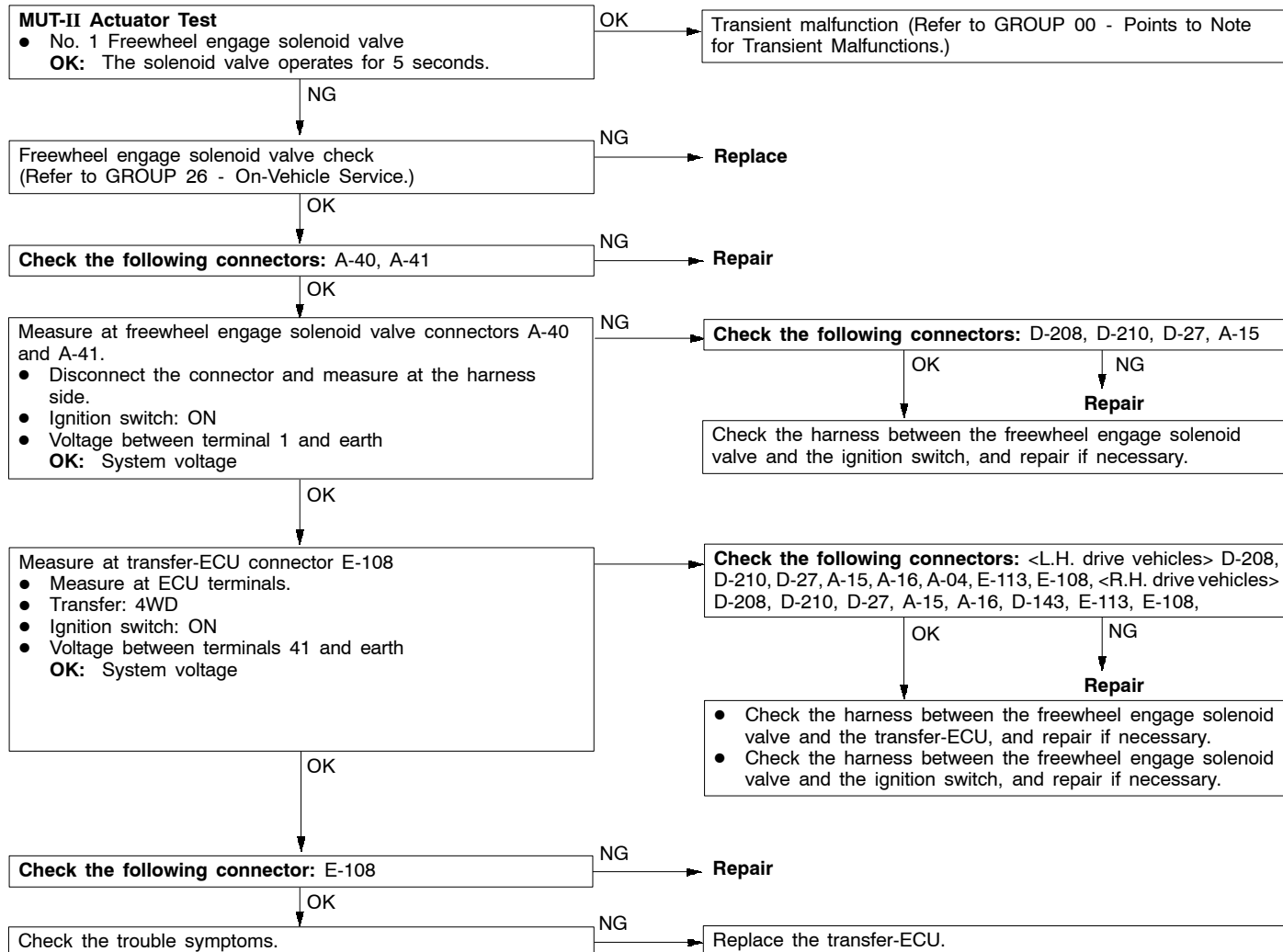


Code No. 32, 33 Transfer position switch system	Probable cause
Code No. 32 is output to indicate an open circuit or short-circuit in a transfer position switch, a malfunction of the shift actuator or a malfunction of the transfer shift mechanism when transfer selection does not complete while driving. Code No. 33 is output to indicate an open circuit or short-circuit in a transfer position switch if the input signal from the transfer position switch is unstable.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of transfer position switch</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of transfer-ECU</li> <li>• Malfunction of shift actuator</li> <li>• Malfunction of transfer shift mechanism</li> </ul>

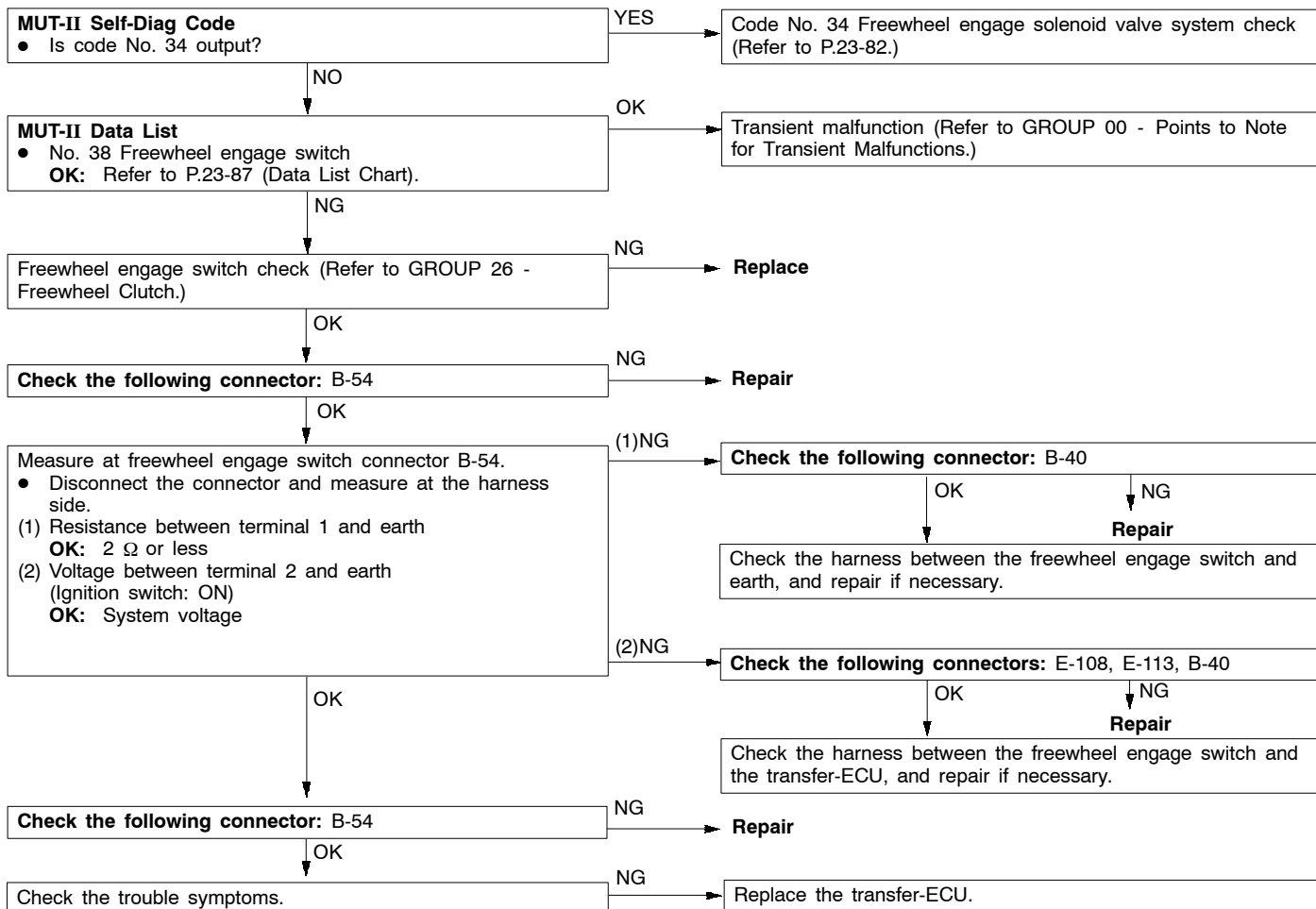
★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



Code No. 34 Freewheel engage solenoid valve system	Probable cause
Code No. 34 is output to indicate an open circuit or short-circuit in the freewheel engage solenoid valve when the transfer-ECU terminal voltages are not the same while current is being supplied to the freewheel engage solenoid valve.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of freewheel engage solenoid valve</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of transfer-ECU</li> </ul>

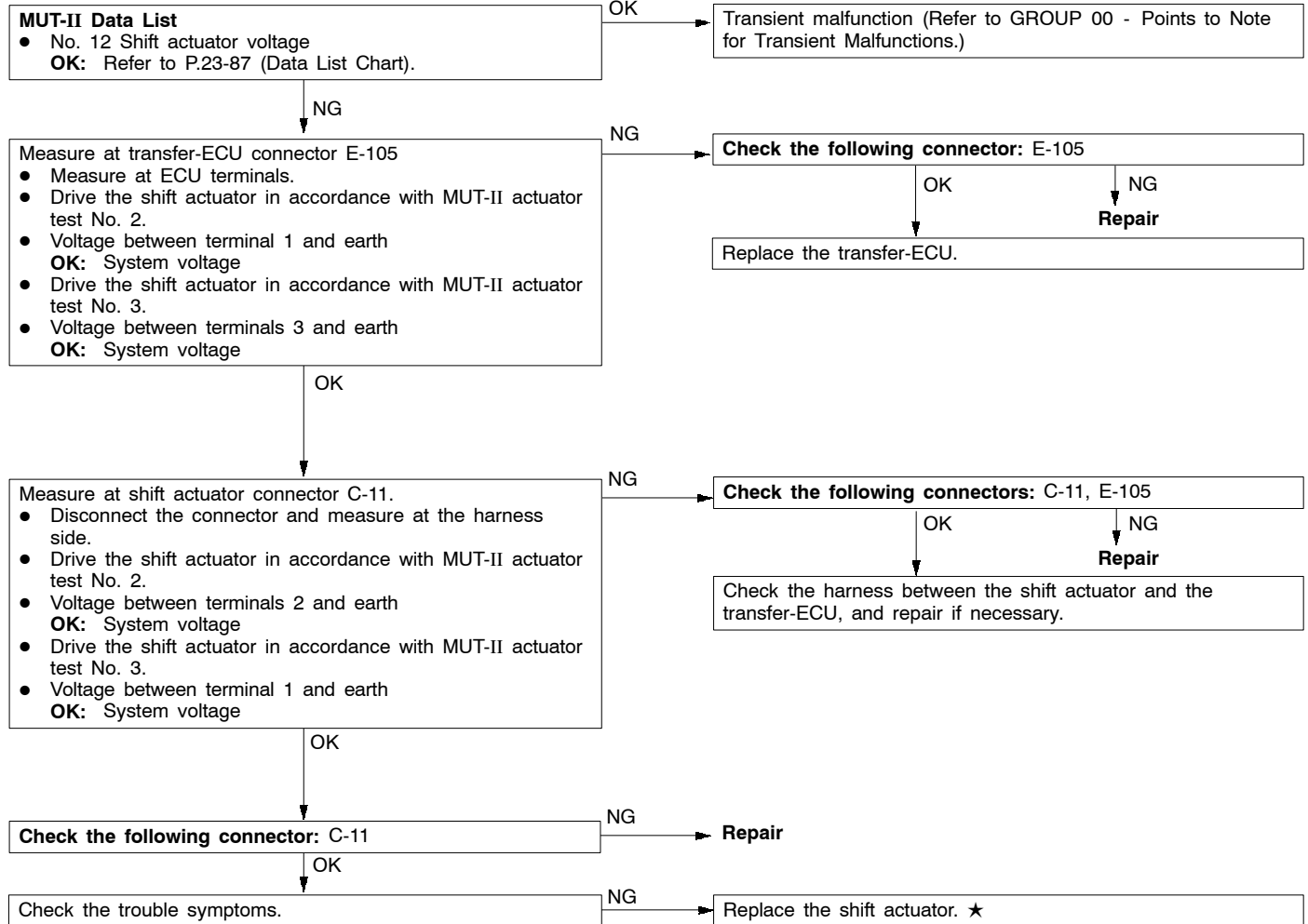


Code No. 35 Freewheel engage switch system	Probable cause
Code No. 35 is output to indicate an open circuit or short-circuit in the freewheel engage switch when the freewheel engage switch condition does not correspond to the fact that current is being supplied to the freewheel engage solenoid valve.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of freewheel engage switch</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of transfer-ECU</li> </ul>



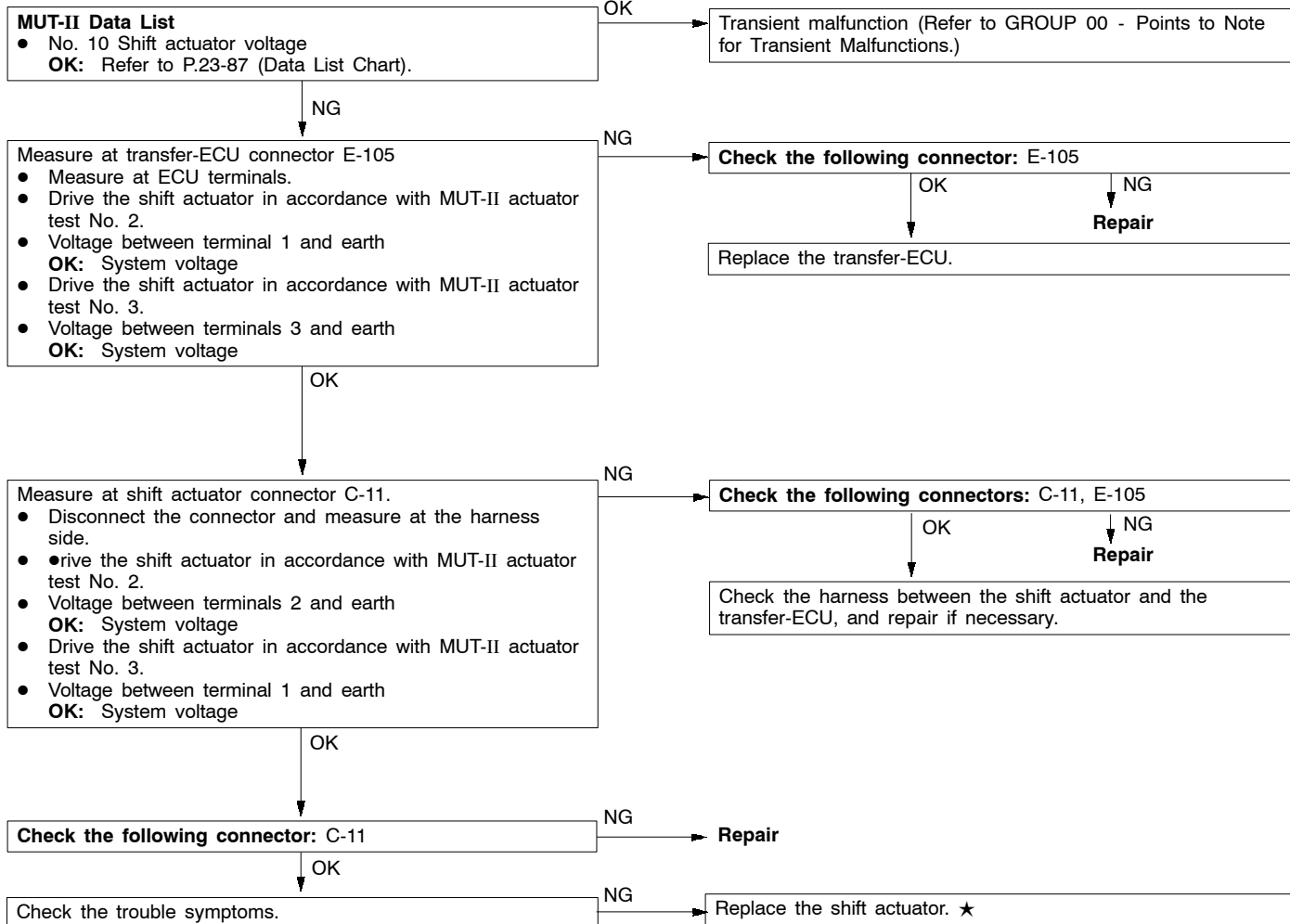
Code No. 41 Shift actuator system (open circuit or short-circuit)	Probable cause
Code No. 41 is output to indicate an open circuit or short-circuit in the shift actuator if the transfer-ECU terminal voltage is higher than the main relay voltage (90% of the rated voltage), or lower than the main relay voltage (10% of the rated voltage) when shift operation is not being carried out.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of shift actuator</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of transfer-ECU</li> </ul>

★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



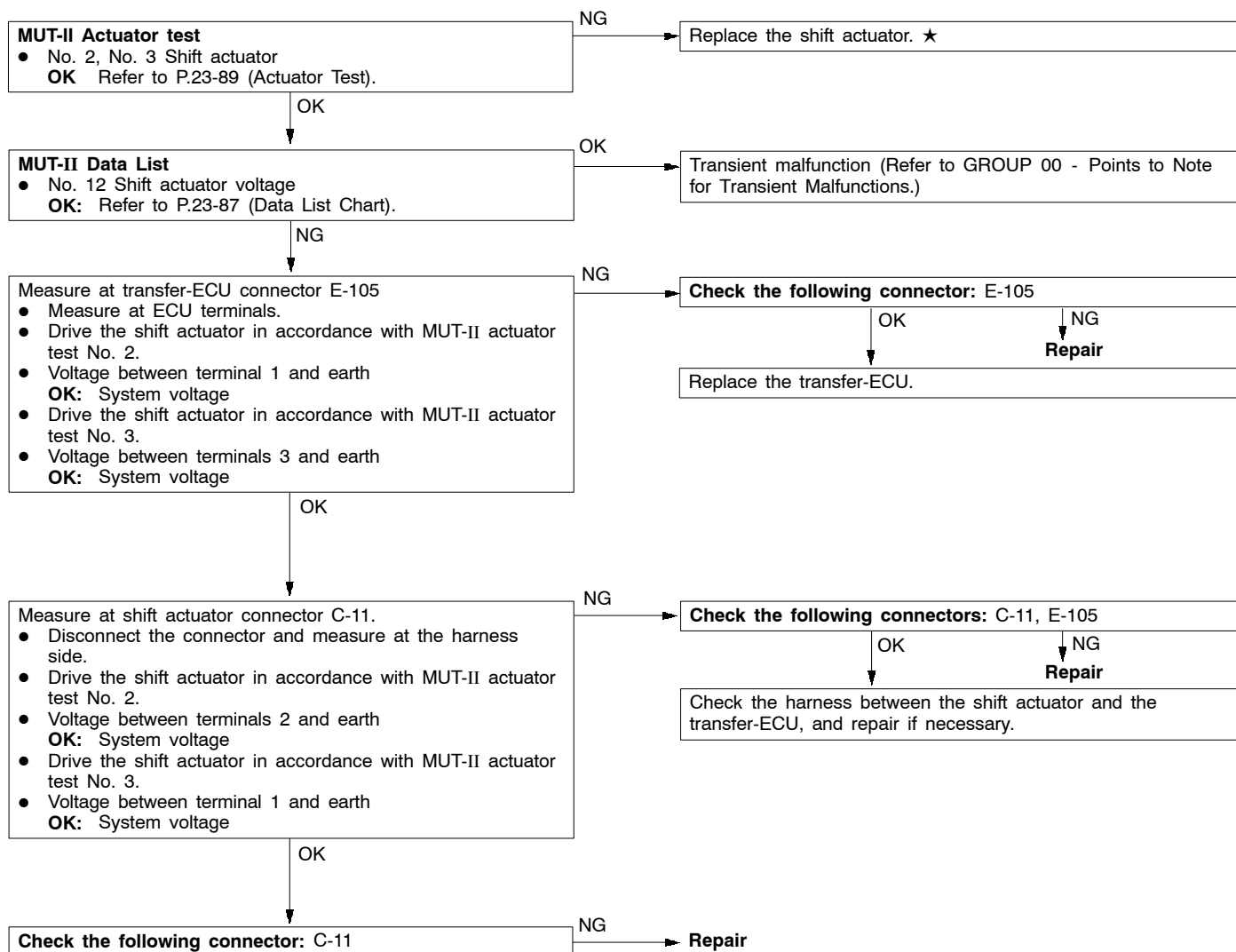
<b>Code No. 42 Shift actuator system (short-circuit)</b>	<b>Probable cause</b>
<b>Code No. 43 Shift actuator system (open circuit)</b>	
Code No. 42 is output to indicate a short-circuit in the shift actuator if the shift actuator current is +1 A greater than the target value while the actuator is being driven. Code No. 43 is output to indicate an open circuit in the shift actuator if the main relay voltage is lower than 6 V, or the shift actuator current is 0.1 A lower than the actual value while the actuator is being driven.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of shift actuator</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of transfer-ECU</li> </ul>

★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.

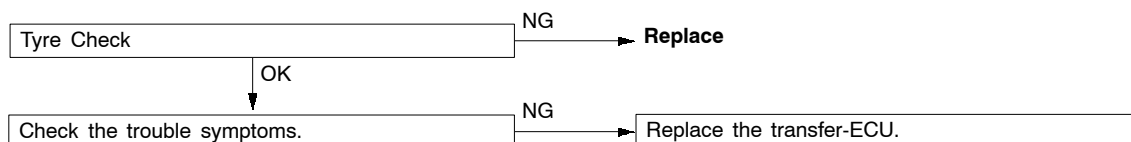


Code No. 44 Shift actuator system (overload)	Probable cause
Code No. 44 is output to indicate an overload of the shift actuator when the total time calculated for driving the shift actuator exceeds 5 minutes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of shift actuator</li> <li>• Malfunction of harness or connector</li> <li>• Malfunction of transfer-ECU</li> <li>• Malfunction of transfer shift mechanism</li> </ul>

★ Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



Code No. 45 Incorrect tyre diameters	Probable cause
Code No. 45 is output to indicate incorrect tyre pressure, uneven tyre sizes or non-uniform tyre brands, which have caused a large difference in speed between the front and rear wheel speeds and the setting values when the freewheel engage switch is on.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of tyre</li> <li>• Malfunction of transfer-ECU</li> </ul>



Code No. 51 Malfunction of transfer-ECU	Probable cause
Code No. 51 is output when a problem with the transfer-ECU is detected.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of transfer-ECU</li> </ul>

Replace the transfer-ECU.

## DATA LIST REFERENCE TABLE

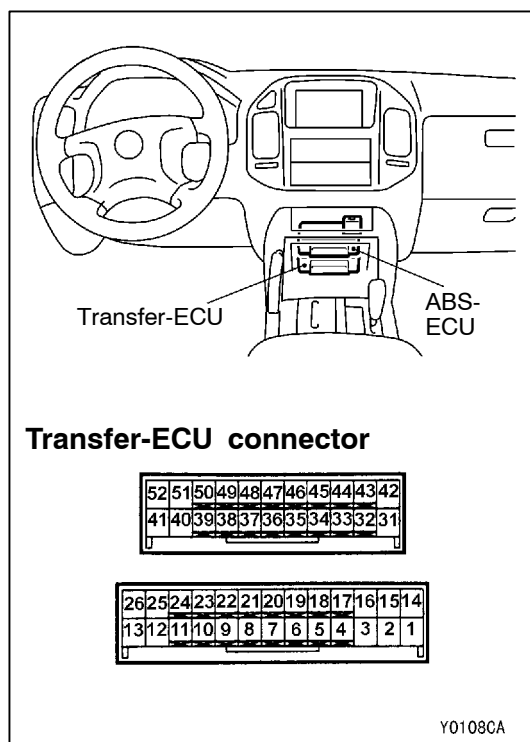
Item No.	Check item	Inspection conditions		Normal condition
1	Accelerator pedal position sensor (APS)	Engine: Stopped Selector lever position: P	Accelerator pedal: Fully closed	985 - 1,085 mV
			Accelerator pedal: Depressed	Gradually increases from the above value.
			Accelerator pedal: Fully open	4000 mV or higher
2	Front propeller shaft speed sensor	Transfer position: 4WD	Driving at a constant speed of 30 km/h	30 km/h
3	Rear propeller shaft speed sensor	Transfer position: 4WD	Driving at a constant speed of 30 km/h	30 km/h
4	Difference between front and rear propeller shaft speeds	Transfer position: 4WD	Driving at a constant speed of 30 km/h	Within 5 km/h
5	Vehicle speed	Idling in 1st (Vehicle stopped)		0 km/h
		Driving at a constant speed of 50 km/h in 3rd		50 km/h
6	Transfer lever position	Ignition switch: ON Engine: Stopped	Transfer shift lever position: 2H	2H
			Transfer shift lever position: 4H	4H
			Transfer shift lever position: 4HLc	4HLc
			Transfer shift lever position: 4LLc	4LLc
7	Transfer position	Driving at a constant speed of 10 km/h	Transfer shift lever position: 2H → 4H	2H - 4H → 4H
			Transfer shift lever position: 4H → 4HLc	4H - 4HL → 4HL
		Engine: Stopped Selector lever position: N	Transfer shift lever position: 4HLc → 4LLc	4HL - 4LL → 4LL
			Transfer shift lever position: 4LLc → 4HLc	4HL - 4LL → 4HL
		Driving at a constant speed of 10 km/h	Transfer shift lever position: 4HLc → 4H	4H - 4HL → 4H
			Transfer shift lever position: 4H → 2H	2H - 4H → 2H
8	Main relay voltage	Ignition switch: ON		System voltage (V)
9	Ignition voltage	Ignition switch: ON		System voltage (V)
10	Shift actuator current	During transfer selection (while motor is running)		0 A → 0.2 A → 0 A
11	Target current	During transfer selection (while motor is running)		0 A → 1.5 A → 0 A
12	Shift actuator voltage	Ignition switch: ON Selector lever position: N Transfer shift lever position: 2H → 4H (or 4H → 4HLc, 4HLc → 4LLc)		System voltage (V)
		Ignition switch: ON Selector lever position: N Transfer shift lever position: 4LLc → 4HLc (or 4HLc → 4H, 4H → 2H)		System voltage (V)



Item No.	Check item	Inspection conditions		Normal condition
21	Ignition switch	Ignition switch: ON		ON
		Ignition switch: OFF		OFF
22	Transmission identification	Vehicles with A/T		A/T
23	Stop lamp switch	Ignition switch: ON Engine: Stopped	Brake pedal: Depressed	ON
			Brake pedal: Released	OFF
24	Transfer switch 2H lever	Transfer shift lever position: 2H		ON
		Transfer shift lever position: Other than the above		OFF
25	Transfer switch 4H lever	Transfer shift lever position: 4H		ON
		Transfer shift lever position: Other than the above		OFF
26	Transfer switch 4HLc lever	Transfer shift lever position: 4HLc		ON
		Transfer shift lever position: Other than the above		OFF
27	Transfer switch 4LLc lever	Transfer shift lever position: 4LLc		ON
		Transfer shift lever position: Other than the above		OFF
28	Engine identification	Petrol vehicles		PETROL
		Diesel vehicles		DIESEL
30	Freewheel engage solenoid valve	During 2WD		ON
		During 4WD		OFF
31	Inhibitor switch N	Selector lever position: N		ON
		Selector lever position: Other than the above		OFF
32	Inhibitor switch P	Selector lever position: P		ON
		Selector lever position: Other than the above		OFF
33	2WD switch	Driving conditions: 2WD (2H)		ON
		Driving conditions: Other than the above		OFF
34	2WD/4WD switch	Driving conditions: 2WD (2H), 4WD (4H)		ON
		Driving conditions: Other than the above		OFF
35	4H switch	Driving conditions: 4WD (4H), 4WD (4HLc)		ON
		Driving conditions: Other than the above		OFF
36	Center differential lock switch	Driving conditions: 4WD (4HLc), 4WD (4LLc)		ON
		Driving conditions: Other than the above		OFF
37	4LLc switch	Driving conditions: 4WD (4LLc)		ON
		Driving conditions: Other than the above		OFF
38	Freewheel engage switch	During 2WD		OFF
		During 4WD		ON

## ACTUATOR TEST TABLE

Item No.	Check item	Test contents	Inspection conditions	Normal condition
1	Freewheel engage solenoid valve	The freewheel engage solenoid valve is driven.	Ignition switch: ON Selector lever position: P	If the freewheel engage solenoid valve is on, it is turned off, and if it is off, it is turned on.
2	Shift actuator	The motor inside the shift actuator is run in the forward direction.	Engine: 0 r/min Vehicle speed: 0 km/h (vehicle stopped)	If the transfer is at the 2H, 4H or 4HLc position, it shifts from that position to the 2H, 4H, 4HLc, 4LLc positions in that order, and then returns to the original position. If it is at the 4LLc position, no shifting is carried out.
3		The motor inside the shift actuator is run in the reverse direction.		If the transfer is at the 4H, 4HLc or 4LLc position, it shifts from that position to the 4LLc, 4HLc, 4H, 2H positions in that order, and then returns to the original position. If it is at the 2H position, no shifting is carried out.



## TRANSFER-ECU TERMINAL VOLTAGE TABLE

### NOTE

There are two ECUs with the same shape inside the floor console, one above the other. The top ECU is the ABS-ECU, and it has a blue connector. The bottom ECU is the transfer-ECU, and it has a green connector.

Ter- minal No.	Check item	Inspection conditions	Standard value
1	Shift actuator	Transfer shift lever position: 2H → 4H	5.6 V → 11.0 V → 5.6 V
3	Shift actuator	Transfer shift lever position: 4H → 2H	5.6 V → 11.0 V → 5.6 V
5	Accelerator pedal position sensor (APS)	Accelerator pedal: Fully closed (engine stopped)	0.985 - 1.085 V
		Accelerator pedal: Fully open (engine stopped)	4.0 V or higher
7	Front propeller shaft speed sensor	Measure the voltage between terminals 7 and 18 using an oscilloscope. Engine: 2 000 r/min Shift range: 4th	Oscilloscope check procedure (Refer to P. 23-69 <Wave Pattern B>.)
9	Rear propeller shaft speed sensor	Measure the voltage between terminals 9 and 18 using an oscilloscope. Engine: 2 000 r/min Shift range: 4th	Oscilloscope check procedure (Refer to P. 23-69 <Wave Pattern B>.)
11	Diagnosis output	When normal (no diagnosis codes are output)	0 V and 5 V alternates
13	Power supply	Ignition switch: OFF	0 V
		Ignition switch: ON	System voltage
18	Sensor earth	At all times	0.5 V or less
20	Transfer lever switch 2H	Transfer shift lever position: 2H	System voltage
		Transfer shift lever position: Other than the above	0 V
21	Transfer lever switch 4H	Transfer shift lever position: 4H	System voltage
		Transfer shift lever position: Other than the above	0 V
22	Transfer lever switch 4HLc	Transfer shift lever position: 4HLc	System voltage
		Transfer shift lever position: Other than the above	0 V
23	Transfer lever switch 4LLc	Transfer shift lever position: 4LLc	System voltage
		Transfer shift lever position: Other than the above	0 V
24	Diagnosis control	—	—
25	Earth	At all times	0 V
26	Earth	At all times	0 V
31	Backup power supply	At all times	System voltage
32	Inhibitor switch N	Selector lever position: N	System voltage
		Selector lever position: Other than the above	0 V
33	Inhibitor switch P	Selector lever position: P	System voltage
		Selector lever position: Other than the above	0 V
34	Stop lamp switch	Brake pedal: Depressed	System voltage
		Brake pedal: Released	0 V
35	Earth	At all times	0 V
37	Rear wheel indicator lamp	Other than during transfer selection	System voltage
38	Front wheel indicator lamp	During 4WD	System voltage
39	Earth <6G7>	At all times	0 V

Ter- minal No.	Check item	Inspection conditions	Standard value
40	Center differential lock lamp	During 4WD (4HLc or 4LLc)	System voltage
41	Solenoid valve A, B	Transfer shift lever position: 2H	1 V
		Transfer shift lever position: Other than 2H	System voltage
42	Earth	At all times	0 V
43	2WD switch	Transfer shift lever position: 2H	0 V
		Transfer shift lever position: Other than 2H	10.5 V
44	2WD/4WD switch	Transfer shift lever position: 2H or 4H	0 V
		Transfer shift lever position: 4HLc or 4LLc	10.5 V
45	4H switch	Transfer shift lever position: 4H or 4HLc	0 V
		Transfer shift lever position: 2H or 4LLc	10.5 V
46	Center differential lock switch	Transfer shift lever position: 4HLc or 4LLc	0 V
		Transfer shift lever position: 2H or 4H	10.5 V
47	4HLc switch	Transfer shift lever position: 4LLc	0 V
		Transfer shift lever position: Other than 4LLc	10.5 V
50	Freewheel engage switch	Transfer position: 2WD	10.5 V
		Transfer position: 4WD	0 V

## TROUBLESHOOTING <SHIFT LOCK AND KEY INTERLOCK MECHANISMS>

### DIAGNOSIS FUNCTION

#### Input signal check procedure

Connect the MUT-II or a voltage meter to the diagnosis connector, and check the inhibitor switch (reverse) input signal.

(Refer to GROUP 00 - Guide to Troubleshooting and Inspection Procedures.)

### INSPECTION CHART CLASSIFIED BY TROUBLE SYMPTOMS

Trouble Symptom	Inspection procedure No.	Reference page
When the ignition switch is at a position other than the LOCK position, the selector lever can be moved from the P to the R position even though the brake pedal is not depressed.	1	23-92
When the ignition switch is at a position other than the LOCK position, the selector lever cannot be moved from the P to the R position even though the brake pedal is being depressed.	2	23-92
The ignition switch is at the LOCK position, but the selector lever can be moved from the P to the R position when the brake pedal is depressed.	3	23-93
The selector lever cannot be easily moved from the P to the R position.	4	23-93
The selector lever cannot be moved from the R to the P position.	5	23-93
The ignition key cannot be turned to the LOCK position when the selector lever is at the P position.	6	23-93
The ignition key can be turned to the LOCK position even when the selector lever is at a position other than the P position.	7	23-93

### INSPECTION PROCEDURES FOR TROUBLE SYMPTOM

#### Inspection procedure 1

<b>When the ignition switch is at a position other than the LOCK position, the selector lever can be moved from the P to the R position even though the brake pedal is not depressed.</b>	<b>Probable cause</b>
The cause is probably a malfunction of the selector lever assembly lock cam or of the shift lock cable unit.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of lock cam</li> <li>• Malfunction of shift lock cable unit</li> </ul>

Check by referring to the probable causes.

#### Inspection procedure 2

<b>When the ignition switch is at a position other than the LOCK position, the selector lever cannot be moved from the P to the R position even though the brake pedal is being depressed.</b>	<b>Probable cause</b>
The cause is probably a malfunction of the selector lever assembly, transmission control cable, shift lock cable unit or the ignition key cylinder lock bar.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of selector lever assembly</li> <li>• Malfunction of transmission control cable</li> <li>• Malfunction of shift lock cable unit</li> <li>• Malfunction of lock bar</li> </ul>

Check by referring to the probable causes.

### Inspection procedure 3

<b>The ignition switch is at the LOCK position, but the selector lever can be moved from the P to the R position when the brake pedal is depressed.</b>	<b>Probable cause</b>
The cause is probably a malfunction of the shift lock cable unit or of the ignition key cylinder lock bar.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of shift lock cable unit</li> <li>• Malfunction of lock bar</li> </ul>

Check by referring to the probable causes.

### Inspection procedure 4

<b>The selector lever cannot be easily moved from the P to the R position.</b>	<b>Probable cause</b>
The cause is probably a malfunction of the selector lever assembly, transmission control cable, shift lock cable unit or the ignition key cylinder lock bar.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of selector lever assembly</li> <li>• Malfunction of transmission control cable</li> <li>• Malfunction of shift lock cable unit</li> <li>• Malfunction of lock bar</li> </ul>

Check by referring to the probable causes.

### Inspection procedure 5

<b>The selector lever cannot be moved from the R to the P position.</b>	<b>Probable cause</b>
The cause is probably a malfunction of the selector lever assembly or of the transmission control cable.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of selector lever assembly</li> <li>• Malfunction of transmission control cable</li> </ul>

Check by referring to the probable causes.

### Inspection procedure 6

<b>The ignition key cannot be turned to the LOCK position when the selector lever is at the P position.</b>	<b>Probable cause</b>
The cause is probably a malfunction of the selector lever assembly, shift lock cable unit or the ignition key cylinder lock bar.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of selector lever assembly</li> <li>• Malfunction of shift lock cable unit</li> <li>• Malfunction of lock bar</li> </ul>

Check by referring to the probable causes.

### Inspection procedure 7

<b>The ignition key can be turned to the LOCK position even when the selector lever is at a position other than the P position.</b>	<b>Probable cause</b>
The cause is probably a malfunction of the shift lock cable unit or of the ignition key cylinder lock bar.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malfunction of shift lock cable unit</li> <li>• Malfunction of lock bar</li> </ul>

Check by referring to the probable causes.

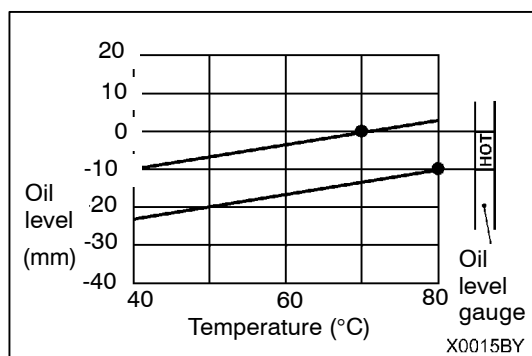
## ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

### BASIC ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES

#### AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION FLUID (ATF) CHECK

##### NOTE

When replacing the transmission with a new one, overhauling the existing transmission, or driving in a harsh condition, the ATF cooler line should always be flushed out and ATF should be replaced with a new one.



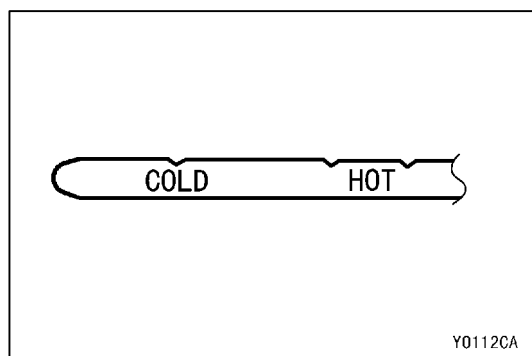
1. Drive the vehicle until the ATF temperature reaches the normal temperature (70 - 80°C).

##### NOTE

- 1) Measure ATF temperature using MUT-II.
- 2) Check the oil level referring to the characteristics chart shown at left if it takes some time to reach the normal operation temperature of ATF (70 - 80°C.)
2. Park the vehicle on a level surface.
3. Move the selector lever to all positions to fully charge the torque converter and the fluid lines with ATF, and then move the selector lever to the "N" position.
4. After wiping away any dirt from around the oil level gauge, pull out the oil level gauge and check the level of ATF.

##### NOTE

If the ATF has a burnt smell, or if it has become very contaminated or dirty, it means that the ATF has become contaminated by minute particles from bushings (metal) or worn parts. In such a case, the transmission needs to be overhauled and the ATF cooler line needs to be flushed out.



5. Check that the ATF level is between the "HOT" marks on the oil level gauge. If the ATF level is too low, add more ATF until the level reaches between the "HOT" marks.

##### Automatic transmission fluid:

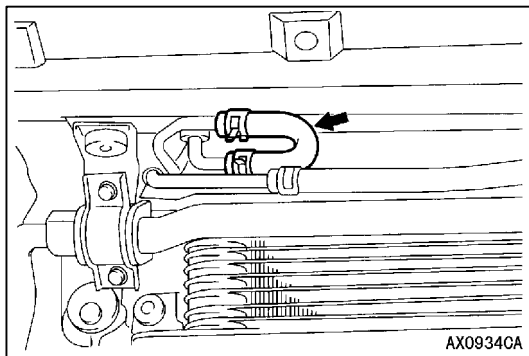
**DIA QUEEN ATF SP II M, SP III or equivalent**

##### NOTE

If the ATF level is too low, the oil pump draws air into the system along with the ATF, and air bubbles will thus form in the fluid circuit. This will cause a drop in fluid pressure and cause the shift points to change and the clutches and brakes to slip.

If the ATF level is too high, the gear will churn the ATF and cause bubbles to develop, which can then cause the same problems as when the ATF fluid is too low. In either case, the air bubbles can cause overheating and oxidation of the ATF, and also prevent the valves, clutches and brakes from operating normally. In addition, if bubbles develop in the ATF, the ATF can overflow from the transmission vent holes and be mistaken for leaks.

6. Securely re-insert the oil level gauge.



## AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION FLUID (ATF) REPLACEMENT

### NOTE

Before replacing the transmission with a new one, overhauling the existing transmission, or connecting the cooler pipe to the transmission, the ATF cooler line should always be flushed out.

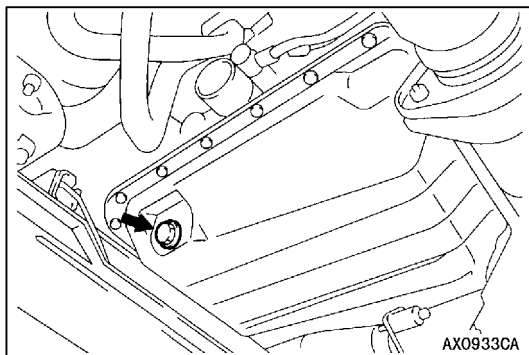
If you have an ATF changer, use the ATF changer to flush the ATF. If you do not have an ATF changer, follow the procedure given below.

1. Remove the hose shown in the illustration which allows the ATF to flow from the ATF cooler (built into the radiator) to the transmission.
2. Start the engine and discharge the ATF.  
Driving conditions: N range, idling

### NOTE

The engine should be stopped within one minute of it being started. If the ATF has all been discharged before this, stop the engine at that point.

Discharge amount: Approx. 4.0 L



3. Remove the drain plug at the bottom of the transmission case to drain out the remaining ATF.

**Discharge amount: Approx. 2.0 L**

4. Install the drain plug with a gasket in between, and tighten it to the specified torque.

**Tightening torque:  $32 \pm 2$  N·m**

5. Pour in new ATF through the oil filler tube.

**Amount to add: Approx. 6.0 L**

### NOTE

Stop pouring in the ATF once 6.0 litre has been poured in.

6. Repeat the operation in step 2.

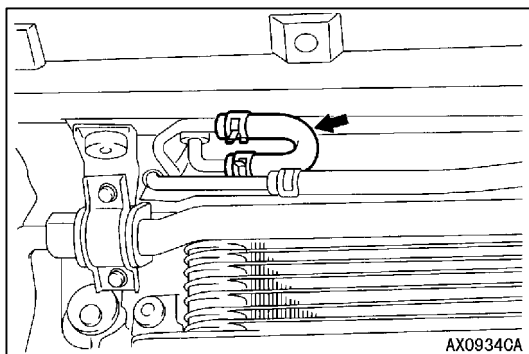
### NOTE

Carry out steps 2 and 6 so that at least 8.0 litre has been discharged from the cooler hose. After this, discharge a small quantity of ATF and check for contamination. If the ATF is contaminated, repeat steps 5 and 6.

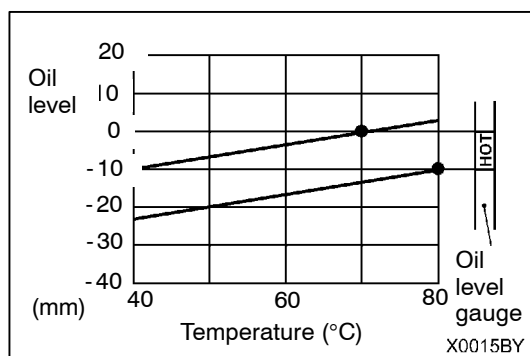
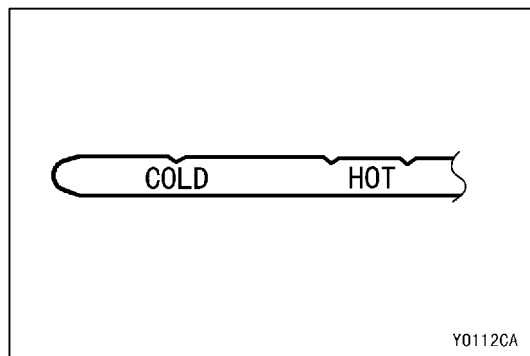
7. Pour in new ATF through the oil filler tube.

**Amount to add: Approx. 4.0 L**

8. Connect the hose which was disconnected in step 1, and then securely re-insert the oil level gauge.
9. Start the engine, and let it run at idle for 1 - 2 minutes.
10. Move the selector lever to all positions once, and then return it to the N position.







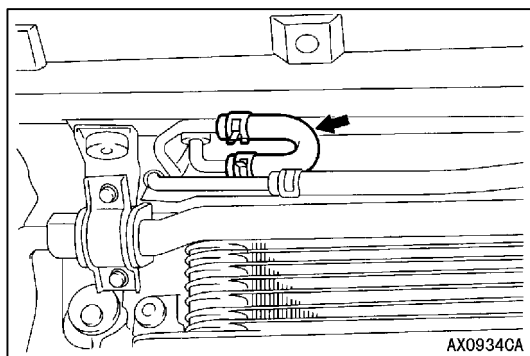
11. Check that the ATF level on the oil level gauge is at the "COLD" mark. If it is not up to this mark, add more ATF.

12. Drive the vehicle until the ATF temperature reaches the normal temperature (70 - 80°C), and then re-check the ATF level.

The ATF level must be between the HOT marks.

#### NOTE

- (1) The "COLD" mark is for reference only; the "HOT" marks should be used as the standard for judgment.
  - (2) Measure ATF temperature using MUT-II.
  - (3) Check the oil level referring to the characteristics chart shown at left if it takes some time until reaching the normal operation temperature of ATF (70 - 80°C.)
13. Securely insert the oil level gauge into the oil filler tube.



#### ATF COOLER LINE FLUSHING PROCEDURE

##### NOTE

If replacing the transmission with a new one, if overhauling the existing transmission, or if the ATF has deteriorated or is contaminated, the ATF cooler line must always be flushed out.

1. Remove the hose shown in the illustration which allows the ATF to flow from the ATF cooler (built into the radiator) to the transmission.
2. Start the engine and discharge the ATF.  
Driving conditions: N range, idling

##### NOTE

The engine should be stopped within one minute of it being started. If the ATF has all been discharged before this, stop the engine at that point.

**Discharge amount: Approx. 4.0 L**

3. Pour in new ATF through the oil filler tube.

**Amount to add: Approx. 4.0 L**

# NOTE

Stop pouring in the ATF once 4.0 litre has been poured in.

- Repeat the operation in step 2.

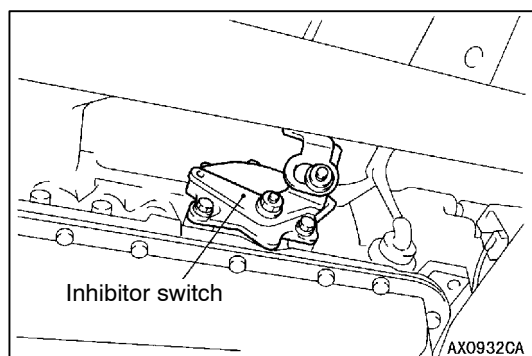
# NOTE

Carry out steps 2 and 6 so that at least 8.0 L has been discharged from the cooler hose. After this, discharge a small quantity of ATF and check for contamination. If the ATF is contaminated, repeat steps 3 and 4.

- Carry out the procedure in "Automatic Transmission Fluid (ATF) Replacement" from step 3 onwards.

## ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR (APS) ADJUSTMENT

Refer to GROUP 13 - On-vehicle Service.

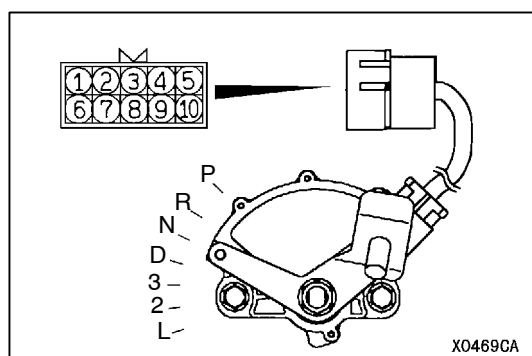


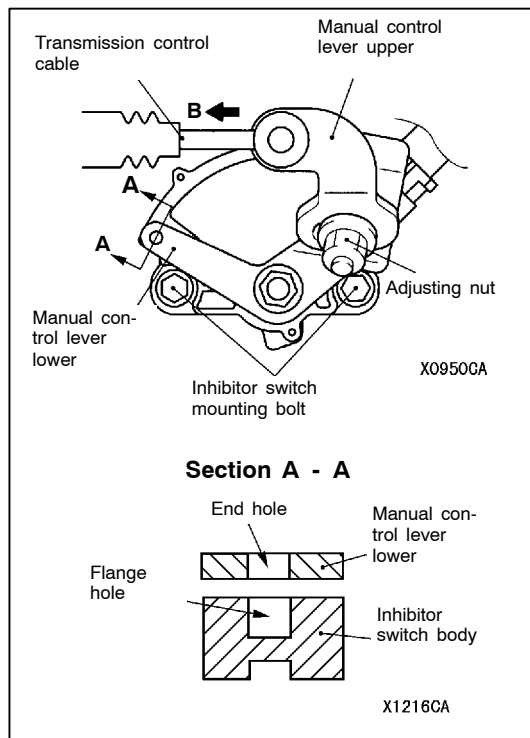
## INHIBITOR SWITCH CONTINUITY CHECK

Item	Terminal No.						
	1	2	3	7	8	9	10
P	○			○		○	○
R				○	○		
N		○		○		○	○
D			○	○			

# NOTE

The inhibitor switch has 7 positions, but only four positions (P, R, N and D) are used.





## INHIBITOR SWITCH AND CONTROL CABLE ADJUSTMENT

1. Move the selector lever to the N position.
2. Loosen the adjusting nut, and set the manual control lever upper and lower to the free condition.
3. Move the manual control lever lower to the neutral position.
4. Loosen the inhibitor switch body mounting bolt, and then turn the inhibitor switch to adjust so that the hole at the end of the manual control lever lower and the hole in the inhibitor switch body flange (section A - A in the illustration at left) are aligned.
5. Tighten the inhibitor switch body mounting bolt to the specified torque.

**Tightening torque:  $11 \pm 1$  N·m**

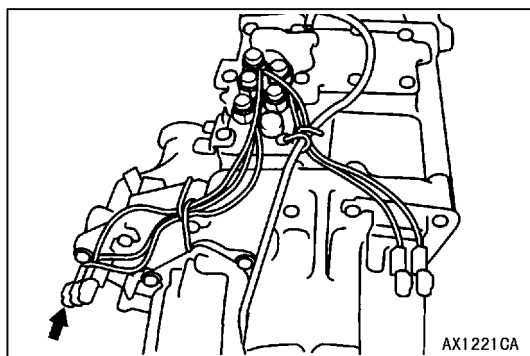
### NOTE

Be careful not to let the inhibitor switch body slip out of place.

6. Gently push the transmission control cable in the direction of B as shown in the illustration at left, and tighten the adjusting nut to the specified torque.

**Tightening torque:  $24 \pm 4$  N·m**

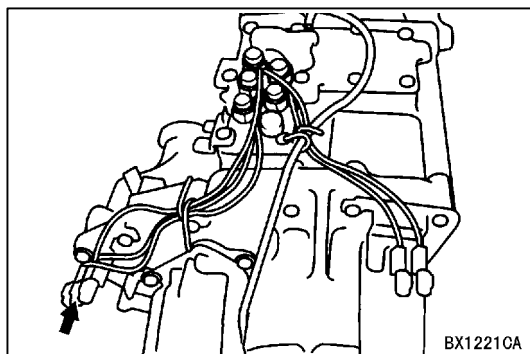
7. Check that the selector lever is at the "N" position.
8. Check that the transmission shifts to the correct range corresponding to the position of the selector lever, and that it functions correctly in that range.



## 2WD/4WD SWITCH CONTINUITY CHECK

Check the continuity between the terminals of the black connector shown in the illustration at left and the transfer case.

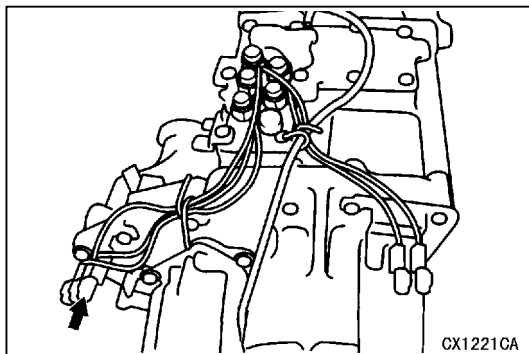
Transfer lever position	Continuity
2H, 4H	Continuity
4HLc, 4LLc	No continuity



## 4H SWITCH CONTINUITY CHECK

Check the continuity between the milky-white connector terminals shown in the illustration at left and the transfer case.

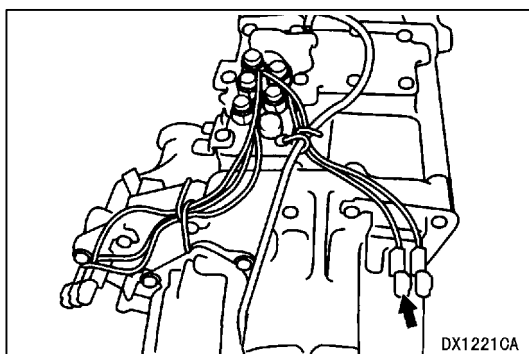
Transfer lever position	Continuity
2H, 4LLc	No continuity
4H, 4HLc	Continuity



### CENTER DIFFERENTIAL LOCK SWITCH CONTINUITY CHECK

Check the continuity between the terminals of the brown connector shown in the illustration at left and the transfer case.

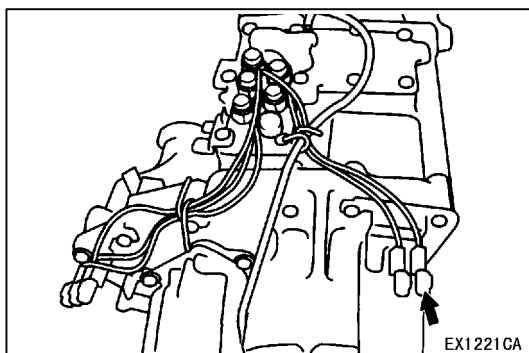
Transfer lever position	Continuity
2H, 4H	No continuity
4HLc, 4LLc	Continuity



### 2WD SWITCH CONTINUITY CHECK

Check the continuity between the terminals of the black connector shown in the illustration at left and the transfer case.

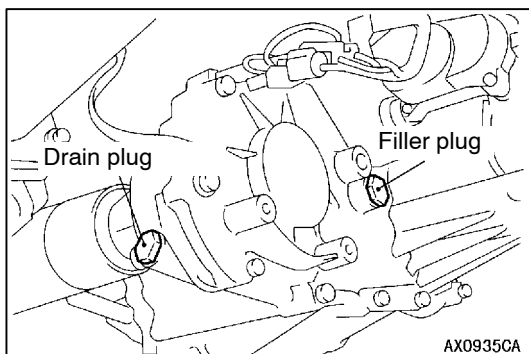
Transfer lever position	Continuity
2H	Continuity
4H, 4HLc, 4LLc	No continuity



### 4LLc SWITCH CONTINUITY CHECK

Check the continuity between the terminals of the brown connector shown in the illustration at left and the transfer case.

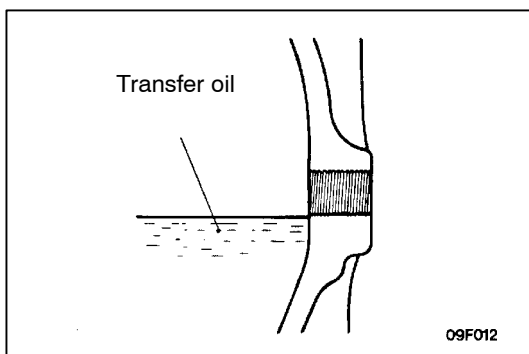
Transfer lever position	Continuity
4LLc	Continuity
2H, 4H, 4HLc	No continuity



### TRANSFER OIL CHECK

1. Remove the oil filler plug.
2. Check that the oil reaches the hole at the bottom of the oil filler plug.
3. Check that the oil is not severely contaminated, and that it has an appropriate level of viscosity.
4. Install the oil filler plug, and tighten it to the specified torque.

**Tightening torque:  $32 \pm 2$  N·m**



### TRANSFER OIL CHANGE

1. Remove the oil drain plug and drain the oil.
2. Install the oil filler plug, and tighten it to the specified torque.
3. Remove the oil filler plug, and pour in oil until it reaches the bottom of the oil filler plug.

**Tightening torque:  $32 \pm 2$  N·m**

**Specified lubricant:**

Hypoid gear oil SAE 75W-90 or 75W-85W  
conforming to API GL-4

**Oil level: 2.8 L**

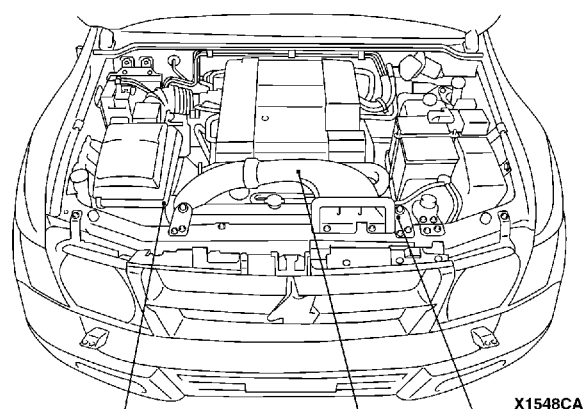
4. Install the oil filler plug, and tighten it to the specified torque.

**Tightening torque: 32 ± 2 N·m**

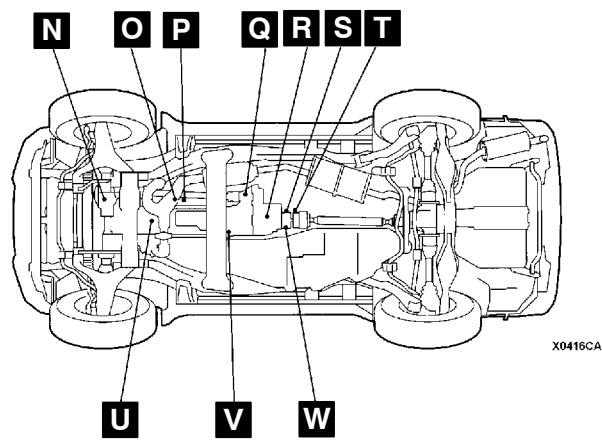
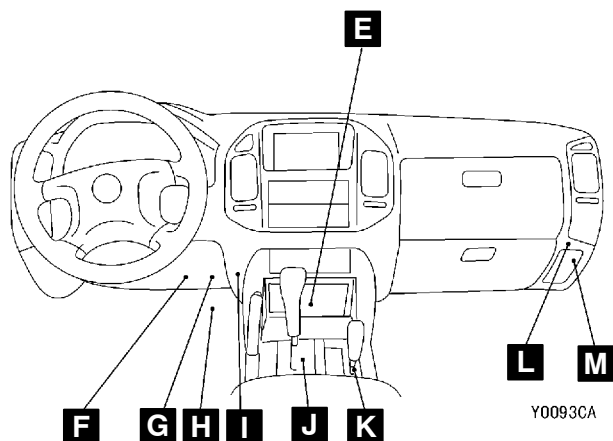
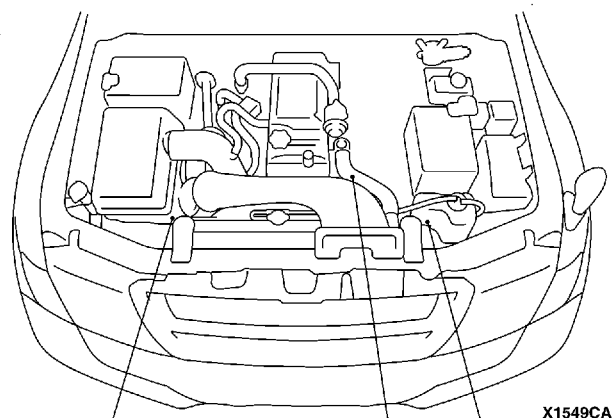
## LOCATION OF CONTROL COMPONENTS

Name	Symbol	Name	Symbol
Input shaft speed sensor	O	Freewheel engage switch	N
Output shaft speed sensor	V	Vehicle speed sensor	T
Crank angle sensor <6G7>	B	Stop lamp switch	F
Engine speed sensor <4M4>	D	Shift actuator	S
A/T fluid temperature sensor	U	A/T control solenoid valve assembly	U
Inhibitor switch	P	Diagnosis connector	I
Wide open throttle switch	H	Engine-ECU <4M4>	L
Shift switch (UP, DOWN)	J	A/T-ECU <4M4>	L
Select switch	J	Engine-A/T-ECU <6G7>	L
Dual pressure switch	C	Transfer-ECU	E
Accelerator pedal position sensor (APS)	G	A/T control relay	M
		Center differential lock switch	R
Solenoid valve A, B	A	2WD/4WD switch	R
Transfer lever switch	K	2WD switch	R
Front propeller shaft speed sensor	Q	4H switch	R
Rear propeller shaft speed sensor	W	4LLc switch	R

<6G7>



<4M4>



**CONTROL COMPONENT CHECKS****CRANK ANGLE SENSOR CHECK <6G7>**

Refer to GROUP 13A - Troubleshooting.

**ENGINE SPEED SENSOR CHECK <4M4>**

Refer to GROUP 13B - Troubleshooting.

**ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR (APS) CHECK**

Refer to GROUP 13A - On-vehicle Service.

**INHIBITOR SWITCH CONTINUITY CHECK**

Refer to P.23-98.

**STOP LAMP SWITCH CHECK**

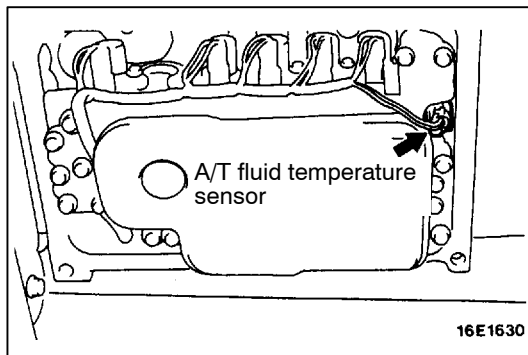
Refer to 35A - Brake Pedal.

**VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR CHECK**

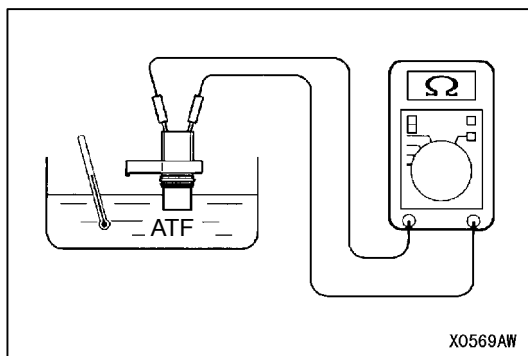
Refer to GROUP 54 - Combination Meter.

**DUAL PRESSURE SWITCH CHECK**

Refer to GROUP 55A - On-vehicle Service.

**A/T FLUID TEMPERATURE SENSOR CHECK**

1. Remove the A/T fluid temperature sensor.



2. Measure the resistance between terminals (1) and (2) of the A/T fluid temperature sensor.

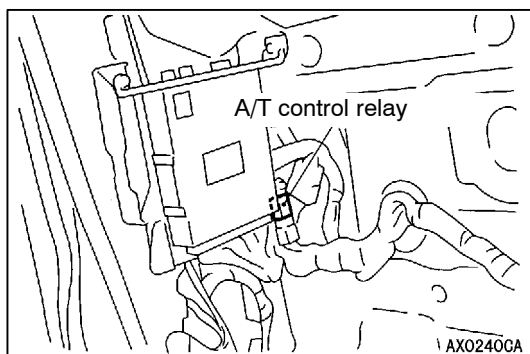
**Standard value:**

Temperature (°C)	Resistance [kΩ]
0	16.7 - 20.5
20	7.3 - 8.9
40	3.4 - 4.2
60	1.9 - 2.2
80	1.0 - 1.2
100	0.57 - 0.69

# NOTE

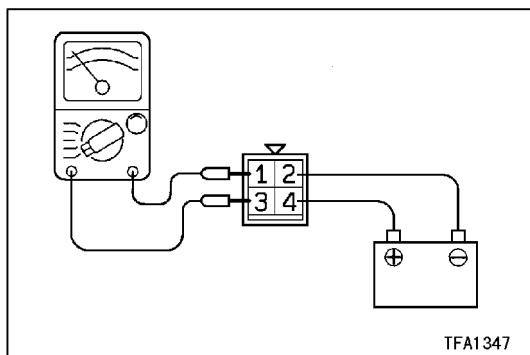
The N range indicator lamp on the combination meter flashes when the temperature reaches approximately 125°C or higher, and then stops flashing when the temperature drops below approximately 115°C.

3. If the A/T fluid temperature sensor resistance and the temperature when the N range indicator lamp is flashing or switched off are outside the standard value ranges, replace the A/T fluid temperature sensor.



## A/T CONTROL RELAY CHECK

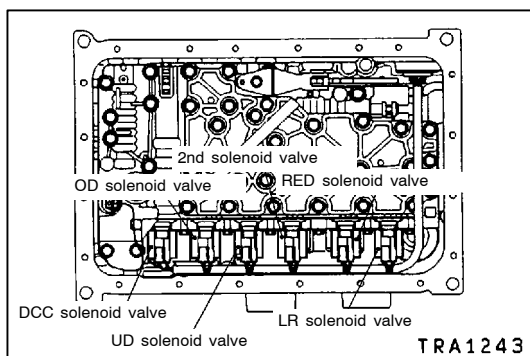
1. Remove the A/T control relay.



2. Use jumper leads to connect terminal (2) of the A/T control relay to the battery (–) terminal, and terminal (4) to the battery (+) terminal.
3. Check the continuity between terminals (1) and (3) of the A/T control relay while alternately connecting and disconnecting the jumper leads from the battery terminals.

Jumper leads	Continuity between terminals (1) and (3)
Connected	Continuity
Disconnected	No continuity

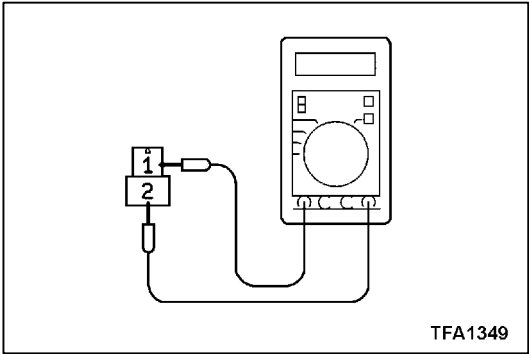
4. If there is a malfunction, replace the A/T control relay.



## A/T CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE ASSEMBLY CHECK

1. Remove the valve body cover.
2. Disconnect the connectors for each solenoid valve.





3. Measure the resistances between terminals (1) and (2) of each solenoid valve.

**Standard value:**

Name	Resistance value
Damper clutch control (DCC) solenoid valve	2.7 - 3.4 kΩ at 20°C
Low & reverse solenoid valve (LR solenoid valve)	
Second solenoid valve (2ND solenoid valve)	
Underdrive solenoid valve (UD solenoid valve)	
Overdrive solenoid valve (OD solenoid valve)	
Reduction (RED) solenoid valve	

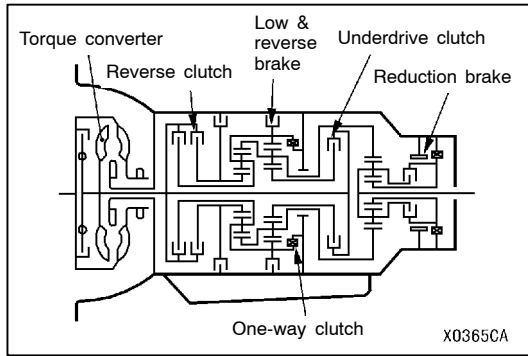
4. If a measurement value is outside the standard value range, replace the solenoid valve.

**SELECT SWITCH CHECK**

Refer to P.23-119.

**SHIFT SWITCH ASSEMBLY CHECK**

Refer to P.23-119.



## TORQUE CONVERTER STALL TEST

The purpose of this test is to measure the maximum engine speed when the torque converter stalls in D or R ranges in order to check the torque converter operation and the holding performance of the clutches and brakes which are built into the transmission.

### NOTE

For safety, the front and rear of the vehicle should be kept clear of other people while this test is being carried out.

1. Check the ATF level, the ATF temperature and the engine coolant temperature.
  - ATF level: "HOT" position on oil level gauge
  - ATF temperature: 70 - 80°C
  - Engine coolant temperature: 80 - 100°C
2. Place wheel locks on both the left and right front wheels.
3. Pull the parking brake lever to apply the parking brake and depress the brake pedal fully.
4. Start the engine.
5. Move the selector lever to the D position, fully depress the accelerator pedal and quickly take a reading of the maximum engine speed at this time.

### Caution

- (1) Do not keep the throttle fully open for any longer than 8 seconds.
- (2) If carrying out the stall test two or more times, move the selector lever to the N position and run the engine at a speed of 1000 r/min to let the ATF cool down before the next test is carried out.

### Standard value - Stalling speed:

2,200 - 2,700 r/min <6G7>

2,400 - 2,900 r/min <4M4>

6. Move the selector lever to the R position and repeat the test described above.

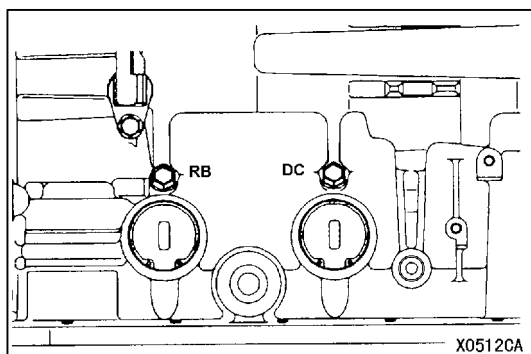
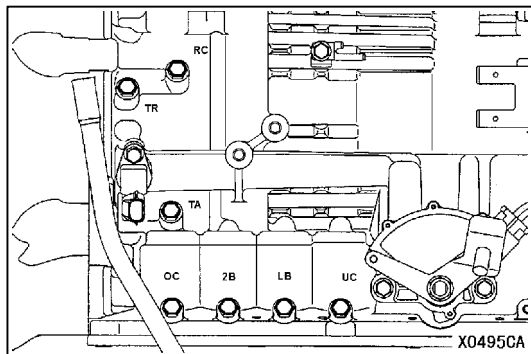
### Standard value - Stalling speed:

2,200 - 2,700 r/min <6G7>

2,400 - 2,900 r/min <4M4>

### Torque converter stall test judgment

1. High stalling speed in both D and R ranges
  - Low line pressure
  - Low & reverse brake slipping
2. High stalling speed in D range only
  - Underdrive clutch slipping
3. High stalling speed in R range only
  - Reverse clutch slipping
  - Reduction brake slipping
4. High stalling speed in both D and R ranges
  - Malfunction of torque converter
  - Poor engine output



## FLUID PRESSURE TEST

1. Let the engine warm up until the ATF temperature is 70 - 80°C.
2. Jack up the vehicle so that the tires can spin freely.
3. Install the special tool (MD998330: 2 992 kPa oil pressure gauge) and the adapters (MD998332, MD998900) to each hydraulic pressure outlet port.
4. Measure the various hydraulic pressures under the conditions given in the standard hydraulic pressure table, and check that the measurements are within the standard value ranges.
5. If the measurements are outside the standard value range, remedy the problem while referring to the hydraulic pressure test diagnosis table.

### NOTE

RC : Reverse clutch pressure port  
 TR : Torque converter pressure port  
 TA : Damper clutch pressure port  
 OC : Overdrive clutch pressure port  
 2B : Second brake pressure port  
 LB : Low & brake pressure port  
 UC : Underdrive clutch pressure port  
 RB : Reduction brake pressure port  
 DC : Direct clutch pressure port

## STANDARD HYDRAULIC PRESSURE TABLE

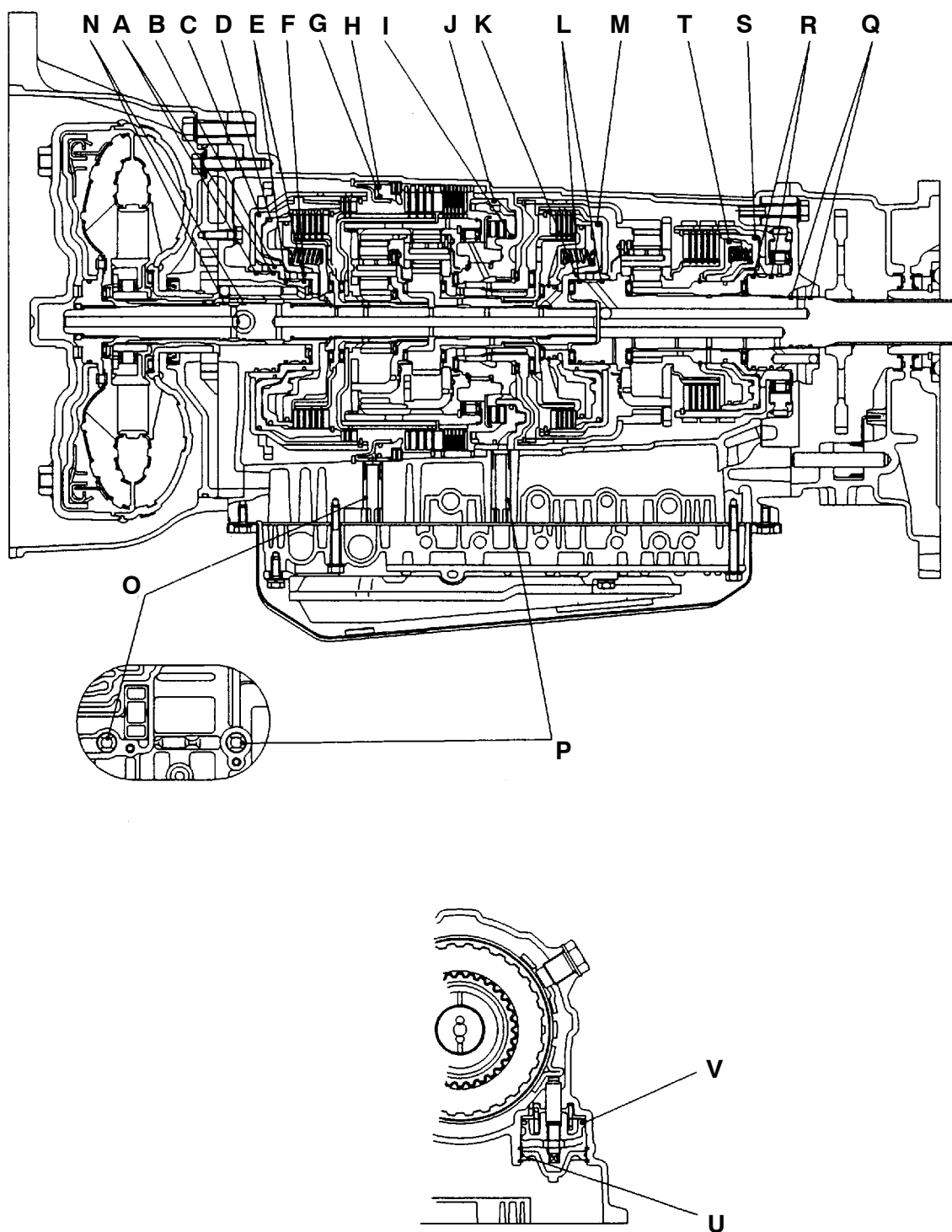
Measurement conditions			Standard hydraulic pressure kPa							
Selector lever position	Shift range position	Engine speed r/min	Underdrive clutch pressure [UD pressure]	Reverse clutch pressure [RC pressure]	Overdrive clutch pressure [OD pressure]	Direct clutch pressure port [DIR pressure]	Low & brake pressure [LR pressure]	Second brake pressure [2ND pressure]	Reduction brake pressure [RB pressure]	Torque converter pressure [DR pressure]
P	-	2,500	-	-	-	-	260 - 340	-	1,010 - 1,050	500 - 700
R	Reverse	2,500	-	1,270 - 1,770	-	-	1,270 - 1,770	-	1,270 - 1,770	500 - 700
N	-	2,500	-	-	-	-	260 - 340	-	260 - 340	500 - 700
Sports mode	1st	2,500	1,010 - 1,050	-	-	-	1,010 - 1,050	-	1,010 - 1,050	500 - 700
	2nd	2,500	1,010 - 1,050	-	-	-	-	1,010 - 1,050	1,010 - 1,050	500 - 700
	3rd	2,500	784 - 882	-	784 - 882	-	-	-	784 - 882	450 - 650
	4th	2,500	784 - 882	-	784 - 882	784 - 882	-	-	-	-
	5th	2,500	784 - 882	-	784 - 882	784 - 882	-	784 - 882	-	-

**HYDRAULIC PRESSURE TEST DIAGNOSIS TABLE**

Symptom	Problem location
All hydraulic pressures are too high	Malfunction of regulator valve
All hydraulic pressures are too low	Malfunction of oil pump Blocked oil filter Blocked oil cooler Malfunction of regulator valve Malfunction of relief valve Incorrect valve body installation
Abnormal hydraulic pressure in R range only	Malfunction of regulator valve
Abnormal hydraulic pressure in 3rd or 4th only	Malfunction of regulator valve Malfunction of switch bulb
Abnormal UD pressure only	Malfunction of oil seal K, L, M or Q Malfunction of underdrive solenoid valve Malfunction of underdrive pressure control valve Abnormality with check ball Blocked orifices Incorrect valve body installation
Abnormal REV pressure only	Malfunction of oil seal A, B or C Abnormality with check ball Blocked orifices Incorrect valve body installation
Abnormal OD pressure only	Malfunction of oil seal D, E or F Malfunction of overdrive solenoid valve Malfunction of overdrive pressure control valve Abnormality with check ball Blocked orifices Incorrect valve body installation
Abnormal DIR pressure only	Malfunction of oil seal R, S or T Malfunction of low & reverse solenoid valve (also used for the direct clutch) Malfunction of low & reverse pressure control valve Malfunction of switch bulb Malfunction of fail-safe valve C Blocked orifices Incorrect valve body installation
Abnormal LR pressure only	Malfunction of oil seal I, J or P Malfunction of low & reverse solenoid valve (also used for the direct clutch) Malfunction of low & reverse pressure control valve Malfunction of switch bulb Malfunction of fail-safe valve A Abnormality with check ball Blocked orifices Incorrect valve body installation
Abnormal 2ND pressure only	Malfunction of oil seal G, H or O Malfunction of second solenoid valve Malfunction of second pressure control valve Malfunction of fail-safe valve B Blocked orifices Incorrect valve body installation

Symptom	Problem location
Abnormal RED pressure only	Malfunction of oil seal U or V Malfunction of reaction solenoid valve Malfunction of reduction pressure control valve Blocked orifices Incorrect valve body installation
Abnormal DR pressure only	Blocked oil cooler Malfunction of oil seal N Malfunction of damper clutch control solenoid valve Malfunction of damper clutch control solenoid valve Malfunction of torque converter pressure control valve Blocked orifices Incorrect valve body installation
Pressure applied to non-operating element	Incorrect transmission control cable adjustment Malfunction of manual valve Incorrect valve body installation

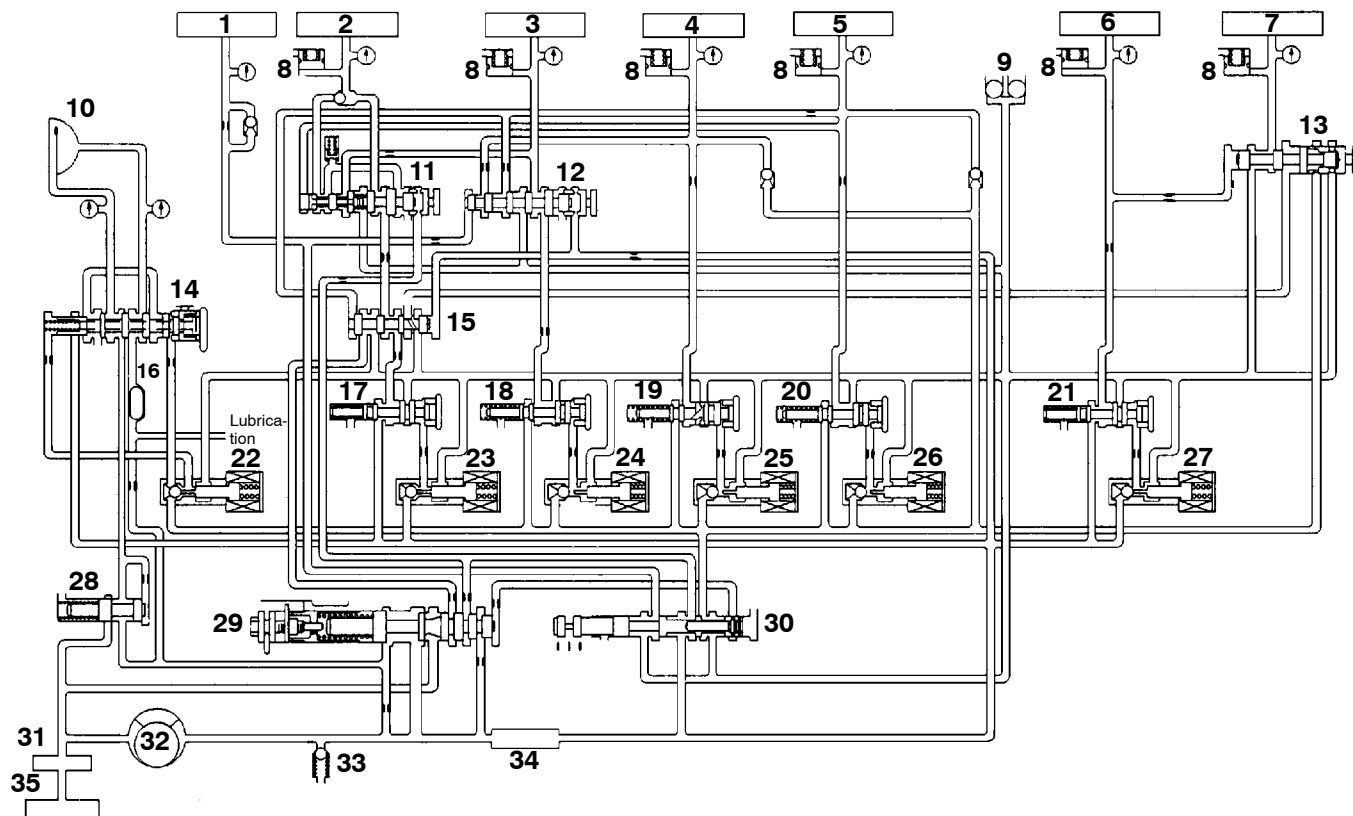
# Oil seal layout



X0514CA

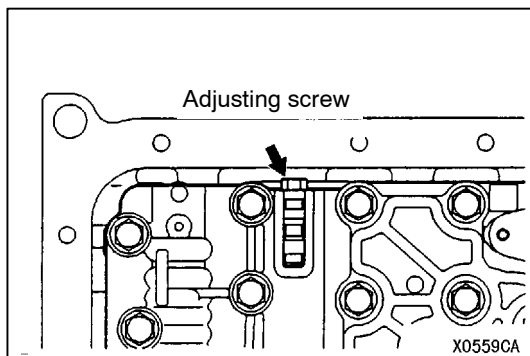
## HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT

## Parking &amp; Neutral



X05190A

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1. Reverse clutch                        | 19. UD pressure control valve               |
| 2. LR brake                              | 20. OD pressure control valve               |
| 3. 2nd brake                             | 21. RED pressure control valve              |
| 4. UD clutch                             | 22. DCC solenoid valve                      |
| 5. OD clutch                             | 23. LR solenoid valve                       |
| 6. RED clutch                            | 24. 2ND solenoid valve                      |
| 7. DIR clutch                            | 25. UD solenoid valve                       |
| 8. Accumulator                           | 26. OD solenoid valve                       |
| 9. Check ball                            | 27. RED solenoid valve                      |
| 10. Damper clutch                        | 28. Torque converter pressure control valve |
| 11. Fail-safe valve A                    | 29. Regulator valve                         |
| 12. Fail-safe valve B                    | 30. Manual valve                            |
| 13. Fail-safe valve C                    | 31. Oil filter                              |
| 14. Damper clutch control solenoid valve | 32. Oil pump                                |
| 15. Switch bulb                          | 33. Relief valve                            |
| 16. Oil cooler                           | 34. Oil strainer                            |
| 17. LR pressure control valve            | 35. Oil pan                                 |
| 18. 2nd pressure control valve           |   |



## LINE PRESSURE ADJUSTMENT

1. Discharge the ATF, and then remove the valve body cover.
2. Turn the adjusting screw shown in the illustration at left to adjust the UD pressure until it is at the standard value. The pressure increases when the screw is turned anti-clockwise.

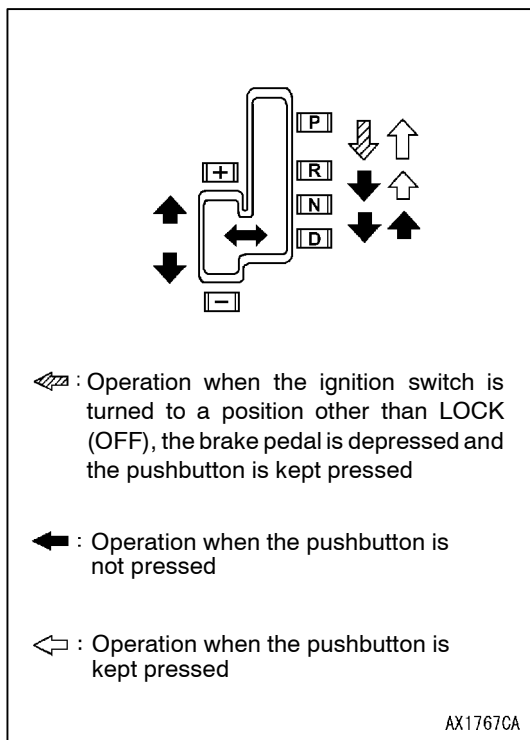
### NOTE

Adjust to the middle of the standard range when the transmission is at the 1st or 2nd gear.

**Standard value: 1,010 - 1,050 kPa**

**Change in pressure for a single full turn of the adjusting screw: 35 kPa**

3. Install the valve body cover, and then pour in the specified amount of ATF.
4. Carry out a fluid pressure test. (Refer to P.23-106.) Readjust if necessary.



## SELECTOR LEVER OPERATION CHECK

1. Apply the parking brake, and check that the selector lever moves smoothly and accurately to each range position.
2. Check that the engine starts when the selector lever is at the N or P position, and that it does not start when the selector lever is in any other position.
3. Start the engine, release the parking brake, and check that the vehicle moves forward when the selector lever is moved from N range to 1st or 2nd gear, and that the vehicle reverses when the selector lever is moved to R range.
4. Stop the engine.
5. Turn the ignition switch to the ON position, and check that the backup lamp illuminates and the buzzer sounds when the selector lever is shifted from P to R range.

### NOTE

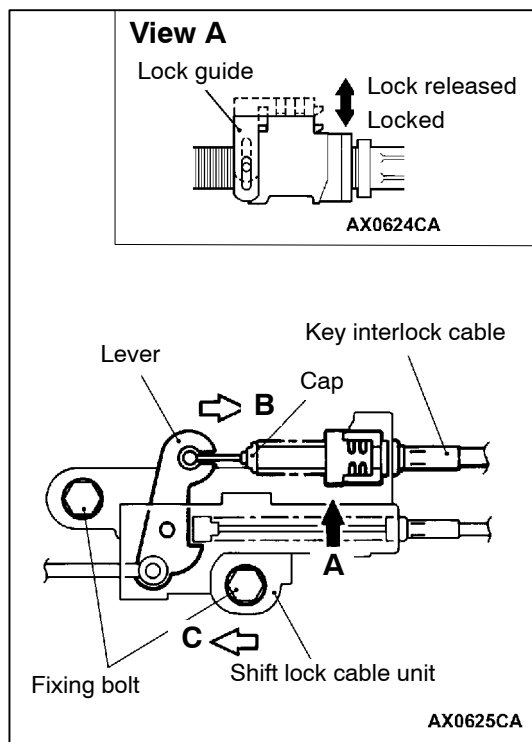
The A/T mis-operation prevention mechanism is provided so that the selector lever cannot be moved from the P position if the ignition switch is at a position other than the LOCK (OFF) position and the brake pedal is not depressed.



**KEY INTERLOCK MECHANISM CHECK**

1. Carry out the following check.

Inspection procedure	Inspection conditions		Check details (Normal condition)
1	Brake pedal: Depressed	Ignition switch position: LOCK (OFF) or pulled out	The selector lever cannot be moved from the P position to any other position when the pushbutton on the selector lever is not being pressed.
2		Ignition switch position: Other than "LOCK (OFF) or pulled out"	The selector lever can easily be moved from the P position to some other position when the pushbutton on the selector lever is being pressed.
3	Brake pedal: Released	Selector lever position: Other than "P"	The ignition switch will not turn to the LOCK position.
4		Selector lever position: "P"	The ignition switch can turn smoothly to the LOCK (OFF) position.



2. If the above operations do not occur correctly, adjust the shift lock cable unit by the following procedure.

- (1) Remove the front floor console, and then provisionally install the selector lever knob. (Refer to GROUP 52A.)
- (2) Move the selector lever to the P position and turn the ignition switch to the LOCK (OFF) position.
- (3) Loosen the shift lock cable unit fixing bolt, and then while pushing the lever in the direction of B and the unit in direction of C, tighten the bolt to the specified torque of  $5.0 \pm 1.0$  N·m.
- (4) Lift the lock guide to unlock the key interlock cable.
- (5) While pushing the cap of the key interlock cable in the direction of B, lower the lock guide to lock the cable.

**NOTE**

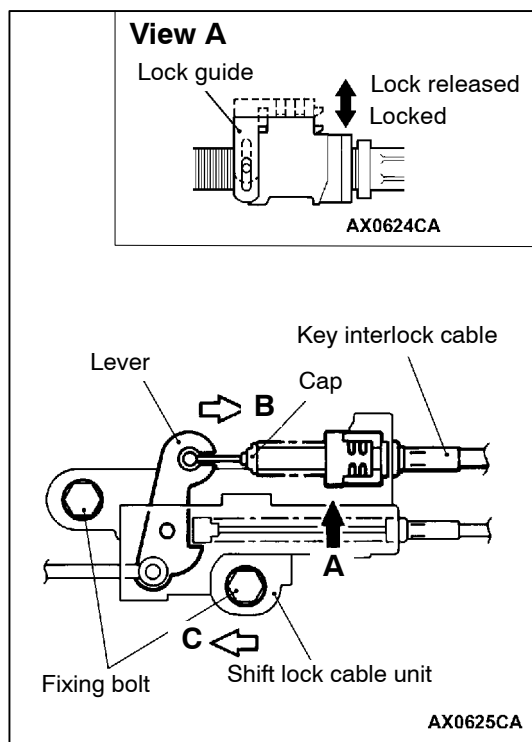
The lock position at this time (the amount by which the cap is pushed) represents the amount of adjustment for the key interlock cable. If the key interlock cable does not operate correctly, adjust the lock position.

3. After adjusting, check the operation once more. If the operation is still incorrect, replace the shift lock cable unit. (Refer to P.23-120)

# SHIFT LOCK MECHANISM CHECK

1. Carry out the following check.

Inspection procedure	Inspection conditions		Check details (Normal condition)
1	Brake pedal: Depressed	Ignition switch position: "ACC"	The selector lever cannot be moved from the P position to any other position when the pushbutton on the selector lever is not being pressed.
2			The selector lever can easily be moved from the P position to some other position when the pushbutton on the selector lever is being pressed.
3	Brake pedal: Released		The selector lever can easily be moved from the R position to the P position when the pushbutton on the selector lever is being pressed.



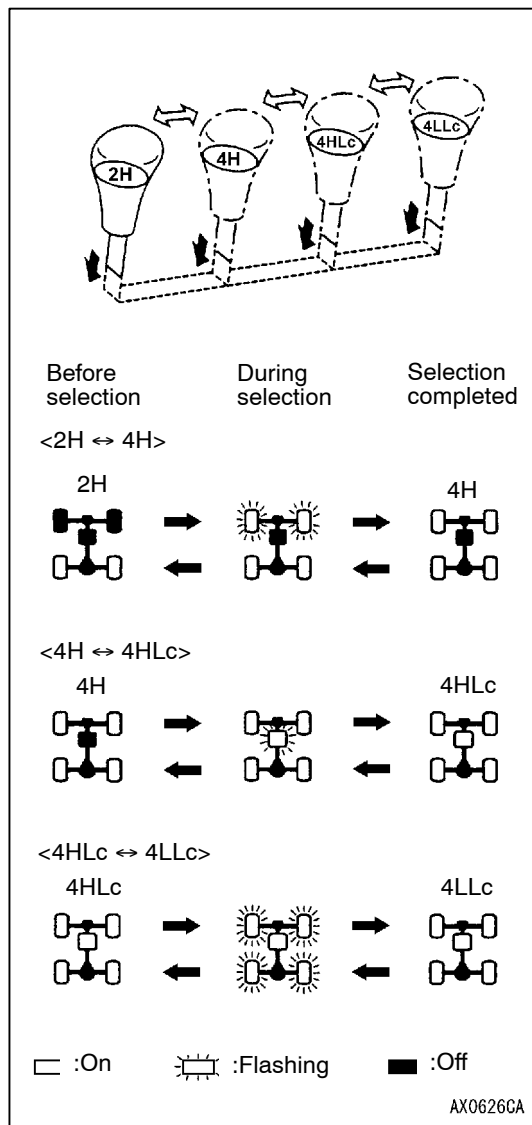
2. If the above operations do not occur correctly, adjust the shift lock cable unit by the following procedure.

- (1) Remove the front floor console, and then provisionally install the selector lever knob. (Refer to GROUP 52A.)
- (2) Move the selector lever to the P position and turn the ignition switch to the LOCK (OFF) position.
- (3) Loosen the shift lock cable unit fixing bolt, and then while pushing the lever in the direction of B and the unit in direction of C, tighten the bolt to the specified torque of  $5.0 \pm 1.0$  N·m.
- (4) Lift the lock guide to unlock the key interlock cable.
- (5) While pushing the cap of the key interlock cable in the direction of B, lower the lock guide to lock the cable.

## NOTE

The lock position at this time (the amount by which the cap is pushed) represents the amount of adjustment for the key interlock cable. If the key interlock cable does not operate correctly, adjust the lock position.

3. After adjusting, check the operation once more. If the operation is still incorrect, replace the shift lock cable unit. (Refer to P.23-120)

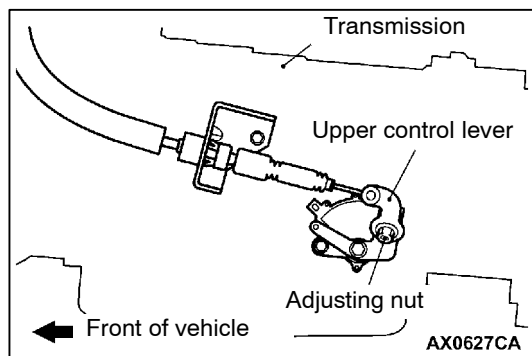


## TRANSFER SHIFT LEVER OPERATION CHECK

1. Check that the transfer shift lever moves smoothly and correctly to each transfer position when the lever is pushed downwards and moved.
2. Apply the parking brake, turn the ignition switch to the ON position and move the selector lever to N range.
3. Check that the 4WD indicator lamp illuminates, flashes or switches off according to the pattern shown in the illustration when the transfer shift lever is move to each transfer position.
4. If the selection is not completed even after 5 seconds or more have passed, carry out the following procedure.
  - (1) Return the transfer shift lever to the position it was at before selection.
  - (2) Start the engine, drive the vehicle straight forward, and then stop the engine.
  - (3) Apply the parking brake, and then move the selector lever to the N position.
  - (4) Operate the transfer shift lever once more.

### NOTE

If the vehicle is not fully stopped or if the selector lever is at a position other than N when selecting 4HLc or 4LLc, the 4WD indicator lamp will flash more quickly than normal, and the 4WD range will not be selected. This is a normal phenomenon which serves to control the smooth selection of 4HLc and 4LLc.

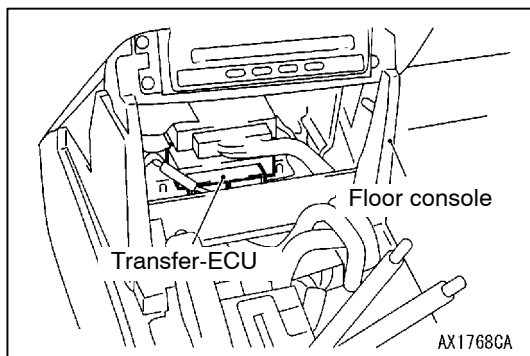


## TRANSMISSION CONTROL CABLE ADJUSTMENT

1. Move the selector lever to the N position.
2. Loosen the upper control lever adjusting nut.
3. Check that the inhibitor switch is at N range.
4. Adjust the upper control lever so that there is no slackness or excessive tightness in the transmission control cable, and then tighten the adjusting nut to the specified torque.

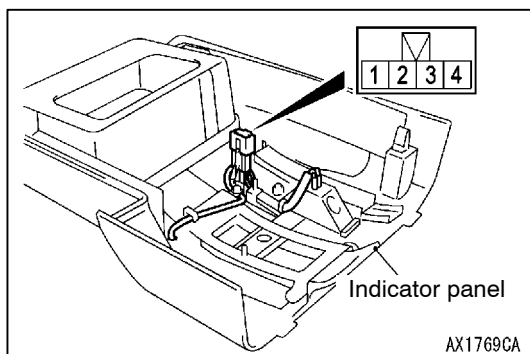
**Tightening torque: 24 ± 4 N·m**

5. Check that the transmission shifts to the correct range corresponding to the position of the selector lever, and that it functions correctly in that range.



### TRANSFER-ECU CHECK

1. Remove the indicator panel and the floor console front panel. (Refer to GROUP 52A - Floor Console.)
2. Measure the transfer-ECU terminal voltage. (Refer to P.23-89.)



### POSITION INDICATOR LAMP CHECK

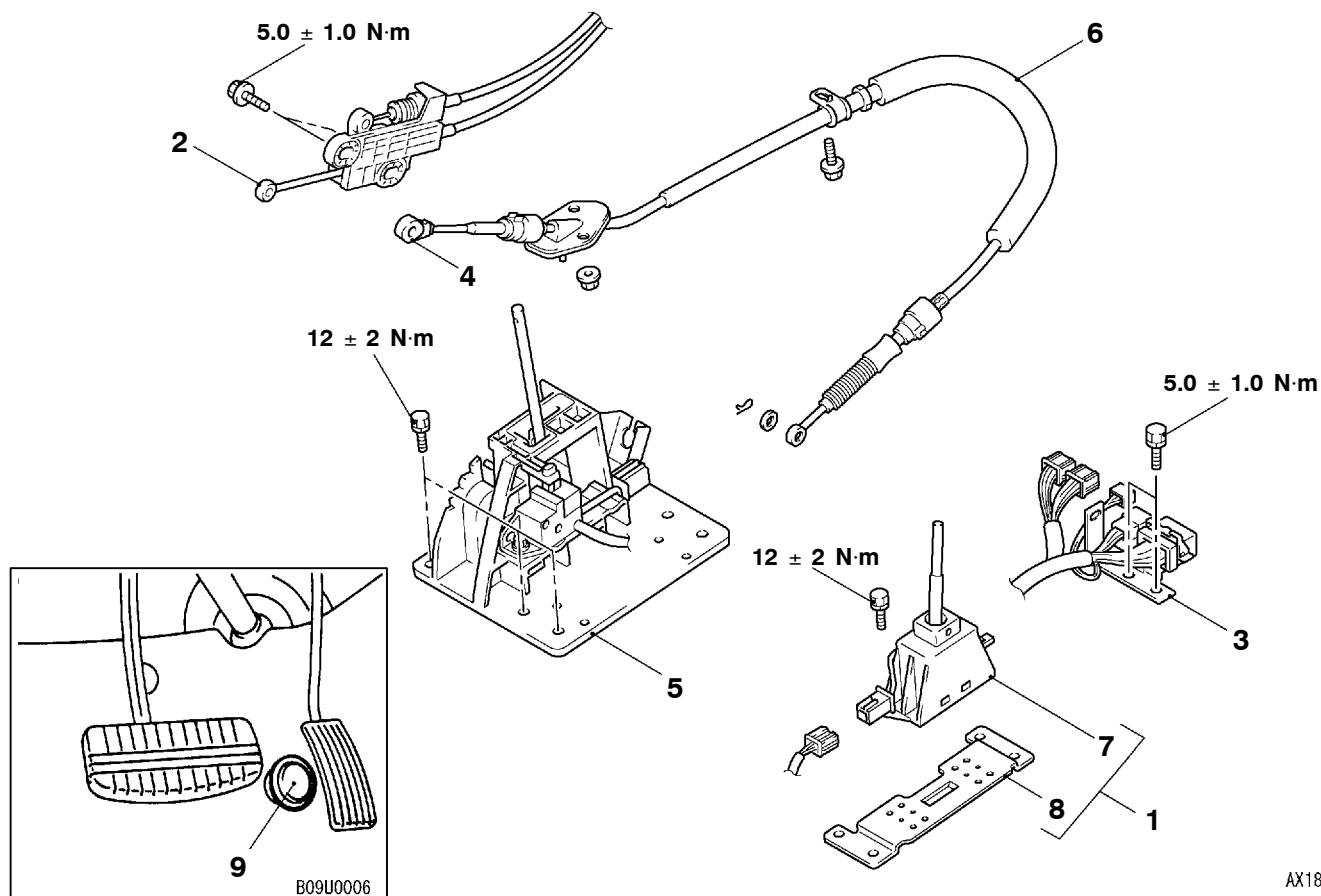
1. Remove the indicator panel. (Refer to GROUP 52A - Floor Console.)
2. Check that there is continuity between terminals (1) and (2) and between terminals (3) and (4).

## TRANSMISSION CONTROL

## REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

## NOTE

When removing and installing the transmission control cable and shift lock cable unit, be careful not to hit them against the SRS-ECU.



AX1823CA

### Selector lever assembly and transmission control cable assembly removal steps

- Front floor console (Refer to GROUP 52A.)
- 1. Transfer shift lever and bracket assembly
- ▶B◀ 2. Shift lock cable unit connection
- 3. Transmission control harness connection
- 4. Transmission control cable connection
- 5. Selector lever assembly
- Front exhaust pipe (Refer to GROUP 15.)

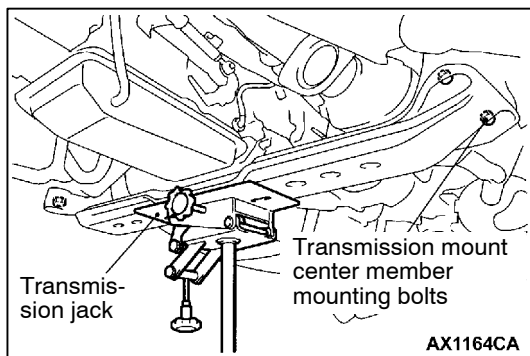
◀A▶ ▶A◀ 6. Transmission control cable assembly

### Transfer shift lever removal steps

- Indicator panel (Refer to GROUP 52A - Floor Console.)
- 7. Transfer shift lever
- 8. Bracket

### Wide open throttle switch removal step

- 9. Wide open throttle switch



## REMOVAL SERVICE POINT

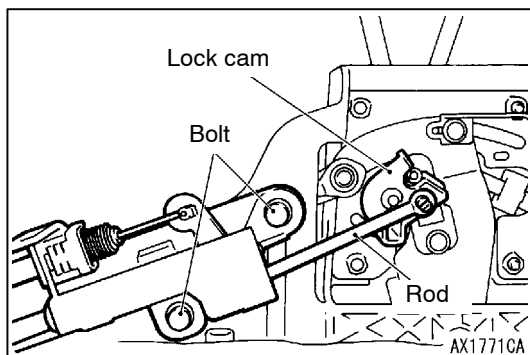
### ◀A▶ TRANSMISSION CONTROL CABLE ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

1. Support the transmission mount center member with a transmission jack, and then remove the transmission mount center member mounting bolts.
2. Lower the transmission so that there is enough room available to remove the transmission control cable assembly mounting nuts, and then remove the transmission control cable assembly mounting nuts.

## INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

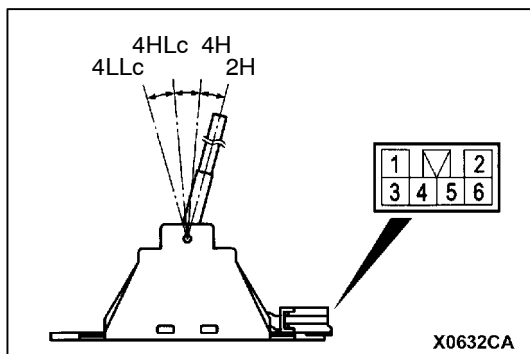
### ▶A◀ TRANSMISSION CONTROL CABLE ASSEMBLY INSTALLATION

After installing the transmission control cable assembly, install the transmission mount center member mounting bolts and tighten them to the specified torque of  $44 \pm 10$  N·m.



### ▶B◀ SHIFT LOCK CABLE UNIT INSTALLATION

1. Provisionally install the selector lever knob, and then move the selector lever to the P position and turn the ignition switch to the LOCK (OFF) position.
2. After installing the rod of the shift lock cable unit to the lock cam of the selector lever assembly, install the bolts of the shift lock cable unit.
3. Check the operation of the selector lever assembly. (Refer to P.23-111.)

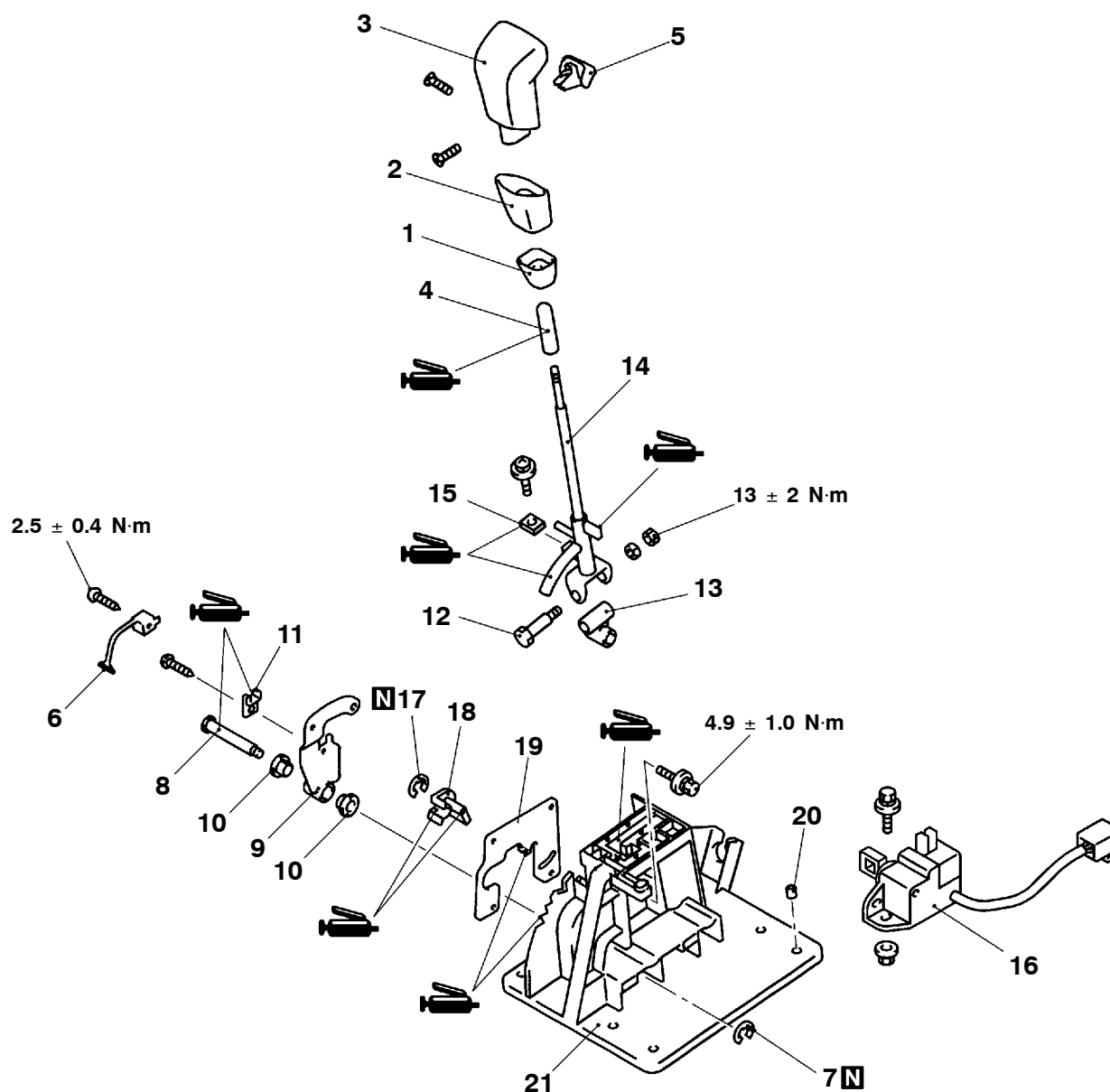


## INSPECTION

### TRANSFER SHIFT LEVER SWITCH CONTINUITY CHECK

Switch position	Terminal No.				
	1	2	3	4	5
2H	○		○		
4H	○			○	
4HLc	○				○
4LLc	○	○			

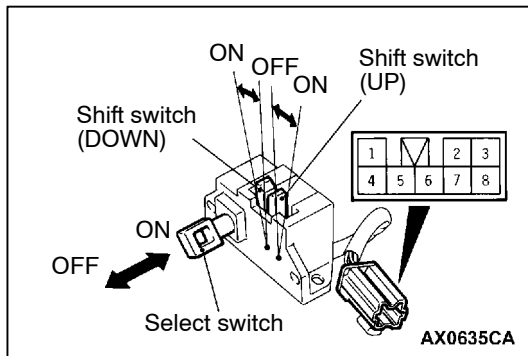
## SELECTOR LEVER ASSEMBLY DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY



AX1774CA

### Disassembly steps

- |                  |                             |
|------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. Knob cover B  | 12. Bolt                    |
| 2. Knob cover A  | 13. Universal joint         |
| 3. Shift knob    | 14. Lever assembly          |
| 4. Sleeve        | 15. Stay cover              |
| 5. Pushbutton    | 16. Shift switch assembly   |
| 6. Detent spring | 17. Snap ring               |
| 7. Snap ring     | 18. Malfunction of lock cam |
| 8. Shaft         | 19. Detent plate assembly   |
| 9. Arm assembly  | 20. Collar                  |
| 10. Bushing      | 21. Base bracket            |
| 11. Arm cover    |                             |



## INSPECTION

### SHIFT SWITCH ASSEMBLY CONTINUITY CHECK

Switch position		Terminal No.					
		1	3	4	5	7	8
Select switch	ON	<input type="radio"/>		<input type="radio"/>			
	OFF	<input type="radio"/>			<input type="radio"/>		
Shift switch (UP)	ON		<input type="radio"/>			<input type="radio"/>	
	OFF						
Shift switch (DOWN)	ON		<input type="radio"/>				<input type="radio"/>
	OFF						

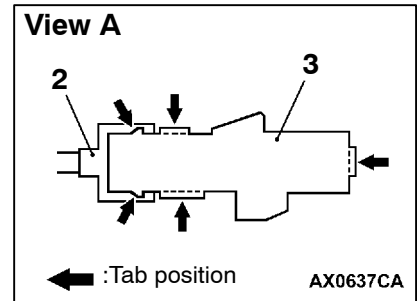
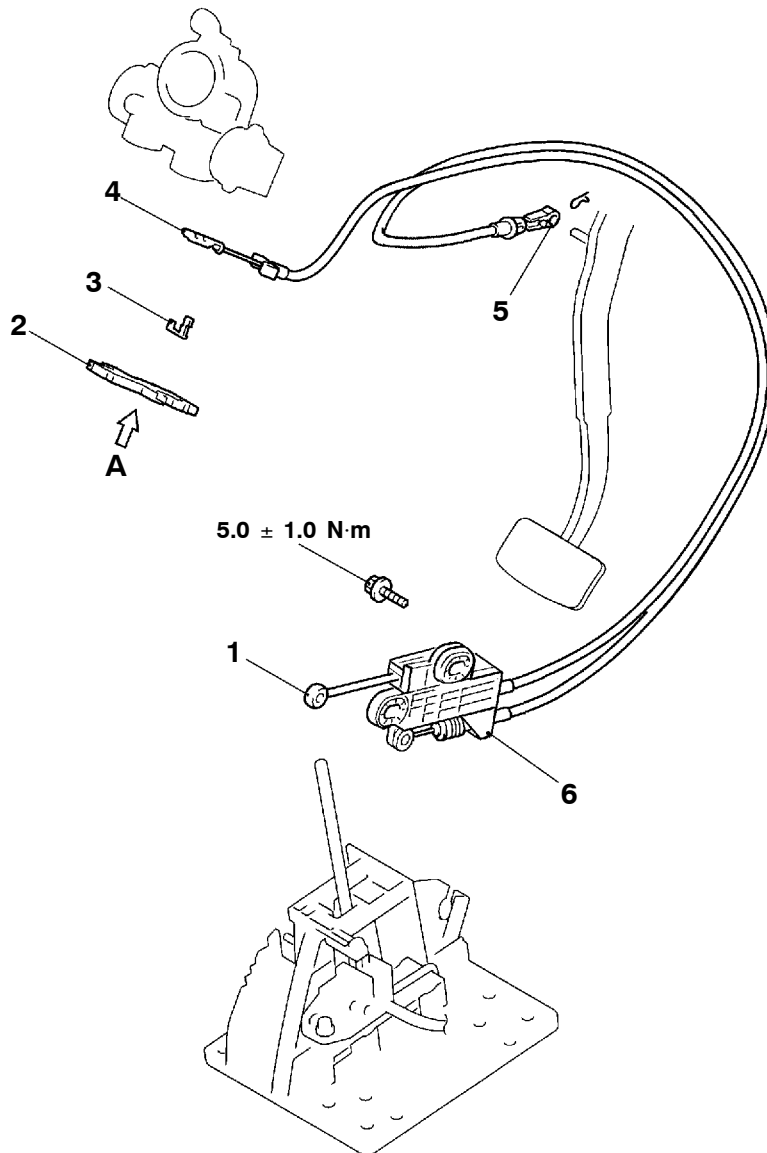


# SHIFT LOCK AND KEY INTERLOCK MECHANISMS

## REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

### NOTE

When removing and installing the transmission control cable and shift lock cable unit, be careful not to hit them against the SRS-ECU.



AX1777CA

### Removal steps

- Front floor console (Refer to GROUP 52A.)
  - Switch panel and lower column cover (Refer to GROUP 52A - Instrument Panel.)
1. Shift lock cable unit connection

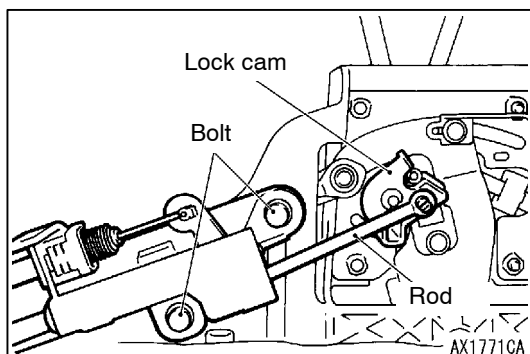


- 2. Key interlock cable connection
- 3. Cover
- 4. Lock bar
- 5. Shift lock cable connection
- 6. Shift lock cable unit

## REMOVAL SERVICE POINT

### ◀A▶ KEY INTERLOCK CABLE REMOVAL

Turn the ignition switch to the ACC position, and then pull the key interlock cable out from the ignition key cylinder.



## INSTALLATION SERVICE POINT

### ▶A◀ SHIFT LOCK CABLE UNIT INSTALLATION

1. Provisionally install the selector lever knob, and then move the selector lever to the P position and turn the ignition switch to the LOCK (OFF) position.
2. After installing the rod of the shift lock cable unit to the lock cam of the selector lever assembly, install the bolts of the shift lock cable unit.
3. Check the operation of the selector lever assembly. (Refer to P.23-111.)

## TRANSMISSION ASSEMBLY

## REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

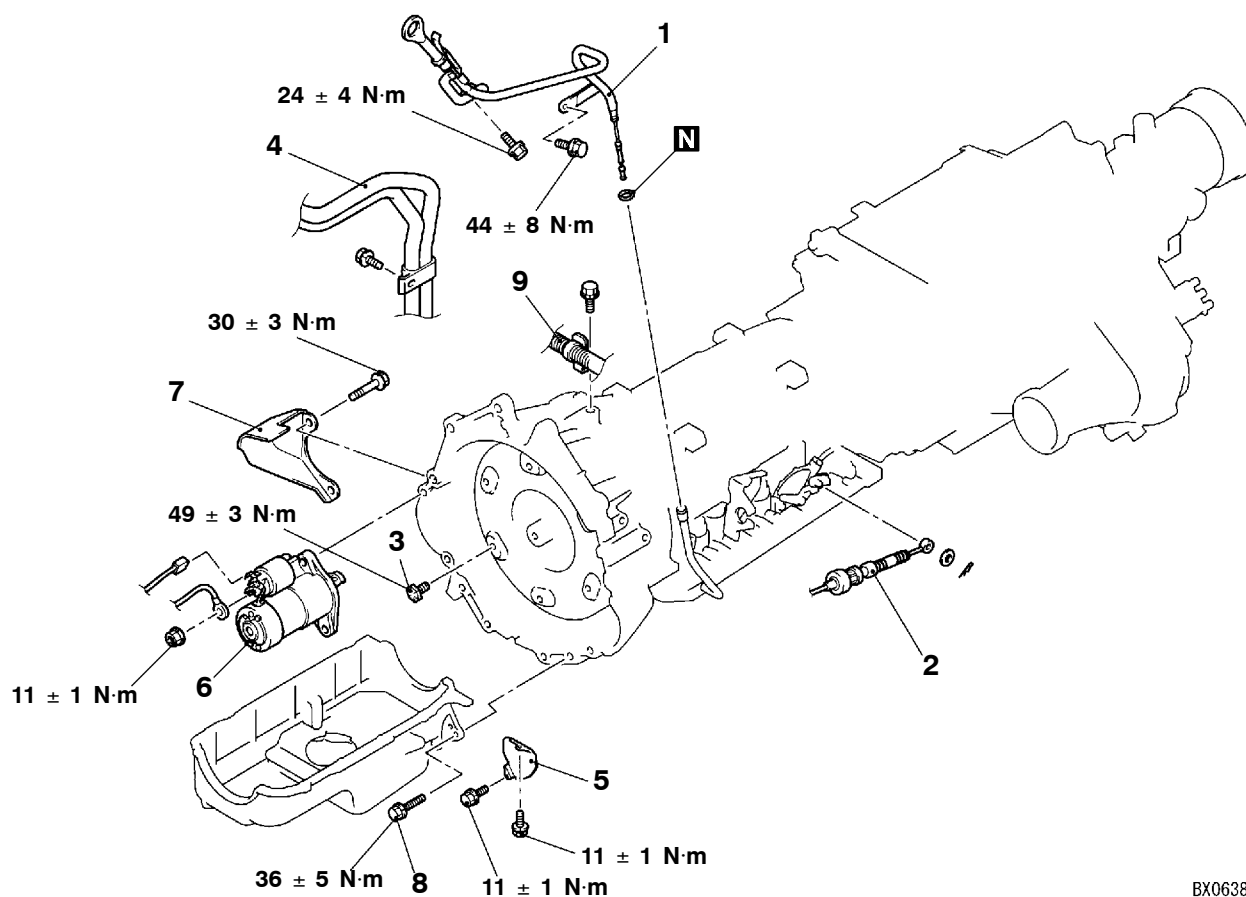
## NOTE

The rear propeller shaft incorporates a carbon fibre-reinforced plastic tube, so be sure to refer to GROUP 25 during removal.

<6G7>

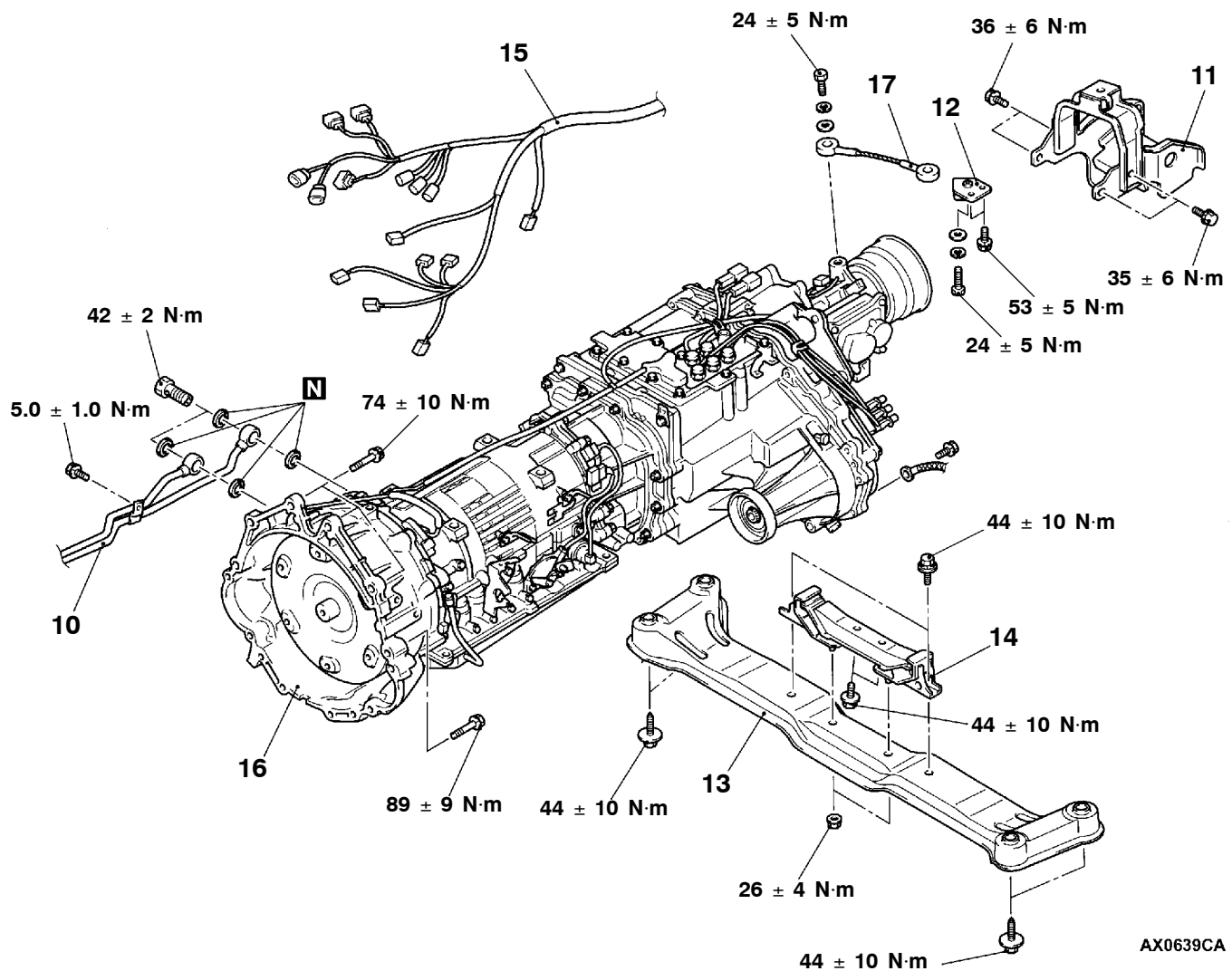
**Pre-removal and Post-installation Operations**

- Skid Plate And Under Cover Removal and Installation
- Transmission Fluid and Transfer Oil Draining and Filling (Refer to P.23-95 and P.23-99.)
- Front and Rear Propeller Shaft Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 25.)
- Front Exhaust Pipe Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 15.)
- Radiator Shroud Lower Cover Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 14.)

**Removal steps**

1. Oil level gauge assembly
2. Transmission control cable connection
3. Drive plate connection bolts
4. Heater hose connection
5. Cover
6. Starter motor
7. Starter cover
8. Oil pan connection bolts
9. Battery cable connection





- 10. Oil cooler tube connection
- 11. Dynamic damper
- 12. Tension wire bracket
  - Support the transmission with a transmission jack
- 13. Transmission mount center member assembly

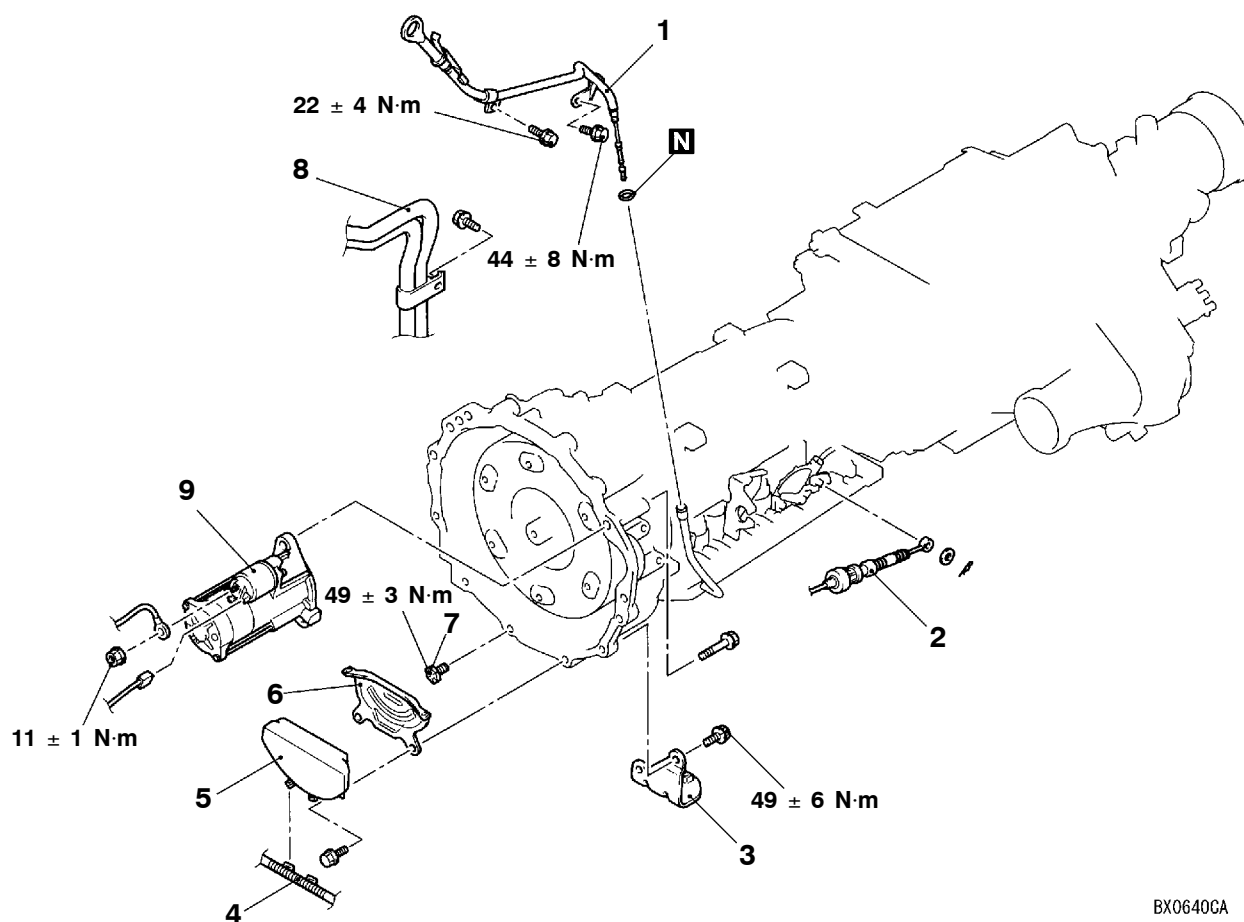
◀B▶

- 14. Transmission mount insulator assembly
- 15. Transmission harness connector connection
- ▶A◀ 16. Transmission assembly
- 17. Tension wire

&lt;4M4&gt;

**Pre-removal and Post-installation Operations**

- Skid Plate and Under Cover Removal and Installation
- Transmission Fluid and Transfer Oil Draining and Filling (Refer to P.23-95 and P.23-99.)
- Front and Rear Propeller Shaft Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 25.)
- Front Exhaust Pipe and Catalytic Converter Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 15.)
- Radiator Shroud Lower Cover Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 14.)
- Intercooler Assembly Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 15.)



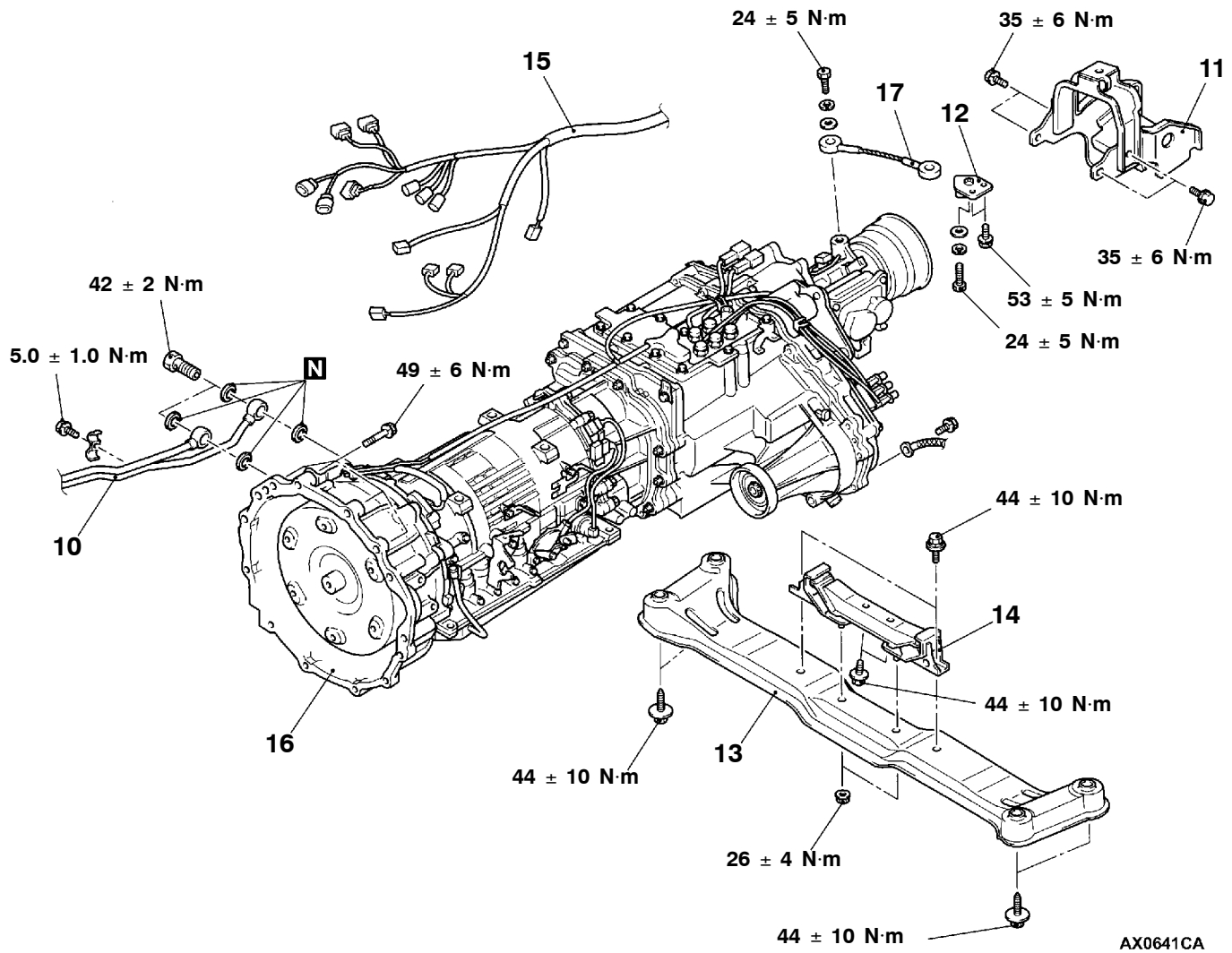
BX0640CA

**Removal steps**

1. Oil level gauge assembly
2. Transmission control cable connection
3. Exhaust support bracket
4. Battery cable connection
5. Spacing rubber



6. Dust cover
7. Drive plate connection bolts
8. Heater hose connection
9. Starter motor



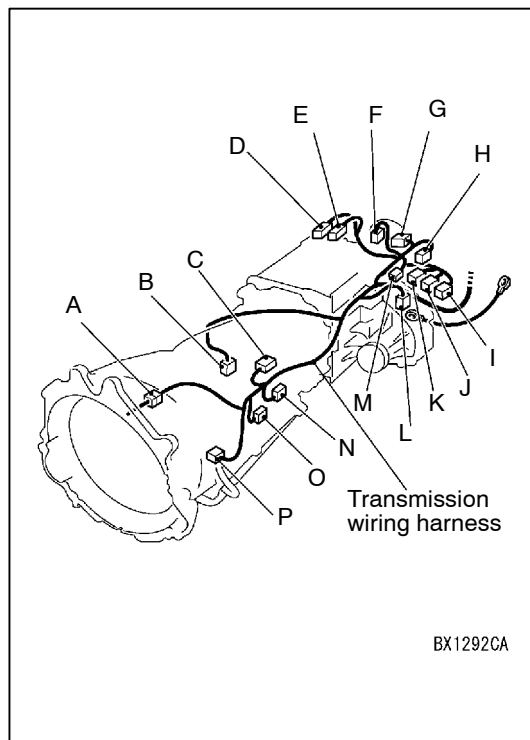
10. Oil cooler tube connection
11. Dynamic damper
12. Tension wire bracket
  - Support the transmission with a transmission jack
13. Transmission mount center member assembly

14. Transmission mount insulator assembly
15. Transmission harness connector connection
16. Transmission assembly
17. Tension wire

## REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

## **▶▶ DRIVE PLATE CONNECTION BOLT REMOVAL**

1. While turning the crankshaft, remove the six connection bolts.
2. Push the torque converter towards the transmission so that none of it is near the engine.



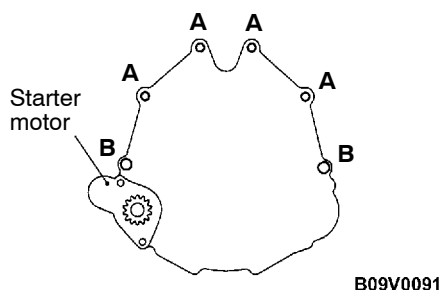
### ◀B▶ TRANSMISSION HARNESS CONNECTOR DISCONNECTION

1. Lower the transmission to a position where the transmission harness connector can be disconnected, and then disconnect the connector.

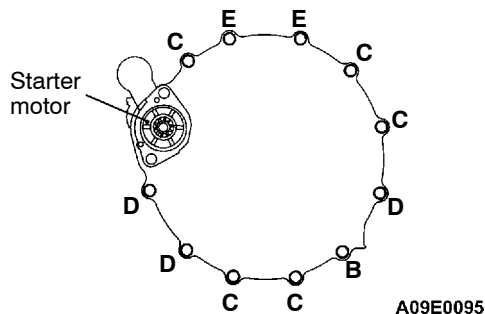
Symbol	Connector name
A	Transmission wiring harness and battery wiring harness combination
B	Output shaft speed sensor
C	A/T control solenoid valve assembly
D	4LLc (Direct low range 4WD) switch
E	2WHEY operation detection switch
F	Rear propeller shaft speed sensor
G	Vehicle speed sensor
H	Shift actuator
I	2WHEY/4WD detection switch
J	4H (Full time 4WD) detection switch
K	Center differential lock detection switch
L	Front propeller shaft speed sensor
M	Oxygen sensor (Rear)
N	Inhibitor switch
O	Oxygen sensor (Front)
P	Input shaft speed sensor

2. Place the disconnected transmission harness so that it stays on the vehicle body.

<6G7>



<4M4>



### INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

#### ▶A◀ TRANSMISSION ASSEMBLY INSTALLATION

The bolt lengths differ according to where they are to be installed, so do not install them in the wrong place.

<6G7>

Bolts	d × l mm
A	12 × 40
B	12 × 55

<4M4>

Bolts	d × l mm
C	10 × 25
D	10 × 45
E	10 × 50

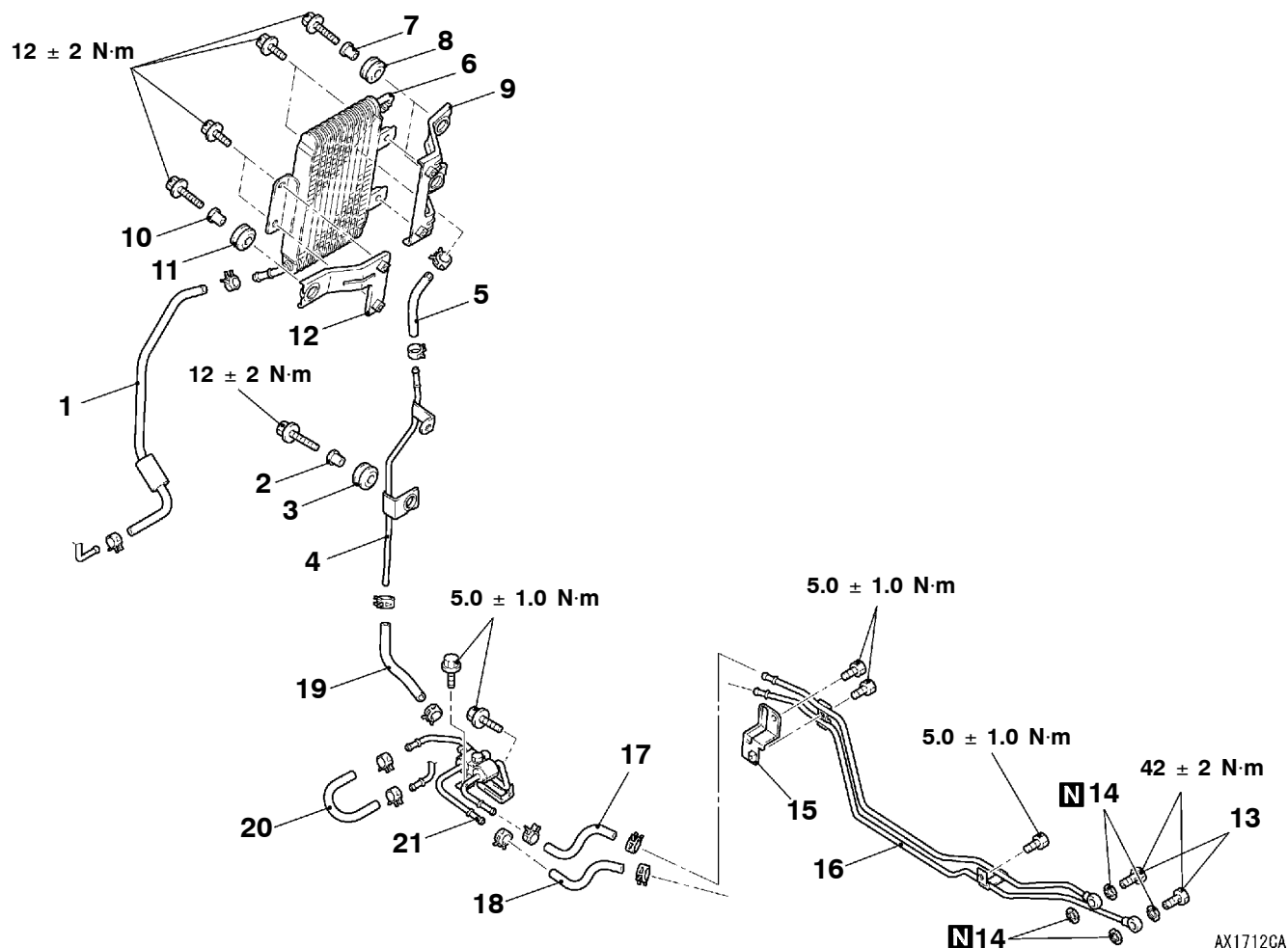
# TRANSMISSION OIL COOLER

## REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

### Pre-removal and Post-installation Operations

- Transmission Fluid Draining and Filling (Refer to P.23-95 and P.23-99.)
- Skid Plate and Under Cover Removal and Installation

<6G7>



### Transmission oil cooler removal steps

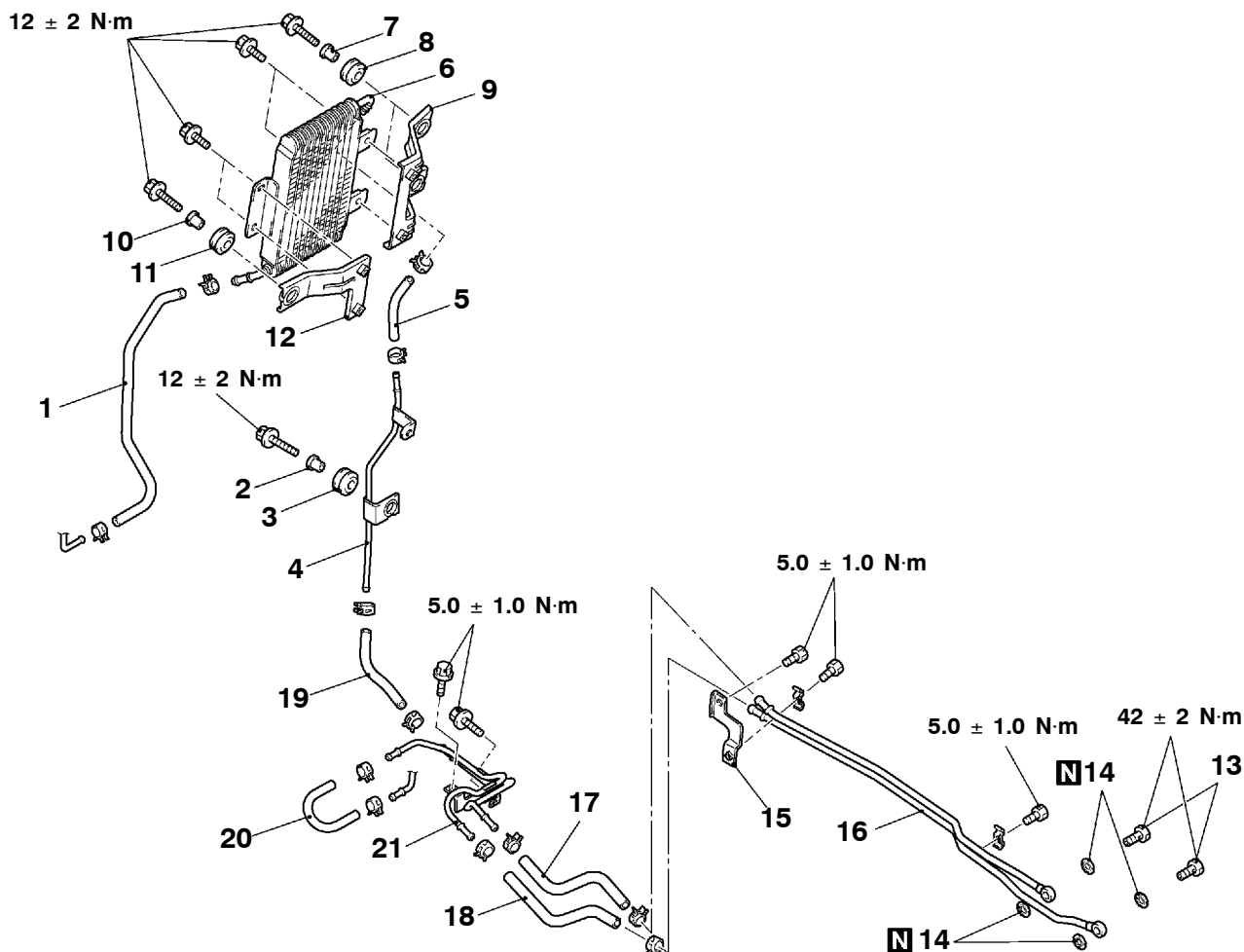
1. Hose
2. Distance piece
3. Bushing
4. Transmission oil return tube
5. Hose
6. Distance piece
- Headlight assembly (Refer to GROUP 54A.)
7. Bushing
8. Transmission oil cooler bracket
9. Distance piece
10. Bushing
11. Transmission oil cooler bracket
12. Transmission oil cooler

### Transmission oil cooler tube assembly removal steps

- ▶B◀ 13. Eye bolt
- ▶B◀ 14. Gasket
- ▶B◀ 15. Transmission oil cooler tube bracket
- ▶A◀ 16. Transmission oil cooler tube assembly
- ▶A◀ 17. Return hose
- ▶A◀ 18. Feed hose
19. Hose
20. Hose
21. Transmission oil cooler tube assembly



&lt;4M4&gt;



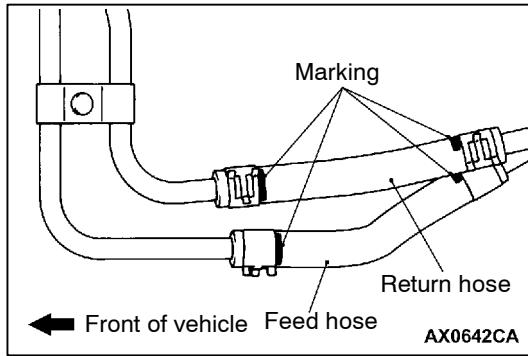
AX1816CA

**Transmission oil cooler removal steps**

1. Hose
2. Distance piece
3. Bushing
4. Transmission oil return tube
5. Hose
6. Distance piece
- Headlight assembly  
(Refer to GROUP 54A.)
7. Bushing
8. Transmission oil cooler bracket
9. Distance piece
10. Bushing
11. Transmission oil cooler bracket
12. Transmission oil cooler

**Transmission oil cooler tube assembly removal steps**

- ▶B▶ 13. Eye bolt
- ▶B▶ 14. Gasket
- ▶B▶ 15. Transmission oil cooler tube bracket
- ▶A▶ 16. Transmission oil cooler tube assembly
- ▶A▶ 17. Return hose
- ▶A▶ 18. Feed hose
19. Hose
20. Hose
21. Transmission oil cooler tube assembly



## **INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS**

### **►A◄ FEED HOSE/RETURN HOSE INSTALLATION**

Install the feed hose and return hose so that the markings are positioned as shown in the illustration.

### **►B◄ TRANSMISSION OIL COOLER TUBE ASSEMBLY/ GASKET/ EYE BOLT INSTALLATION**

Provisionally tighten the eye bolts onto the transmission and provisionally secure the pipes with the clamps, and then fully tighten the eye bolts.

Furthermore, tighten the clamps in order starting from the one closest to the transmission.

## **A/T-ECU**

### **REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION**

<6G7> Refer to GROUP 13A - Engine-A/T-ECU; <4M4>Refer to GROUP 13C - Engine-ECU.

### **INSPECTION**

#### **ECU TERMINAL VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT**

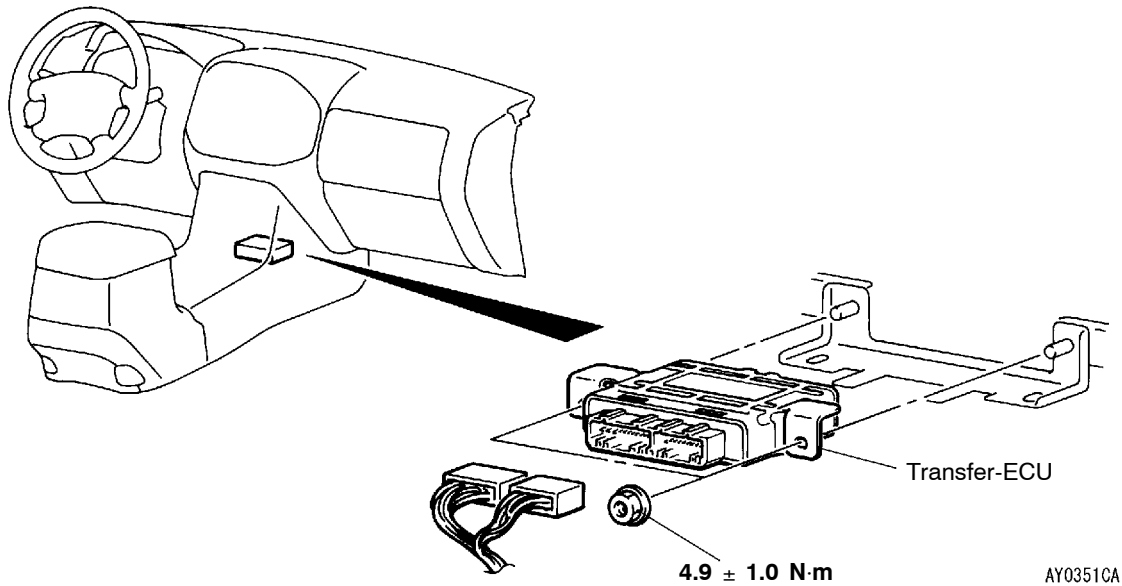
<6G7>Refer to P.23-64; <4M4>Refer to P.23-66.

## TRANSFER-ECU

### REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

**Pre-removal and Post-installation Operations**

Indicator Panel and Floor Console Front Panel Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 52A - Floor Console.)



### INSPECTION

#### ECU TERMINAL VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT

Refer to P.23-89.


# Service Bulletins

Click on the applicable bookmark to select the Service Bulletin.



# SERVICE BULLETIN

TECHNICAL SERVICE PLANNING  
INTERNATIONAL CAR ADMINISTRATION OFFICE. MITSUBISHI MOTORS CORPORATION

<b>SERVICE BULLETIN</b>		NO. : MSB-01E23-501	
		DATE : 2001-3-20	<MODEL> (EC)PAJERO/MONTERO(V60,70)
SUBJECT : CORRECTION TO TRANSMISSION REMOVAL STEPS		<M/Y> 01-10	
GROUP : AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION		DRAFTNO. : 00SY122809	
CORRECTION	INTERNATIONAL CAR ADMINISTRATION OFFICE	 T. MASAKI - MANAGER TECHNICAL SERVICE PLANNING	

**1. Description:**

On the 6G7 engine equipped vehicle, correction has been made to the transmission removal steps.

**2. Applicable Manuals:**

Manual	Pub. No.	Page
2001 PAJERO Workshop Manual VOL.1	PWJE0001 (1/2) (English)	23-122
2001 MONTERO Workshop Manual VOL.1	PWJS0002 (1/2) (Spanish)	23-122
2001 PAJERO/MONTERO CD-ROM	PWJT0008R-A (English) (Spanish) (French) (Dutch)	-

3. Details:

23-122 AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION – Transmission Assembly

TRANSMISSION ASSEMBLY

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

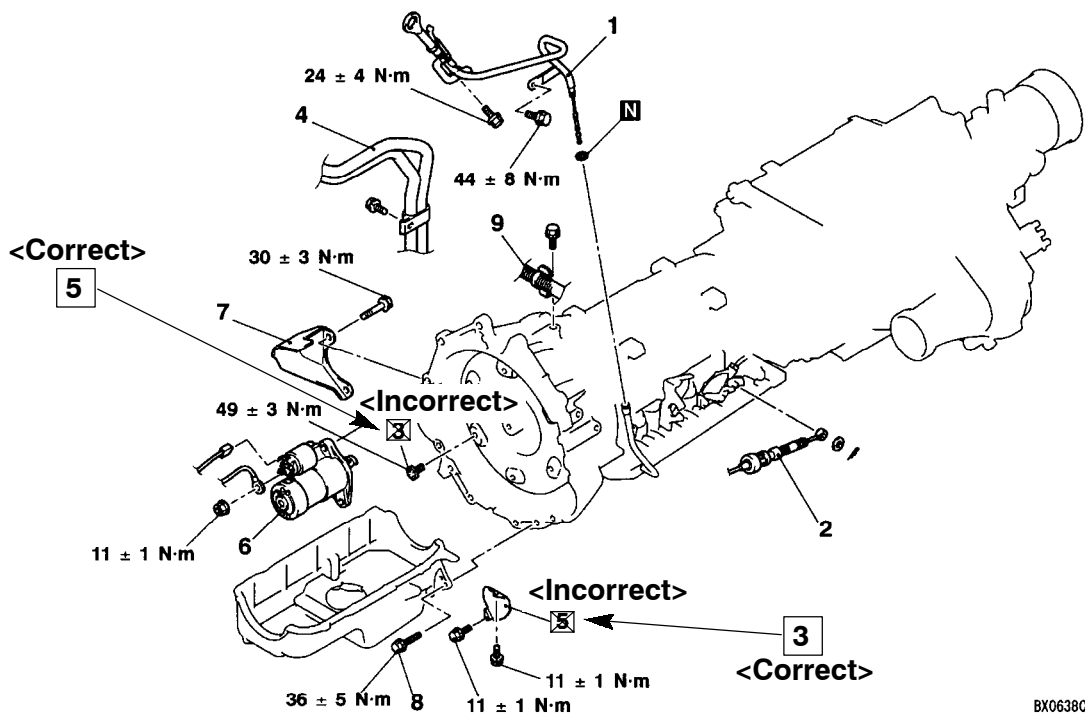
NOTE

The rear propeller shaft incorporates a carbon fibre-reinforced plastic tube, so be sure to refer to GROUP 25 during removal.

<6G7>

Pre-removal and Post-installation Operations

- Skid Plate And Under Cover Removal and Installation
- Transmission Fluid and Transfer Oil Draining and Filling (Refer to P.23-95 and P.23-99.)
- Front and Rear Propeller Shaft Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 25.)
- Front Exhaust Pipe Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 15.)
- Radiator Shroud Lower Cover Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 14.)



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Removal steps

1. Oil level gauge assembly
  2. Transmission control cable connection
  3. Drive plate connection bolts
  4. Heater hose connection
  5. Cover
  6. Starter motor
  7. Starter cover
  8. Oil pan connection bolts
  9. Battery cable connection
- The diagram also shows the removal of the drive plate connection bolts and the cover, with labels like <Deleted>, <Added>, <Incorrect>, and <Correct>.

## GROUP 23

# AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION

## GENERAL

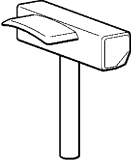
### OUTLINE OF CHANGE

When the inhibitor switch is at the "P" position, it does not send a signal to the transfer-ECU any longer. Due to this change, data list item No.32 has been deleted from the section "Troubleshooting - SS4 II" and transfer-ECU terminal No.33 has been discontinued.

### SEALANT

Item	Specified sealant	Remark
Oil pan	MITSUBISHI genuine sealant part No. MD166584 or equivalent	Semi-drying sealant

### SPECIAL TOOL

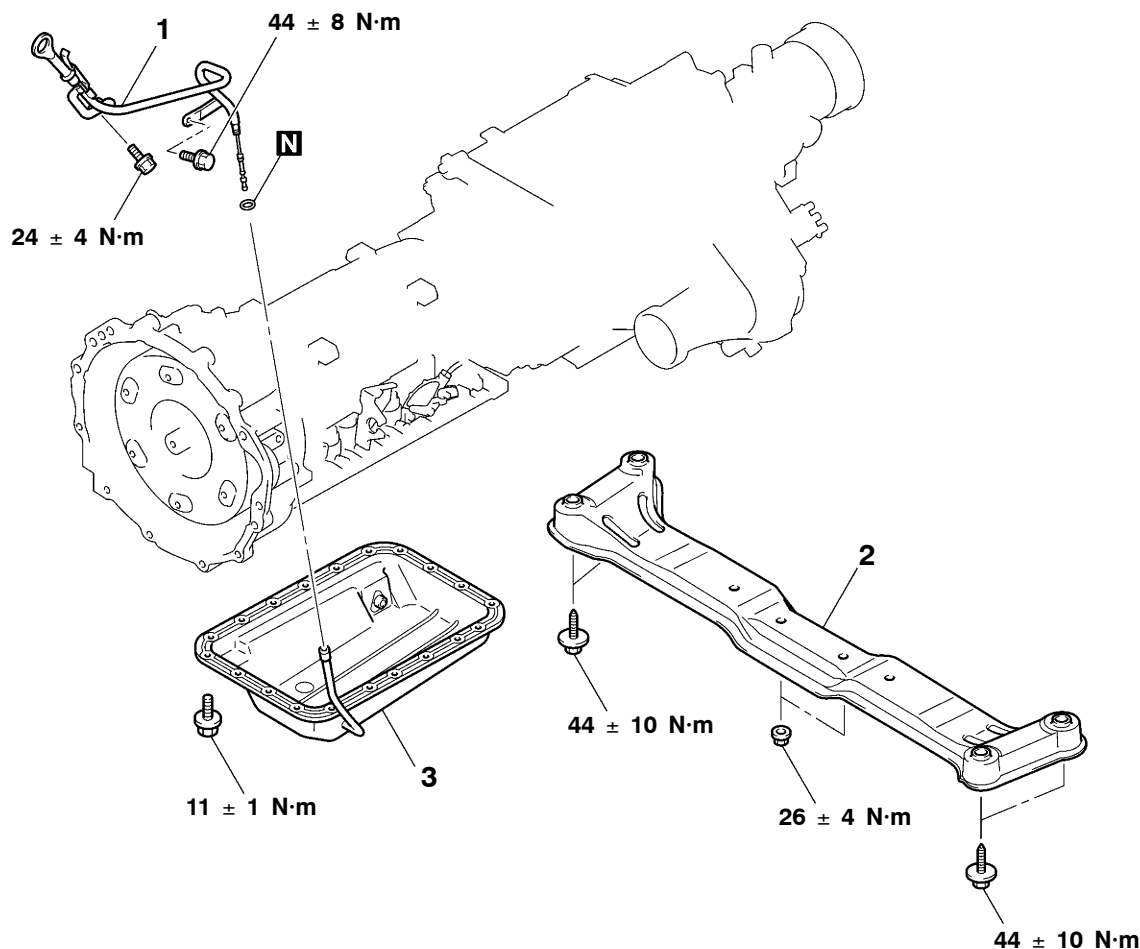
Tool	No.	Name	Application
 D998727	MD998727	Oil pan remover	Oil pan removal

## OIL PAN

## REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

**Pre-removal and Post-installation Operations**

- Transmission Fluid Draining and Filling
- Under Cover Removal and Installation

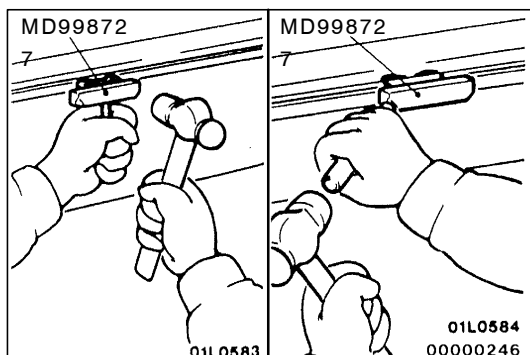


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**Removal steps**

1. Oil level gauge assembly
  - Support the transmission with a transmission jack

2. Transmission mount center member assembly
3. Oil pan

**REMOVAL SERVICE POINT****◀A▶ OIL PAN REMOVAL**

After removing the oil pan mounting bolts, remove the oil pan with special tool MD998727 and a brass bar.



**INSTALLATION SERVICE POINT****►A◄ OIL PAN INSTALLATION**

1. Remove sealant from the oil pan and transmission case mating surfaces.
2. Degrease the sealant-coated surface and the transmission mating surface.
3. Clean the magnet and install it in the hollow of the oil pan base.

**NOTE**

If the oil pan is replaced, reuse the cleaned magnet.

4. Apply MITSUBISHI genuine sealant part No. MD166584 or equivalent around the gasket surface of the oil pan as specified in the illustration.

**NOTE**

The sealant should be applied in a continuous bead approximately 3 mm in diameter.

5. Tighten the mounting bolts to the specified torque.

**Tightening torque:  $11 \pm 1$  N·m**

